APPENDIX C - SOIL PREPARATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Furnish labor, material and equipment required for weed removal, placement and amendment of soil for areas to be planted, and the establishment of finish grades as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.
- B. Coordinate work with installation of other site work including earthwork, irrigation, seeding, and planting.
- C. Related sections include the following:
 - 1. City of Albany Municipal Code 7.98.215 "Protecting residual trees" and City of Albany Standard Construction Specifications for protecting trees remaining on-site that are affected by site operations.
 - 2. Special Provisions Section III "Hydroseeding" for the procedures and requisite timing for seeding of lawns following topsoil preparation.
 - 3. Appendix D "Plants" for planting placement of amended topsoil backfill.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Finish Grade: Elevation of finished surface of amended topsoil soil.
- B. Manufactured Topsoil: Soil produced off-site by homogeneously blending mineral soils or sand with stabilized organic soil amendments to produce topsoil or planting soil
- C. Amended Topsoil: Native or imported topsoil or surface soil modified with soil amendments and fertilizers.
- D. Subgrade: Surface or elevation of subsoil remaining after completing excavation, or top surface of a fill or backfill, before placing planting soil.
- E. Topsoil: See Part 2 Products.
- F. Soil Ripping: Loosening the soil by dragging a ripping shank or chisel thru the soil to the depths and spacing specified, and further defined in this specification.
- G. Soil Tilling: Loosening the surface of the soil to the depths specified with a rotary tine tilling machine, roto tiller, (or spade tiller), and further defined in this specification.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For the following:

- 1. Fertilizers, including application rates.
- 2. Soil Amendments.
- 3. Herbicides.
- B. Samples for Verification: For the following:
 - 1. 1/2 cubic foot compost.
 - 2. 1/2 cubic foot of each imported topsoil. Furnish one sample from each site from which soil is to be furnished.
 - 3. Retain soil and compost submittals on site in sealed, accessible container for comparison to delivered soils.
- C. Product Certificates: For each type of manufactured product, signed by product manufacturer, and complying with the following:
 - 1. Manufacturer's certified analysis for standard products.
 - 2. Analysis of other materials by a recognized laboratory made according to methods established by the Association of Official Analytical Chemists, where applicable.
- D. Qualification Data: For testing agencies.
- E. Material Test Reports: Date of testing on all reports shall be a maximum of 90 days prior to the date of submittal for review.
 - 1. Soil Fertility and Agricultural Suitability Analyses and Recommendations Reports for the following:
 - a. Imported topsoil: Minimum 30 days prior to beginning soil preparation work.
 - b. Amended topsoil: Provide soil analyses and results for soil samples taken from 3] typical locations as selected by Owner's Representative, minimum 7 days after soil preparation work has been completed and prior to installing plants.
 - 2. Compost Analysis: Provide analysis for one representative sample of compost minimum 30 days prior to compost being delivered to Project Site.
 - 3. Compost Maturity: Provide results of Compost Maturity Test when submitting Compost Analysis Report and sample.
 - 4. Soil Compaction Test: Provide results of soil compaction tests minimum of 7 days prior to planting and seeding.
- F. Delivery Slips: Provide delivery slips for each load of delivered material as proof of shipment of specified materials.
- G. Soil Placement Map: Contractor shall provide a plan showing placed location of each load of delivered soil, referenced to delivery slips.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Soil Fertility and Agricultural Suitability-Testing Laboratory Qualifications: An independent laboratory, recognized by the State Department of Agriculture, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated and that specializes in types of tests to be performed.
 - 1. Acceptable Soil Testing Laboratories are:
 - a. A & L Western Agricultural Laboratories, (503) 968-9225.
 - b. Western Laboratories, Inc, (800) 658-3858.
 - c. Soil and Plant Laboratory, Inc., (503) 557-4959.
- B. Soil Analyses: Furnish soil analyses by a qualified soil-testing laboratory stating:
 - 1. Soil Composition: USDA particle size analysis indicating percentages of sand, silt and clay, and percent organic matter.
 - 2. Macro and micro nutrient fertility tests as determined by pH, salinity, nitrate nitrogen, ammonium nitrogen, phosphate phosphorous potassium, calcium, magnesium, soluble copper, zinc, manganese, iron, saturation extract boron and sodium analyses.
 - 3. Sodium Absorption Ratio (SAR).
 - 4. A Cover Letter shall be provided summarizing existing soil conditions and the Laboratory's recommendations.
 - 5. Recommendations by the soil testing lab for fertilizer and soil amendments in pounds per 1,000 square foot or tons per acre, as necessary to correct soil deficiencies.
 - 6. Noxious Weed Germination Test: a minimum of one 36 inch square by 3 inch deep soil sample for each topsoil source considered for use on the project. Place soil in tray with adequate drainage layer beneath, keep soil moist (not saturated) for 7 days in a temperature controlled greenhouse environment, provide photos and written report summarizing germination results.
- C. Compost Testing Laboratory Qualifications: An independent laboratory, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated following U.S. Composting Council Seal of Testing Assurance (STA) procedures, or equivalent.
 - 1. Acceptable STA Compost Testing Laboratories are:
 - a. A & L Western Agricultural Laboratories, (503) 968-9225.
 - b. Control Laboratories, (831) 724-5422.
- D. Compost Analysis: Provide documentation from supplier that compost has reached a monitored temperature of 140 degrees Fahrenheit for at least one week. Engage an independent soil testing laboratory to test representative sample(s) of compost and furnish compost analysis report for the following parameters:
 - 1. Percent organic matter, percent moisture, percent inerts (foreign matter), pH, soluble salts, and particle size.
 - 2. Nutrient content, including: Nitrogen (N), Phosphorus (P), Potassium (K), Calcium (Ca), and Magnesium (Mg) and Sulfur (S).

- 3. Trace Metals, including: Arsenic (As), Cadmium (Cd), Chromium (Cr), Copper (Cu), Lead (Pb), Mercury (Hg), Nickel (Ni), and Zinc (Zn).
- 4. Maturity Indicator. Provide bio-assay results. Provide Carbon-Nitrogen ratio.
- 5. Stability Indicator: Provide respiration test results.
- E. Request inspection and allow observation by Owner's Representative of prepared soils before planting.
- F. Soil Compaction Testing: Furnish soil compaction standard tests per ASTM 698. Request inspection and allow observation by Owner's Representative of prepared soils before planting.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver packaged materials in manufacturer's unopened containers fully identified by name, brand, type, weight and analysis.
- B. Store and handle packaged materials to prevent damage and intrusion of foreign matter.
- C. Store stockpiled topsoil in area designated by Owner's Representative. Provide erosion control measures for stockpiled topsoil on site to prevent contamination of the soil.

1.6 SOIL AMENDMENT BID QUANTITIES

- A. Bid quantities and types of soil amendments shall be based upon those listed in this Section. Types of amendments required and quantities shall be adjusted as necessary based upon actual results of soil fertility and agricultural suitability analyses and recommendations for on-site topsoils.
- B. Amount per 6-inch lift of topsoil over 1000 square-feet of landscape area:
 - 1. 25 lbs. Gypsum (Calcium sulfate)
 - 2. 35 lbs. Calcium carbonate limestone 'Calpril'
 - 3. 35 lbs. Dolomite limestone 'Dolpril'
 - 4. 8 lbs. Treble superphosphate (0-45-0)
 - 5. 3 lbs. Ammonium nitrate
 - 6. 4 ozs. Zinc sulfate
 - 7. 8 ozs. Manganese sulfate
 - 8. 1 oz. Laundry Borax
 - 9. 6 cu-yds Compost

1.7 SITE CONDITIONS

- A. Topsoil placement and soil preparation shall not take place during periods where saturated soil or surface water is present in work areas.
- B. Work shall not take place when temperature is less than 32 degrees Fahrenheit, or when frozen soil exists on site.

1.8 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate soil preparation with site grading such that topsoil, soil amendments and fertilizers are incorporated into ground fill areas in specified lifts and to specified depths below finish grade for planting and lawn areas. Topsoils shall be amended per recommendations of the Soils Testing Laboratory.
- B. Coordinate soil preparation with timing and procedures for installation of related site work including irrigation, seeding, and planting.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TOPSOIL

- A. Topsoil Definition: ASTM D 5268; natural or cultivated surface-soil layer containing organic matter and sand, silt, and clay particles, conforming to USDA classification for Loam or Sandy Loam; friable, pervious, and black or a darker shade of brown, gray, or red than underlying subsoil; reasonably free of subsoil, clay lumps, gravel, and other objects more than 1 inches in any dimension; and free of weeds, roots, and other deleterious materials, with the following physical properties:
 - 1. Organic Matter: 6 percent minimum to 10 percent maximum.
 - 2. Sodium Adsorption Ratio (SAR): less than 6.0.
 - 3. Saturation Extract concentration for Boron: less than 1.0
 - 4. pH range of from 6.5 to 7.5 (Saturation Extract Conductivity: less than 4.0 dS/m @ 25 degrees Celsius as determined in a saturation extract.
 - 5. Non-soil components: less than 1 percent by volume.
 - 6. Heavy metal concentrations: below the USDA per year load limit.
 - 7. Minimal weed seed.
 - a. If regenerative noxious weeds (including, but not limited to, quack grass, nutsedge grass, and horsetail) are present in the soil, all resultant growth including roots shall be removed throughout one-year period after acceptance of work at no additional cost to Owner.
- B. Topsoil Source: Clean surface soil of roots, plants, sod, stones, clay lumps, and other extraneous materials harmful to plant growth. Ensure no contamination of the soils occurs during earthwork and grading, and that the soil remains friable and free of debris.
 - 1. Import Topsoil: Supplement on-site topsoil with imported or manufactured topsoil from off-site sources when quantities are insufficient. Import topsoil is subject to approval and shall conform to USDA soil texture class "Loam" certification by Soil Testing Analysis, no more than 12 months prior to delivery to the site. Obtain topsoil displaced from naturally well-drained construction or mining sites where topsoil occurs at least 4 inches deep; do not obtain from agricultural land, bogs or marshes.
 - a. Provide one of the following as Import Topsoil:
 - 1) Rexius, Blended Soil Mix, (503) 635 5865
 - 2) ProGro, Landscaped Blend #2, (800) 682 3501
 - 3) Or approved equal

2.2 INORGANIC SOIL AMENDMENTS

- A. Dolomitic Lime: Natural, agricultural limestone (calcium and magnesium carbonate) containing a minimum of 20 percent calcium and 11 percent magnesium and as follows:
 - 1. Screen Analysis: 100 percent passing through No.30 sieve; 70 percent passing through No. 100 sieve; and minimum 30 percent passing through No.325 sieve.
 - 2. Provide lime in form of granulated, prilled, dolomitic limestone, 'DoloPril' by Pacific Calcium, Inc., (877) 571-3555, or equal.
- B. Calcitic Lime: Natural, agricultural limestone (calcium carbonate) containing a minimum of 36 percent calcium and as follows:
 - 1. Screen Analysis: minimum of 100 percent passing through No. 10 sieve and a minimum of 80 percent passing through No. 100 sieve.
 - 2. Provide lime in form of granulated, prilled, limestone, 'CalPril' by Pacific Calcium, Inc., (877) 571-3555, or equal.
- C. Sulfur: Granular, biodegradable, containing a minimum of 90 percent sulfur, with a minimum of 99 percent passing through No. 6 sieve and a maximum of 10 percent passing through No. 40 sieve.
- D. Iron Sulfate: Granulated ferrous sulfate containing a minimum of 20 percent iron and 10 percent sulfur.
- E. Aluminum Sulfate: Commercial grade, unadulterated.
- F. Gypsum: Agricultural gypsum; minimum 90 percent calcium sulfate, finely ground with 90 percent passing through No. 50 sieve.
- G. Sand: Clean washed river sand, free of calcium, chlorides and other deleterious substances.

2.3 ORGANIC SOIL AMENDMENTS

- A. Compost: Well-decomposed, commercially manufactured, stable, and weed-free organic matter, no food waste shall be a part of the compost. pH range of 5.5 to 7.5; 100 percent passing through 1/2-inch sieve; soluble salt content of 2.5 to 7.5 decisiemens/m; not exceeding 0.5 percent inert contaminants and free of substances toxic to plantings; and shall conform as follows:
 - 1. Tested, at minimum, every six months for noxious weeds.
 - 2. Organic matter source (feedstock): Agricultural, food, or industrial residuals; biosolids; yard trimmings; or source-separated or compostable mixed solid waste.
 - 3. Organic Matter Content: 50 to 70 percent of dry weight as determined by ash method.
 - 4. Moisture Content: 40 to 55 percent by weight
 - 5. Free of refuse (less than 1 percent by dry weight), plastics, contaminants or any material toxic to plant growth.
 - 6. Processed to meet U.S. Composting Council's Seal of Testing Assurance (STA) Program, or equivalent.

- 7. Carbon to Nitrogen Ratio: 30 to 1 or lower.
- 8. Composted for a minimum of 120 days and reach a monitored temperature of 140 degrees Fahrenheit for at least one week.
- 9. Available Products and Suppliers:
 - a. Rexius Forest By-Products, Inc., Garden Compost, phone (541) 342-1835.
 - b. Fine Como-Stuff by McFarlane's Bark, phone (503) 659-4240 (www.mcfarlanesbark.com).
 - c. Or approved equal.

2.4 FERTILIZER

- A. Fertilizer composition and rate to be determined based upon soil analysis. For bidding purposes, assume: 10 Nitrogen (N), 10 Phosphorus (P), 10 Potassium (K), 5 Sulfur (S) applied at a rate of 10 pounds per 1000 square feet in all planting beds and seeded areas.
- B. Bonemeal: Commercial, raw or steamed, finely ground; a minimum of 4 percent nitrogen and 20 percent phosphoric acid.
- C. Superphosphate: Commercial, phosphate mixture, soluble; a minimum of 20 percent available phosphoric acid.
- D. Commercial Fertilizer: Commercial-grade complete fertilizer of neutral character, consisting of fast- and slow-release nitrogen, 50 percent of urea formaldehyde, phosphorous, and potassium in the following composition:
 - 1. Composition: Nitrogen, phosphorous, and potassium in amounts recommended in soil reports from a qualified soil-testing agency.
- E. Slow-Release Fertilizer: Granular or pelleted fertilizer consisting of 50 percent water-insoluble nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium derived from natural organic and inorganic sources in the following composition:
 - 1. Composition: Nitrogen, phosphorous, and potassium in amounts recommended in soil reports from a qualified soil-testing agency.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS

- A. Post-Emergent Herbicide: Select one of the following: "Glyphogan Plus" by Mana, "Envoy Plus" by Valent, "Crossbow" by Dow AgroSciences, "Landmaster BW" by Agri Star or approved equal.
- B. Contact Herbicide for controlling nutsedges: "SedgeHammer" by Gowan.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION OF SITE CONDITIONS

- A. Examine for site conditions that will adversely affect execution, permanence, quality of work, and survival of plant material and grasses.
- B. Identify areas to receive planting and lawn on site.
- C. Verify that subgrades and slopes of lawn and planting areas are acceptable to Owner's Representative prior to commencing work of this Section.
- D. Should the Contractor find any discrepancies between the Drawings and the physical conditions, inform the Owner's Representative immediately for clarification.
- E. Begin Work required under this Section only after conditions are satisfactory.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities, and existing lawns and exterior plants from damage caused by soil preparation operations.
- B. Prepare soils at a time when moisture conditions will permit proper cultivation.
- C. Remove stones over 1-inch diameter, sticks, roots, mortar, concrete, rubbish, debris, and all materials harmful to plant life, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
- D. Remove or spray as required to eradicate noxious weed growth and roots.
 - 1. Achieve complete removal or kill of all weeds within all areas receiving new plantings and lawn areas.
 - 2. In planting beds, kill achieved by working soil is permissible for annual non-noxious broad-leaf type weeds.
 - 3. Apply post-emergent herbicide over all areas of weed or grass growth within landscaped area to eradicate weed growth and roots. Apply in two applications at manufacturer's maximum recommended rate, as follows:
 - a. First application: Apply 7 days prior to performing soil preparation.
 - b. Second application (to kill new vegetation): Apply after soil preparation has been completed and minimum of 48 hours prior to planting.
 - c. Observe manufacturer's recommended period prior to working in treated areas.
 - 4. Apply contact herbicide directly onto foliage of nutsedges. In areas of established lawn grasses infested with nutsedge, apply herbicide by wicking. Do not spray.
 - 5. Do not apply herbicide when raining or when wind exceeds 10 mph.
- E. Locate and securely mark or flag irrigation sprinkler heads, area drains, catch basins, clean outs, manholes, valve boxes, and other site improvements not extending above finish grade.

F. Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways, in accordance with drawings and City of Albany standards

3.3 SOIL PREPARATION FOR PLANTING AREAS

- A. This article pertains to those shrub bed areas indicated as "Shrub and Groundcover Planting Areas" on the Drawings where mass plantings of trees, shrubs and ground cover plants are scheduled.
- B. Excavate 24 inch deep by 12 inch wide pits for percolation testing where planting areas occur in soils compacted due to construction traffic, materials staging, stockpiles exceeding 72 inch height and areas of soil surcharging. Prepare a minimum of ten (10) test pits in locations selected by the Owner's Representative representing the full range of planting areas on site.
 - 1. Fill holes to the top with water and let stand for 1 hour minimum.
 - 2. Refill hole to top with water and measure total depth.
 - 3. Allow hole to drain for 2 to 3 hours and measure total depth of water.
 - 4. If soil drains at a rate of less than 2 inches per hour prepare subgrades in accordance with procedures for poor draining soils.

C. Planting area subgrade preparation:

- 1. Prepare subgrades by excavating and removing soil, rock and other construction material to 15 inches below finish grade. Cross-rip subgrades to depth of 6 inches prior to placing topsoil.
- 2. In areas of poor draining soils prepare subgrades by excavating and removing soil, rock and other construction material to 24 inches minimum below finish grade. Cross-rip subgrades to depth of 6 inches prior to placing topsoil. Retest percolation and modify subgrade until 2 inches per hour percolation is obtained.
- 3. See Division 31 Section "Earth Moving" for excavation and preparation of subgrades.
- D. Place 6 inches topsoil, compost, soil amendments, and fertilizers as recommended in Agricultural Soil Suitability Report per 1,000 square feet and rototill thoroughly to a depth of 8 inches. Compost shall constitute 5% of the amended soil. Place remainder of topsoil, compost, soil amendments, and fertilizers as recommended in Agricultural Soil Suitability Report per 1,000 square feet and rototill thoroughly to a depth of 8 inches, allowing for compaction, natural settlement, and depth of specified mulch.
 - 1. It is the Contractor's option to set up a facility on-site for the preparation and amendment of topsoils, instead of preparing and amending the topsoils in place as indicated in the paragraph above.
 - 2. Set up facility in location as directed by Owner's Representative.
- E. Water lightly and allow planting mix to settle. Add additional material at mixture indicated in paragraph above to bring soil level to grades shown on the Drawings with allowance at pavement edges for mulch placement. Provide compaction to 80 percent maximum relative density or as indicated in Division 31 Section "Earth Moving."

- F. Meet lines, grades and elevations shown, after light rolling and natural settlement. Fine grade shrub and ground cover areas to smooth even surface with loose, uniformly fine texture. Rake and drag shrub and ground cover areas to remove ridges and fill depressions to obtain firmness and finish grades preparatory to receiving planting.
- G. Remove stones over 1/2-inch in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish and other extraneous matter.

3.4 SOIL PREPARATION FOR SEEDED LAWNS

- A. This article pertains to new lawns and grasses as shown on Drawings and existing lawn and grass areas disturbed by construction activities.
- B. Lawn area subgrade preparation:
 - 1. Prepare subgrades by excavating and removing soil, rock and other construction material to 6 inches below finish grade. Cross-rip subgrades to depth of 6 inches prior to placing topsoil.
 - 2. In areas of poor draining soil prepare subgrades by excavating and removing soil, rock and other construction material to 12 inches below finish grade. Cross-rip subgrades to depth of 6 inches, retest and modify subgrade until 2" per hour percolation is obtained, prior to placing topsoil.
 - 3. See Division 31 Section "Earth Moving" for excavation and preparation of subgrades.
- C. Place topsoil and compost in 6 inch lifts as recommended in Agricultural Soil Suitability Report per 1,000 square feet. Rototill thoroughly to a depth of 8 inches, tilling topsoil into top 2 inch layer of sub-soil. Place sufficient topsoil allowing for compaction and natural settlement.
- D. Place remaining soil amendments, and fertilizers as recommended in Agricultural Soil Suitability Report per 1,000 square feet.
- E. Unless otherwise required by the recommendations of the Agricultural Soil Suitability Report apply the following additional soil amendments:
 - 1. Compost: 1 inch minimum depth

2.

- F. Incorporate soil amendments into topsoil of lawn areas to a total depth of 4 inches.
- G. Leveling Rolling: Drag with flexible tine harrow (or approved equipment) to remove ridges and fill depressions, as required to meet finish grades. Roll areas (minimum roller weight 10 pounds per square inch) in two opposing directions.
- H. Repeat rolling procedures and drag lightly to establish a smooth uniform compacted surface free of rocks and other extraneous matter. Provide compaction to 80 percent relative density or as indicated in Division 31 Section "Earth Moving."
- I. Water lightly and allow planting mix to settle. Add additional material at mixture indicated in paragraph above to bring soil level to grades shown on the Drawings with allowance at

- pavement edges. Provide compaction to 80 percent relative density or as indicated in Division 31 Section "Earth Moving."
- J. Meet lines, grades and elevations shown, after light rolling and natural settlement. Fine grade lawn areas to smooth even surface with loose, uniformly fine texture. Rake and drag lawn areas removing ridges and filling depressions to obtain firm finished grades for receipt of lawn planting.
- K. Remove stones over 1/2-inch in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish and other extraneous matter.
- L. Finish Grading: Grade lawn areas to smooth, even surface with a loose uniformly fine texture. Finish grade of soil shall be 1/2 inch below adjacent pavement. Limit preparation to areas which will be planted promptly after preparation.
- M. Moisten prepared lawn areas before planting if soil is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface moisture to dry before planting lawns. Do not create a muddy soil condition.
- N. Prior to commencing seeding operations restore seed beds to their finish grade condition if eroded, hardened or glazed or disturbed in any other manner following completion of finish grading. Restoration of seed bed areas shall be considered incidental to the project Work and performed at no additional cost to the Owner.

3.5 SOIL PREPARATION FOR PLANTING PITS OF TREES

- A. This article pertains to tree planting when occurring on an individual basis.
 - 1. Backfill Mix: Prepare backfill mix and place in planting pits as specified in City of Albany Standard Construction Specifications.
 - 2. Grade smooth to elevations shown.

3.6 SOIL PREPARATION UNDER EXISTING TREES

- A. Remove vegetation not indicated to remain beneath canopy of existing trees. Take care not to disturb roots of existing trees.
- B. Lightly rake areas and add amended topsoil to meet proposed grades.

3.7 FINE GRADING

- A. Finish grade after full settlement including mulch, shall be 1 inch below tops of curbs, walks, or existing grades in shrub areas and 3/4 inch lower in lawn areas.
- B. Slope all areas to prevent puddling and drain surface water toward catch basins, drains, curbs, or off-site as shown on Drawings.
- C. Soil in all areas shall be thoroughly settled, with a smooth surface free of humps and hollows, and shall be firm enough to resist undesirable impressions when stepped upon.

- D. Use levels, screens, drags, or any other equipment necessary to establish and verify grades and surfaces.
- E. Finish grade lawn, grass and planting areas to smooth, even surface with loose, uniformly fine texture.
- F. Roll, rake, and drag lawn areas, remove ridges and fill depressions with amended topsoil to obtain firmness and finish grades as indicated.
- G. Notify Owner's Representative 36 hours in advance to review fine grading of lawn, grass and planting areas. Finish grades shall be prepared to the satisfaction of the Owner's Representative prior to planting.
- H. See Appendix D"Plants," for mulch placement.

3.8 CLEAN-UP

- A. Clean up excess materials and debris from project site upon completion of work or sooner if directed by the Owner's Representative.
- B. Leave in neat and tidy condition daily.

3.9 DISPOSAL

A. Disposal: Remove surplus soil and waste material, including excess subsoil, unsuitable soil, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

END OF APPENDIX C