

### CITY OF ALBANY Public Works Department

### ADDENDUM #2

### WL-20-02, Albany-Millersburg Influent Valve and Flow Meter Replacement

In order to clarify the intent of the Specifications and Drawings, the following provisions are provided and shall be considered part of the contract documents.

In order to ensure that all bidders are aware of these provisions, each bidder shall sign this addendum below and attach it to the proposal.

IMPORTANT: Failure to include a signed Addendum could result in the disqualification of your bid.

### **City-Supplied Flow Meter Information**

The City-supplied flow meter is a 30-inch Promag L 400 by Endress Hauser. The serial number is M5001719000. The manufacturer's operating instructions have been attached to this Addendum for the Contractor's reference.

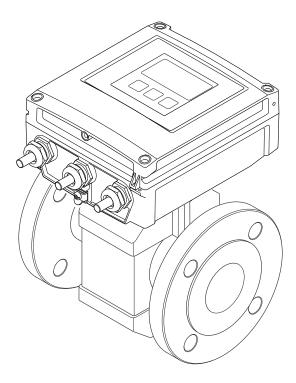
Contractor's Signature	Date
Company Name (please type or print)	

01.01.zz (Device firmware)

Products Solutions Services

# Operating Instructions Proline Promag L 400 EtherNet/IP

Electromagnetic flowmeter





- Make sure the document is stored in a safe place such that it is always available when working on or with the device.
- To avoid danger to individuals or the facility, read the "Basic safety instructions" section carefully, as well as all other safety instructions in the document that are specific to working procedures.
- The manufacturer reserves the right to modify technical data without prior notice. Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center will supply you with current information and updates to these instructions.

# Table of contents

1	About this document 6	6	Installation	21
1.1 1.2	Document function6Symbols used61.2.1 Safety symbols61.2.2 Electrical symbols6	6.1	Installation conditions	21
	1.2.3Communication symbols61.2.4Tool symbols71.2.5Symbols for	6.2	6.1.3 Special mounting instructions Mounting the measuring device 6.2.1 Required tools	27
1.3	certain types of information		<ul><li>6.2.2 Preparing the measuring device</li><li>6.2.3 Mounting the sensor</li><li>6.2.4 Mounting the transmitter of the</li></ul>	
1.)	1.3.1 Standard documentation 8 1.3.2 Supplementary device-dependent		remote version	34
1.4	documentation	6.3	6.2.6 Turning the display module Post-installation check	
2	Basic safety instructions 10	7	Electrical connection	38
2.1	Requirements for the personnel 10	7.1	Connection conditions	38
2.2	Designated use		7.1.1 Requirements for connecting cable	
2.3	Workplace safety		7.1.2 Required tools	
2.4	Operational safety		7.1.3 Terminal assignment	
2.5	Product safety		7.1.4 Pin assignment, device plug	
2.6	IT security		7.1.5 Shielding and grounding	
2.7	Device-specific IT security		7.1.6 Requirements for the supply unit	
	2.7.1 Protecting access via hardware write		<ul><li>7.1.7 Preparing the measuring device</li><li>7.1.8 Preparing the connecting cable for</li></ul>	41
	protection		7.1.8 Preparing the connecting cable for the remote version	42
	2.7.2 Protecting access via a password 12 2.7.3 Access via fieldbus	7.2	Connecting the measuring device	
	2.7.4 Access via Web server	7.2	7.2.1 Connecting the remote version	43
	Z.7.1 Ticcess via vveb server		7.2.2 Connecting the transmitter	45
3	Droduct description 1/		7.2.3 Ensure potential equalization	46
	Product description 14	7.3	Special connection instructions	
3.1	Product design		7.3.1 Connection examples	
		7.4	Hardware settings	
4	Incoming acceptance and product		7.4.1 Setting the device address	
	identification	7.5	Ensuring the degree of protection	49
4.1	Incoming acceptance		7.5.1 Degree of protection IP66/67, Type	
4.1 4.2	Product identification	7.6	4X enclosure	
7.2	4.2.1 Transmitter nameplate 16	7.6	Post-connection check	50
	4.2.2 Sensor nameplate			
	4.2.3 Symbols on measuring device 18	8	Operation options	51
-	, j	8.1 8.2	Overview of operation options Structure and function of the operating	51
5	Storage and transport 19		menu	52
5.1	Storage conditions		8.2.1 Structure of the operating menu	52
5.2	Transporting the product		8.2.2 Operating philosophy	53
	5.2.1 Measuring devices without lifting	8.3	Access to the operating menu via the local	
	lugs		display	54
	5.2.2 Measuring devices with lifting lugs 20 5.2.3 Transporting with a fork lift 20		8.3.1 Operational display	54
5.3	5.2.3 Transporting with a fork lift 20 Packaging disposal 20		8.3.2 Navigation view	55
ر.ر	i ackaying disposai		8.3.3 Editing view	57
			8.3.4 Operating elements	
			8.3.5 Opening the context menu	
			8.3.6 Navigating and selecting from list	61

	8.3.7 8.3.8 8.3.9 8.3.10		61 62 63	10.8	Protecting settings from unauthorized access	100 100
	8.3.11	authorization	64		switch	101
		code	64	11	Operation	103
	8.3.12	Enabling and disabling the keypad lock	65	11.1	Read out and modify current Ethernet	
8.4	Access	to the operating menu via the Web		110	settings	
	browse	r		11.2	Reading the device locking status	
	8.4.1	Function range		11.3 11.4	Adjusting the operating language Configuring the display	104
	8.4.2	Prerequisites		11.5	Reading measured values	
	8.4.3 8.4.4	Establishing a connection	68 70	11.7	11.5.1 Process variables	
	8.4.5	Logging on	70		11.5.2 "Totalizer" submenu	105
	8.4.6	Disabling the Web server		11.6	Adapting the measuring device to the process	
	8.4.7	Logging out			conditions	106
8.5		to the operating menu via the		11.7	Performing a totalizer reset	106
		ng tool	73		11.7.1 Function scope of the "Control	100
	8.5.1	Connecting the operating tool	73		Totalizer" parameter	106
	8.5.2	FieldCare	76		totalizers" parameter	107
	8.5.3	DeviceCare	77	11.8	Showing data logging	107
9	Syste	m integration	78	10	Diagnostics and twould shooting	110
9.1	Overvie	ew of device description files	78	12	Diagnostics and troubleshooting	
	9.1.1	Current version data for the device		12.1	General troubleshooting	110
	9.1.2	Operating tools		12.2	Diagnostic information via light emitting	117
9.2		ew of system files	78		diodes	
9.3		ting the measuring device in the	70	12.3	Diagnostic information on local display	
0 /		Into transmission	79 79	12.5	12.3.1 Diagnostic message	
9.4	9.4.1	lata transmission	79 79		12.3.2 Calling up remedial measures	115
	9.4.2	Input and output groups	79	12.4	Diagnostic information in the Web browser.	115
	711.2	mpac and sucpac groups			12.4.1 Diagnostic options	
10	Comm	nissioning	83		12.4.2 Calling up remedy information	116
		<del>_</del>		12.5	Diagnostic information in DeviceCare or	110
10.1		on check			FieldCare	
10.2 10.3		ng on the measuring device	83		12.5.1 Diagnostic options	116 117
10.5		Ethernet network and Web server		12.6	Diagnostic information via communication	11/
10.4		the operating language		12.0	interface	118
10.5		iring the measuring device			12.6.1 Reading out diagnostic information	118
	_	Defining the tag name		12.7	Adapting the diagnostic information	118
	10.5.2	Setting the system units	85		12.7.1 Adapting the diagnostic behavior	118
	10.5.3	Configuring the communication		12.8	Overview of diagnostic information $\dots$	119
	10 = 1	interface			12.8.1 Diagnostic of sensor	119
		Configuring the local display			12.8.2 Diagnostic of electronic	120
		Configuring ampty ping detection			12.8.3 Diagnostic of configuration	123
10.6		Configuring empty pipe detection	91 92	12.0	12.8.4 Diagnostic of process	
10.6		ed settings			Pending diagnostic events	127 128
		Configuring the totalizer	93		Event logbook	128
		Carrying out additional display			12.11.1 Reading out the event logbook	
		configurations	95		12.11.2 Filtering the event logbook	129
	10.6.4	Performing electrode cleaning			12.11.3 Overview of information events	129
	10.6.5	Using parameters for device		12.12	Resetting the measuring device	130
	_	administration	98		12.12.1 Function scope of the "Device reset"	
10.7	Simulat	tion	99		parameter	130

	Device information	130 132
13	Maintenance	133
13.1	Maintenance tasks	133
	13.1.1 Exterior cleaning	133
	13.1.2 Interior cleaning	133
	13.1.3 Replacing seals	133
13.2	Measuring and test equipment	133
13.3	Endress+Hauser services	133
14	Repairs	134
14.1	General notes	134
	14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept	134
	14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion	134
14.2	Spare parts	134
14.3	Endress+Hauser services	134
14.4	Return	134
14.5	Disposal	135
	14.5.1 Removing the measuring device	135
	14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device	135
15	Accessories	136
15.1	Device-specific accessories	136
	15.1.1 For the transmitter	136
	15.1.2 For the sensor	136
15.2	Communication-specific accessories	136
15.3	Service-specific accessories	137
15.4	System components	137
16	Technical data	138
16.1	Application	138
16.2	Function and system design	138
16.3	Input	138
16.4	Output	141
16.5	Power supply	144
16.6	Performance characteristics	145
16.7	Installation	146
16.8	Environment	146
16.9	Process	148
	Mechanical construction	150
	Operability	162
	Certificates and approvals	166
	Application packages	167
	Accessories	168
10.15	Supplementary documentation	168
Index	<b>C</b>	170

# 1 About this document

### 1.1 Document function

These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

# 1.2 Symbols used

# 1.2.1 Safety symbols

Symbol	Meaning
<b>▲</b> DANGER	DANGER! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.
<b>A</b> WARNING	WARNING! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.
<b>▲</b> CAUTION	CAUTION!  This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.
NOTICE	NOTE! This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

# 1.2.2 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning
===	Direct current
~	Alternating current
$\overline{\sim}$	Direct current and alternating current
<u></u>	Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
	Protective Earth (PE) A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.
	<ul> <li>The ground terminals are situated inside and outside the device:</li> <li>Inner ground terminal: Connects the protectiv earth to the mains supply.</li> <li>Outer ground terminal: Connects the device to the plant grounding system.</li> </ul>

# 1.2.3 Communication symbols

Symbol	Meaning
<b></b>	Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) Communication via a wireless, local network.
*	<b>Bluetooth</b> Wireless data transmission between devices over a short distance.

Symbol	Meaning
•	LED Light emitting diode is off.
<b>举</b>	LED Light emitting diode is on.
×	LED Light emitting diode is flashing.

# 1.2.4 Tool symbols

Symbol	Meaning
<b>\$</b>	Torx screwdriver
96	Phillips head screwdriver
Ó	Open-ended wrench

# 1.2.5 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
<b>✓</b>	Permitted Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.
<b>✓</b> ✓	Preferred Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
X	Forbidden Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.
i	Tip Indicates additional information.
	Reference to documentation.
A=	Reference to page.
	Reference to graphic.
<b>•</b>	Notice or individual step to be observed.
1., 2., 3	Series of steps.
L	Result of a step.
?	Help in the event of a problem.
	Visual inspection.

# 1.2.6 Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers
1., 2., 3.,	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views
A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections

Symbol	Meaning
EX	Hazardous area
×	Safe area (non-hazardous area)
≋➡	Flow direction

### 1.3 Documentation

- For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:
  - The W@M Device Viewer: Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
  - The *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate.
- For a detailed list of the individual documents along with the documentation code  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\square}{=} 168$

### 1.3.1 Standard documentation

Document type	Purpose and content of the document
Technical Information	Planning aid for your device The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.
Sensor Brief Operating Instructions	Guides you quickly to the 1st measured value - Part 1 The Sensor Brief Operating Instructions are aimed at specialists with responsibility for installing the measuring device.
	<ul> <li>Incoming acceptance and product identification</li> <li>Storage and transport</li> <li>Installation</li> </ul>
Transmitter Brief Operating Instructions	Guides you quickly to the 1st measured value - Part 2 The Transmitter Brief Operating Instructions are aimed at specialists with responsibility for commissioning, configuring and parameterizing the measuring device (until the first measured value).
	<ul> <li>Product description</li> <li>Installation</li> <li>Electrical connection</li> <li>Operation options</li> <li>System integration</li> <li>Commissioning</li> <li>Diagnostic information</li> </ul>
Description of Device Parameters	Reference for your parameters The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter in the Expert operating menu. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.

### 1.3.2 Supplementary device-dependent documentation

Additional documents are supplied depending on the device version ordered: Always comply strictly with the instructions in the supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is an integral part of the device documentation.

# 1.4 Registered trademarks

### EtherNet/IP™

Trademark of ODVA, Inc.

### $Microsoft^{\text{\tiny (R)}}$

Registered trademark of the Microsoft Corporation, Redmond, Washington, USA

# 2 Basic safety instructions

## 2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- ► Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- ► Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- ▶ Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ► Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- ▶ Follow the instructions in this manual.

# 2.2 Designated use

### Application and media

The measuring device described in these Brief Operating Instructions is intended only for flow measurement of liquids with a minimum conductivity of 5  $\mu$ S/cm.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring device can also measure potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

Measuring devices for use in hazardous areas, in hygienic applications or where there is an increased risk due to process pressure, are labeled accordingly on the nameplate.

To ensure that the measuring device remains in proper condition for the operation time:

- ► Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.
- ▶ Only use the measuring device in full compliance with the data on the nameplate and the general conditions listed in the Operating Instructions and supplementary documentation.
- ► Based on the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection, pressure vessel safety).
- ► Use the measuring device only for media to which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.
- ▶ If the measuring device is not operated at atmospheric temperature, compliance with the relevant basic conditions specified in the associated device documentation is absolutely essential: "Documentation" section → 🖺 8.
- ► Protect the measuring device permanently against corrosion from environmental influences.

### Incorrect use

Non-designated use can compromise safety. The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

### **A** WARNING

### Danger of breakage due to corrosive or abrasive fluids!

- ▶ Verify the compatibility of the process fluid with the sensor material.
- ► Ensure the resistance of all fluid-wetted materials in the process.
- ▶ Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.

### NOTICE

### Verification for borderline cases:

► For special fluids and fluids for cleaning, Endress+Hauser is glad to provide assistance in verifying the corrosion resistance of fluid-wetted materials, but does not accept any warranty or liability as minute changes in the temperature, concentration or level of contamination in the process can alter the corrosion resistance properties.

### Residual risks

### **A** WARNING

The electronics and the medium may cause the surfaces to heat up. This presents a burn hazard!

► For elevated fluid temperatures, ensure protection against contact to prevent burns.

# 2.3 Workplace safety

For work on and with the device:

► Wear the required personal protective equipment according to federal/national regulations.

For welding work on the piping:

▶ Do not ground the welding unit via the measuring device.

If working on and with the device with wet hands:

▶ Due to the increased risk of electric shock, gloves must be worn.

# 2.4 Operational safety

Risk of injury.

- ▶ Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
- ▶ The operator is responsible for interference-free operation of the device.

### Conversions to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers.

▶ If, despite this, modifications are required, consult with Endress+Hauser.

### Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability,

- ► Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
- ▶ Observe federal/national regulations pertaining to repair of an electrical device.
- ▶ Use original spare parts and accessories from Endress+Hauser only.

# 2.5 Product safety

This measuring device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU Declaration of Conformity. Endress+Hauser confirms this by affixing the CE mark to the device.

# 2.6 IT security

We only provide a warranty if the device is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The device is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the device settings.

IT security measures in line with operators' security standards and designed to provide additional protection for the device and device data transfer must be implemented by the operators themselves.

# 2.7 Device-specific IT security

The device offers a range of specific functions to support protective measures on the operator's side. These functions can be configured by the user and guarantee greater inoperation safety if used correctly. An overview of the most important functions is provided in the following section.

### 2.7.1 Protecting access via hardware write protection

Write access to the device parameters via the local display or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) can be disabled via a write protection switch (DIP switch on the motherboard). When hardware write protection is enabled, only read access to the parameters is possible.

### 2.7.2 Protecting access via a password

Different passwords are available to protect write access to the device parameters or access to the device via the WLAN interface.

- User-specific access code
   Protect write access to the device parameters via the local display, Web browser or
   operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare). Access authorization is clearly regulated
   through the use of a user-specific access code.
- WLAN passphrase
   The network key protects a connection between an operating unit (e.g. notebook or tablet) and the device via the WLAN interface which can be ordered as an option.

### User-specific access code

Write access to the device parameters via the local display or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) can be protected by the modifiable, user-specific access code ( $\Rightarrow \triangleq 100$ ).

When the device is delivered, the device does not have an access code and is equivalent to 0000 (open).

### WLAN passphrase

When the device is delivered, the network key is pre-defined depending on the device. It can be changed via the **WLAN settings** submenu in the **WLAN passphrase** parameter.

### General notes on the use of passwords

- The access code and network key supplied with the device should be changed during commissioning.
- Follow the general rules for generating a secure password when defining and managing the access code or network key.
- The user is responsible for the management and careful handling of the access code and network key.
- For information on configuring the access code or on what to do if you lose the

### 2.7.3 Access via fieldbus

When communicating via fieldbus, access to the device parameters can be restricted to "Read only" access. The option can be changed in the **Fieldbus writing access** parameter.

This does not affect cyclic measured value transmission to the higher-order system, which is always quaranteed.



For detailed information, see the "Description of Device Parameters" document pertaining to the device  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 168$ 

### 2.7.4 Access via Web server

The device can be operated and configured via a Web browser with the integrated Web server ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 65$ ). The connection is via the service interface (CDI-RJ45), the connection for EtherNet/IP signal transmission (RJ45 connector) or the WLAN interface.

The Web server is enabled when the device is delivered. The Web server can be disabled if necessary (e.g. after commissioning) via the **Web server functionality** parameter.

The device and status information can be hidden on the login page. This prevents unauthorized access to the information.



For detailed information, see the "Description of Device Parameters" document pertaining to the device  $\rightarrow = 168$ 

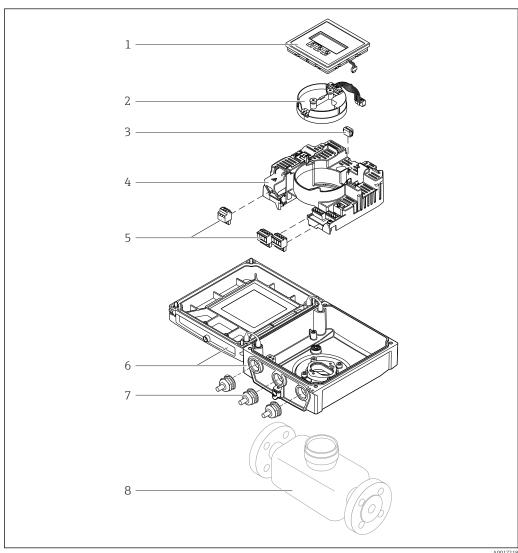
# **3** Product description

The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.

Two device versions are available:

- Compact version transmitter and sensor form a mechanical unit.
- Remote version transmitter and sensor are mounted in separate locations.

# 3.1 Product design



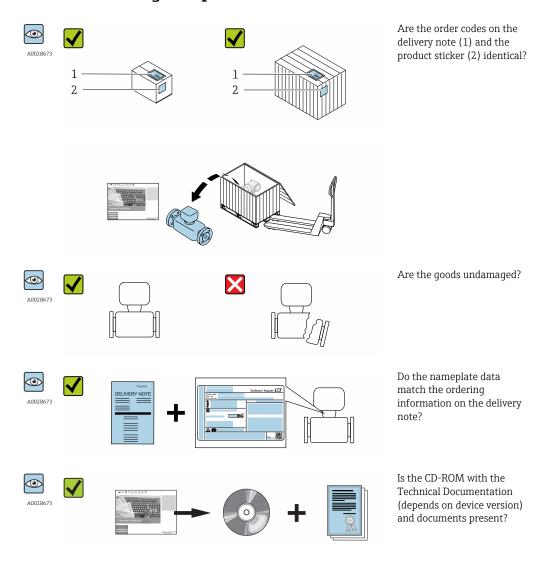
A00172

■ 1 Important components of the compact version

- 1 Display module
- 2 Smart sensor electronics module
- 3 HistoROM DAT (plug-in memory)
- 4 Main electronics module
- 5 Terminals (screw terminals, some available as plug-in terminals) or fieldbus connectors
- 6 Transmitter housing, compact version
- 7 Cable glands
- 8 Sensor, compact version

# 4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

# 4.1 Incoming acceptance



• If one of the conditions is not satisfied, contact your Endress+Hauser Sales Center.

Depending on the device version, the CD-ROM might not be part of the delivery!
 The Technical Documentation is available via the Internet or via the Endress+Hauser Operations App, see the "Product identification" section → ■ 16.

### 4.2 Product identification

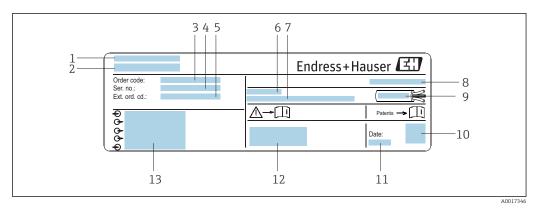
The following options are available for identification of the measuring device:

- Nameplate specifications
- Order code with breakdown of the device features on the delivery note
- Enter serial numbers from nameplates in *W@M Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): All information about the measuring device is displayed.
- Enter the serial number from the nameplates into the *Endress+Hauser Operations App* or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate with the *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: all the information for the measuring device is displayed.

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- The chapters "Additional standard documentation on the device"  $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  8 and "Supplementary device-dependent documentation"  $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  8
- The *W@M Device Viewer*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate.

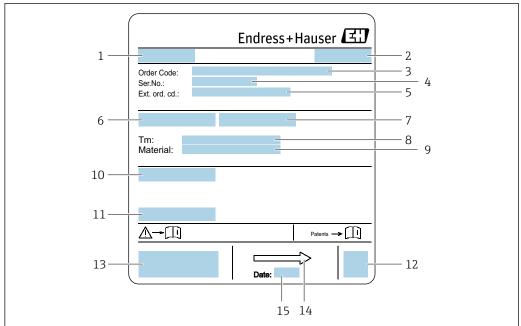
### 4.2.1 Transmitter nameplate



■ 2 Example of a transmitter nameplate

- 1 Manufacturing location
- 2 Name of the transmitter
- 3 Order code
- 4 Serial number (ser. no.)
- 5 Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.)
- 6 Permitted ambient temperature  $(T_a)$
- 7 Firmware version (FW) and device revision (Dev.Rev.) from the factory
- 8 Degree of protection
- 9 Permitted temperature range for cable
- 10 2-D matrix code
- 11 Manufacturing date: year-month
- 12 CE mark, C-Tick
- 13 Electrical connection data, e.g. available inputs and outputs, supply voltage

### 4.2.2 Sensor nameplate



A0032085

### ■ 3 Example of sensor nameplate

- 1 Name of the sensor
- 2 Manufacturing location
- 3 Order code
- 4 Serial number (ser. no.)
- 5 Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.)
- 6 Nominal diameter of sensor
- 7 Test pressure of the sensor
- 8 Medium temperature range
- 9 Material of lining and electrodes
- 10 Degree of protection: e.g. IP, NEMA
- 11 Permitted ambient temperature  $(T_a)$
- 12 2-D matrix code
- 13 CE mark, C-Tick
- 14 Flow direction
- 15 Manufacturing date: year-month

### Order code

The measuring device is reordered using the order code.

### Extended order code

- The device type (product root) and basic specifications (mandatory features) are always listed.
- Of the optional specifications (optional features), only the safety and approvalrelated specifications are listed (e.g. LA). If other optional specifications are also ordered, these are indicated collectively using the # placeholder symbol (e.g. #LA#).
- If the ordered optional specifications do not include any safety and approval-related specifications, they are indicated by the + placeholder symbol (e.g. XXXXXX-ABCDE +).

# 4.2.3 Symbols on measuring device

Symbol	Meaning
Δ	WARNING! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.
[ji	Reference to documentation Refers to the corresponding device documentation.
	Protective ground connection A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.

# 5 Storage and transport

# 5.1 Storage conditions

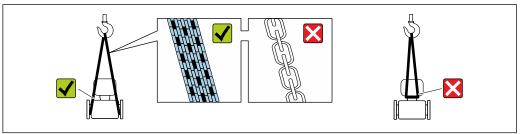
Observe the following notes for storage:

- ► Store in the original packaging to ensure protection from shock.
- ▶ Do not remove protective covers or protective caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.
- ▶ Protect from direct sunlight to avoid unacceptably high surface temperatures.
- ► Select a storage location where moisture cannot collect in the measuring device as fungus and bacteria infestation can damage the lining.
- ▶ Store in a dry and dust-free place.
- ► Do not store outdoors.

Storage temperature → 🗎 147

# 5.2 Transporting the product

Transport the measuring device to the measuring point in the original packaging.



A002925

Do not remove protective covers or caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.

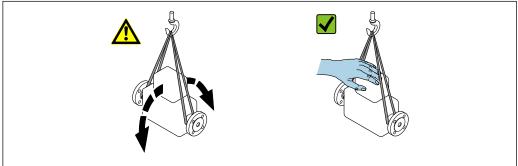
### 5.2.1 Measuring devices without lifting lugs

### **WARNING**

Center of gravity of the measuring device is higher than the suspension points of the webbing slings.

Risk of injury if the measuring device slips.

- ► Secure the measuring device against slipping or turning.
- ▶ Observe the weight specified on the packaging (stick-on label).



A002921

### 5.2.2 Measuring devices with lifting lugs

### **A** CAUTION

### Special transportation instructions for devices with lifting lugs

- ▶ Only use the lifting lugs fitted on the device or flanges to transport the device.
- ► The device must always be secured at two lifting lugs at least.

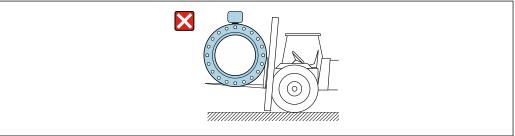
### 5.2.3 Transporting with a fork lift

If transporting in wood crates, the floor structure enables the crates to be lifted lengthwise or at both sides using a forklift.

### **A** CAUTION

### Risk of damaging the magnetic coil

- ► If transporting by forklift, do not lift the sensor by the metal casing.
- ▶ This would buckle the casing and damage the internal magnetic coils.



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# 5.3 Packaging disposal

All packaging materials are environmentally friendly and 100% recyclable:

- Measuring device secondary packaging: polymer stretch film that conforms to EC Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS).
- Packaging:
  - Wood crate, treated in accordance with ISPM 15 standard, which is confirmed by the affixed IPPC logo.

or

- Carton in accordance with European Packaging Directive 94/62EC; recyclability is confirmed by the affixed RESY symbol.
- Seaworthy packaging (optional): Wood crate, treated in accordance with ISPM 15 standard, which is confirmed by the affixed IPPC logo.
- Carrying and mounting hardware:
  - Disposable plastic pallet
  - Plastic straps
  - Plastic adhesive strips
- Dunnage: Paper cushion

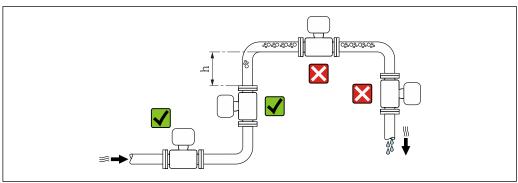
20

### 6 Installation

### 6.1 **Installation conditions**

### 6.1.1 Mounting position

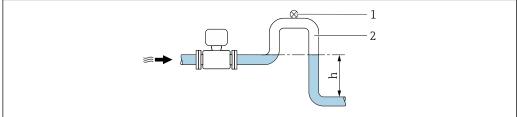
### Mounting location



Preferably install the sensor in an ascending pipe, and ensure a sufficient distance to the next pipe elbow:  $h \ge 2 \times DN$ 

### Installation in down pipes

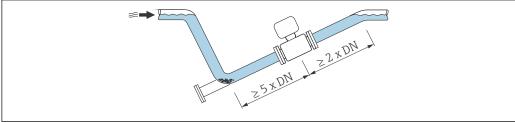
Install a siphon with a vent valve downstream of the sensor in down pipes whose length h  $\geq$  5 m (16.4 ft). This precaution is to avoid low pressure and the consequent risk of damage to the measuring tube. This measure also prevents the system losing prime.



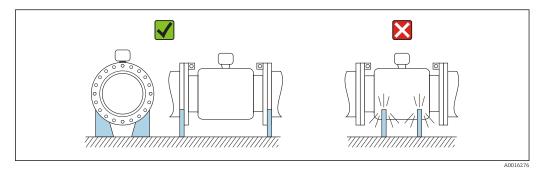
- € 4 Installation in a down pipe
- Vent valve
- 2 Pipe siphon
- Length of down pipe

### Installation in partially filled pipes

A partially filled pipe with a gradient necessitates a drain-type configuration.



### For heavy sensors $DN \ge 350 (14")$



### Orientation

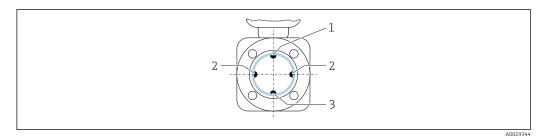
The direction of the arrow on the sensor nameplate helps you to install the sensor according to the flow direction (direction of medium flow through the piping).

	Orientatio	Recommendation	
A	Vertical orientation	A0015591	
В	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at top	A0015589	<b>✓</b> ✓ 1)
С	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at bottom	A0015590	<b>√ √</b> <sup>2)</sup> 3)
D	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at side	A0015592	×

- 1) Applications with low process temperatures may decrease the ambient temperature. To maintain the minimum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.
- 2) Applications with high process temperatures may increase the ambient temperature. To maintain the maximum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.
- To prevent the electronics module from overheating in the case of a sharp rise in temperature (e.g. CIP- or SIP processes), install the device with the transmitter component pointing downwards.

### Horizontal

- Ideally, the measuring electrode plane should be horizontal. This prevents brief insulation of the two measuring electrodes by entrained air bubbles.
- Empty pipe detection only works if the transmitter housing is pointing upwards as
  otherwise there is no guarantee that the empty pipe detection function will actually
  respond to a partially filled or empty measuring tube.

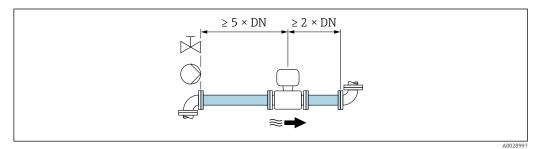


1 EPD electrode for empty pipe detection

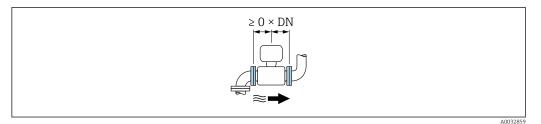
- 2 Measuring electrodes for signal detection
- 3 Reference electrode for potential equalization

### Inlet and outlet runs

If possible, install the sensor upstream from fittings such as valves, T-pieces or elbows. Observe the following inlet and outlet runs to comply with accuracy specifications:



Order code for "Design", option A "Insertion length short, ISO/DVGW until DN400, DN450-2000 1:1" and order code for "Design", option B "Insertion length long, ISO/DVGW until DN400, DN450-2000 1:1.3"



Order code for "Design", option C "Insertion length short ISO/DVGW until DN300, w/o inlet and outlet runs, constricted meas.tube"

Installation dimensions

For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section.

### 6.1.2 Requirements from environment and process

### Ambient temperature range

Transmitter	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
Local display	-20 to $+60$ °C ( $-4$ to $+140$ °F), the readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.
Sensor	<ul> <li>Process connection material, carbon steel:         <ul> <li>10 to +60 °C (+14 to +140 °F)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Process connection material, stainless steel:         <ul> <li>40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Liner	Do not exceed or fall below the permitted temperature range of the liner .

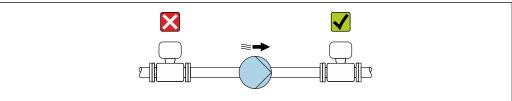
If operating outdoors:

- Install the measuring device in a shady location.
- Avoid direct sunlight, particularly in warm climatic regions.
- Avoid direct exposure to weather conditions.
- If the compact version of the device is insulated at low temperatures, the insulation must also include the device neck.
- Protect the display against impact.
- Protect the display from abrasion by sand in desert areas.
- Page 136 You can order a display guard from Endress+Hauser : → 🖺 136

### Temperature tables

- Observe the interdependencies between the permitted ambient and fluid temperatures when operating the device in hazardous areas.
- For detailed information on the temperature tables, see the separate document entitled "Safety Instructions" (XA) for the device.

### System pressure

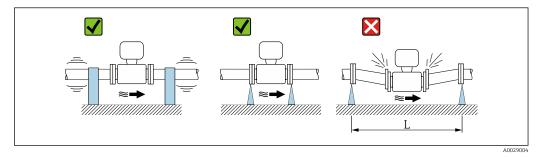


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Never install the sensor on the pump suction side in order to avoid the risk of low pressure, and thus damage to the liner.

- Furthermore, install pulse dampers if reciprocating, diaphragm or peristaltic pumps are used.
- Information on the liner's resistance to partial vacuum → □ 148
   Information on the shock resistance of the measuring system → □ 147
  - Information on the vibration resistance of the measuring system  $\rightarrow \triangleq 147$

### **Vibrations**



■ 7 Measures to avoid device vibrations (L > 10 m (33 ft))

In the event of very strong vibrations, the pipe and sensor must be supported and fixed.

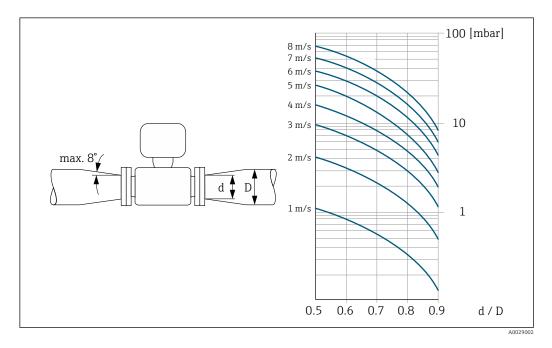
It is also advisable to mount the sensor and transmitter separately.

- - Information on the vibration resistance of the measuring system  $\rightarrow \triangleq 147$

### **Adapters**

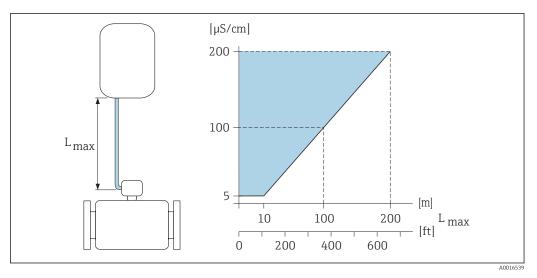
Suitable adapters to DIN EN 545 (double-flange reducers) can be used to install the sensor in larger-diameter pipes. The resultant increase in the rate of flow improves measuring accuracy with very slow-moving fluids. The nomogram shown here can be used to calculate the pressure loss caused by reducers and expanders.

- The nomogram only applies to liquids with a viscosity similar to that of water.
- 1. Calculate the ratio of the diameters d/D.
- 2. From the nomogram read off the pressure loss as a function of flow velocity (downstream from the reduction) and the d/D ratio.



### Length of connecting cable

To ensure correct measuring results when using the remote version, observe the maximum permitted length of the connecting cable  $L_{\text{max}}$ . This length is determined by the conductivity of the fluid. If measuring liquids in general: 5  $\mu$ S/cm



 $\blacksquare$  8 Permitted length of connecting cable for remote version

Colored area = permitted range  $L_{max}$ =length of connecting cable in [m] ([ft]) [ $\mu$ S/cm] = fluid conductivity

## **6.1.3** Special mounting instructions

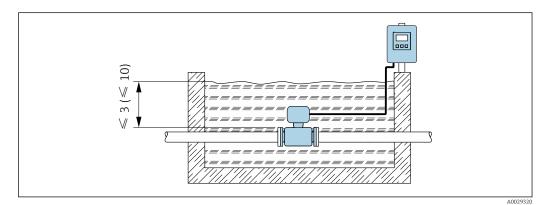
### Display protection

► To ensure that the optional display protection can be easily opened, maintain the following minimum head clearance: 350 mm (13.8 in)

### Temporary immersion in water

A remote version with IP67 protection, Type 6 is optionally available for temporary immersion in water for up to 168 hours at  $\leq$  3 m (10 ft) or in exceptional cases for use for up to 48 hours at  $\leq$  10 m (30 ft).

Compared with the standard degree of protection IP67, Type 4X enclosure, the version IP67, Type 6 enclosure has been designed to withstand short-term or temporary flooding.



■ 9 Engineering unit in m(ft)

Replacement of cable gland on connection housing

# 6.2 Mounting the measuring device

# 6.2.1 Required tools

### For transmitter

- Torque wrench
- For wall mounting:

Open-ended wrench for hexagonal screw max. M5

- For pipe mounting:
  - Open-ended wrench AF 8
  - Phillips head screwdriver PH 2
- For turning the transmitter housing (compact version):
  - Phillips head screwdriver PH 2
  - Torx screwdriver TX 20
  - Open-ended wrench AF 7

### For sensor

For flanges and other process connections: Corresponding mounting tools

### 6.2.2 Preparing the measuring device

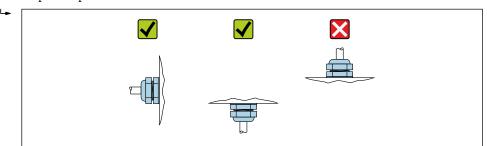
- 1. Remove all remaining transport packaging.
- 2. Remove any protective covers or protective caps present from the sensor.
- 3. Remove stick-on label on the electronics compartment cover.

### 6.2.3 Mounting the sensor

### **▲** WARNING

### Danger due to improper process sealing!

- ► Ensure that the inside diameters of the gaskets are greater than or equal to that of the process connections and piping.
- ▶ Ensure that the gaskets are clean and undamaged.
- ► Install the gaskets correctly.
- 1. Ensure that the direction of the arrow on the sensor matches the flow direction of the medium.
- 2. To ensure compliance with device specifications, install the measuring device between the pipe flanges in a way that it is centered in the measurement section.
- 3. If using ground disks, comply with the Installation Instructions provided.
- 4. Observe required screw tightening torques  $\rightarrow \triangleq 28$ .
- 5. Install the measuring device or turn the transmitter housing so that the cable entries do not point upwards.



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### Mounting the seals

### **A** CAUTION

An electrically conductive layer could form on the inside of the measuring tube! Risk of measuring signal short circuit.

▶ Do not use electrically conductive sealing compounds such as graphite.

Comply with the following instructions when installing seals:

- 1. Make sure that the seals do not protrude into the piping cross-section.
- 2. For DIN flanges: only use seals according to DIN EN 1514-1.
- 3. For "hard rubber" lining: additional seals are always required.
- 4. For "polyurethane" lining: generally additional seals are **not** required.
- 5. For "PTFE" lining: generally additional seals are **not** required.

### Mounting the ground cable/ground disks

Comply with the information on potential equalization and detailed mounting instructions for the use of ground cables/ground disks .

### Screw tightening torques

Please note the following:

- The screw tightening torques listed below apply only to lubricated threads and to pipes not subjected to tensile stress.
- Tighten the screws uniformly and in diagonally opposite sequence.
- Overtightening the screws will deform the sealing faces or damage the seals.

Screw tightening torques for EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501), PN 6/10/16

Nominal diameter	Pressure rating	Screws	Flange thickness	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm]		
[mm]	[bar]	[mm]	[mm]	Hard rubber	Polyurethan e	PTFE
25	PN 10/16	4 × M12	18	_	6	11
32	PN 10/16	4 × M16	18	-	16	27
40	PN 10/16	4 × M16	18	-	16	29
50	PN 10/16	4 × M16	18	-	15	40
65 <sup>1)</sup>	PN 10/16	8 × M16	18	-	10	22
80	PN 10/16	8 × M16	20	-	15	30
100	PN 10/16	8 × M16	20	-	20	42
125	PN 10/16	8 × M16	22	-	30	55
150	PN 10/16	8 × M20	22	-	50	90
200	PN 16	12 × M20	24	-	65	87
250	PN 16	12 × M24	26	-	126	151
300	PN 16	12 × M24	28	-	139	177
350	PN 6	12 × M20	22	111	120	-
350	PN 10	16 × M20	26	112	118	-
350	PN 16	16 × M24	30	152	165	-
400	PN 6	16 × M20	22	90	98	-
400	PN 10	16 × M24	26	151	167	-
400	PN 16	16 × M27	32	193	215	-
450	PN 6	16 × M20	22	112	126	-

Nominal diameter	Pressure rating	Screws	Flange thickness	Max. screv	w tightening tor	que [Nm]
[mm]	[bar]	[mm]	[mm]	Hard rubber	Polyurethan e	PTFE
450	PN 10	20 × M24	28	153	133	-
500	PN 6	20 × M20	24	119	123	
500	PN 10	20 × M24	28	155	171	-
500	PN 16	20 × M30	34	275	300	-
600	PN 6	20 × M24	30	139	147	-
600	PN 10	20 × M27	28	206	219	-
600 <sup>1)</sup>	PN 16	20 × M33	36	415	443	-
700	PN 6	24 × M24	24	148	139	-
700	PN 10	24 × M27	30	246	246	-
700	PN 16	24 × M33	36	278	318	-
800	PN 6	24 × M27	24	206	182	-
800	PN 10	24 × M30	32	331	316	-
800	PN 16	24 × M36	38	369	385	-
900	PN 6	24 × M27	26	230	637	-
900	PN 10	28 × M30	34	316	307	-
900	PN 16	28 × M36	40	353	398	-
1000	PN 6	28 × M27	26	218	208	-
1000	PN 10	28 × M33	34	402	405	-
1000	PN 16	28 × M39	42	502	518	-
1200	PN 6	32 × M30	28	319	299	-
1200	PN 10	32 × M36	38	564	568	-
1200	PN 16	32 × M45	48	701	753	-
1400	PN 6	36 × M33	32	430	-	-
1400	PN 10	36 × M39	42	654	-	-
1400	PN 16	36 × M45	52	729	-	-
1600	PN 6	40 × M33	34	440	-	-
1600	PN 10	40 × M45	46	946	-	-
1600	PN 16	40 × M52	58	1007	-	-
1800	PN 6	44 × M36	36	547	-	-
1800	PN 10	44 × M45	50	961	-	-
1800	PN 16	44 × M52	62	1108	-	_
2 000	PN 6	48 × M39	38	629	-	_
2 000	PN 10	48 × M45	54	1047	-	_
2 000	PN 16	48 × M56	66	1324	-	_
2200	PN 6	52 × M39	42	698	-	_
2200	PN 10	52 × M52	58	1217	-	_
2 400	PN 6	56 × M39	44	768	-	_
2 400	PN 10	56 × M52	62	1229	_	_

<sup>1)</sup> Designed acc. to EN 1092-1 (not to DIN 2501)

Screw tightening torques for EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501), PN 10/16/25, P245GH/stainless; calculated according to EN 1591-1:2014 for flanges as per EN 1092-1:2013

Nominal diameter	Pressure rating	Screws	Flange thickness		tightening torque [Nm]
[mm]	[bar]	[mm]	[mm]	PUR	HG
350	PN 6	12 × M20	22	75	60
350	PN 10	16 × M20	26	80	70
350	PN 16	16 × M24	30	135	125
400	PN 6	16 × M20	22	70	65
400	PN 10	16 × M24	26	120	100
400	PN 16	16 × M27	32	190	175
450	PN 6	16 × M20	22	90	70
450	PN 10	20 × M24	28	110	100
450	PN 16	20 × M27	34	190	175
500	PN 6	20 × M20	24	70	65
500	PN 10	20 × M24	28	120	110
500	PN 16	20 × M30	36	235	225
600	PN 6	20 × M24	30	105	105
600	PN 10	20 × M27	30	160	165
600	PN 16	20 × M33	40	340	340
700	PN 6	24 × M24	30	110	110
700	PN 10	24 × M27	35	190	190
700	PN 16	24 × M33	40	340	340
800	PN 6	24 × M27	30	145	145
800	PN 10	24 × M30	38	260	260
800	PN 16	24 × M36	41	455	465
900	PN 6	24 × M27	34	180	170
900	PN 10	28 × M30	38	275	265
900	PN 16	28 × M36	48	475	475
1000	PN 6	28 × M27	38	185	175
1000	PN 10	28 × M33	44	360	350
1000	PN 16	28 × M39	59	620	630
1200	PN 6	32 × M30	42	250	235
1200	PN 10	32 × M36	55	480	470
1200	PN 16	32 × M45	78	900	890
1400	PN 6	36 × M33	56	-	300
1400	PN 10	36 × M39	65	-	600
1400	PN 16	36 × M45	84	-	1050
1600	PN 6	40 × M33	63	-	340
1600	PN 10	40 × M45	75	-	810
1600	PN 16	40 × M52	102	-	1 420
1800	PN 6	44 × M36	69	-	430
1800	PN 10	44 × M45	85	-	920
1800	PN 16	44 × M52	110	_	1600

Nominal diameter	Pressure rating	Screws	Flange thickness		ightening torque Nm]
[mm]	[bar]	[mm]	[mm]	PUR	HG
2 000	PN 6	48 × M39	74	-	530
2 000	PN 10	48 × M45	90	-	1040
2 000	PN 16	48 × M56	124	-	1900
2 200	PN 6	52 × M39	81	-	580
2 200	PN 10	52 × M52	100	-	1290
2 400	PN 6	56 × M39	87	-	650
2 400	PN 10	56 × M52	110	-	1410

# Screw tightening torques for ASME B16.5, Class 150

Nominal	diameter	Screws	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm] ([lbf · ft])		
[mm]	[in]	[in]	Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE
25	1	4 × 5/8	-	5 (4)	14 (13)
40	1 ½	8 × 5/8	-	10 (7)	21 (15)
50	2	4 × 5/8	_	15 (11)	40 (29)
80	3	4 × 5/8	-	25 (18)	65 (48)
100	4	8 × 5/8	_	20 (15)	44 (32)
150	6	8 × ¾	_	45 (33)	90 (66)
200	8	8 × ¾	_	65 (48)	87 (64)
250	10	12 × 7/8	_	126 (93)	151 (112)
300	12	12 × 7/8	_	146 (108)	177 (131)
350	14	12 × 1	135 (100)	158 (117)	_
400	16	16 × 1	128 (94)	150 (111)	-
450	18	16 × 1 1/8	204 (150)	234 (173)	-
500	20	20 × 1 1/8	183 (135)	217 (160)	_
600	24	20 × 1 1/4	268 (198)	307 (226)	_

# Screw tightening torques for AWWA C207, Class D

Nominal	diameter	Screws	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm] ([lbf · ft])		
[mm]	[in]	[in]	Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE
700	28	28 × 1 1/4	247 (182)	292 (215)	_
750	30	28 × 1 1/4	287 (212)	302 (223)	-
800	32	28 × 1 ½	394 (291)	422 (311)	_
900	36	32 × 1 ½	419 (309)	430 (317)	_
1000	40	36 × 1 ½	420 (310)	477 (352)	-
1050	42	36 × 1 ½	528 (389)	518 (382)	_
1200	48	44 × 1 ½	552 (407)	531 (392)	_
1350	54	44 × 1 ¾	730 (538)	_	_
1500	60	52 × 1 ¾	758 (559)	-	_
1650	66	52 × 1 ¾	946 (698)	-	-
1800	72	60 × 1 ¾	975 (719)	_	_

Nominal	diameter	Screws	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm] ([lbf $\cdot$ ft])		
[mm]	[in]	[in]	Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE
2 000	78	64 × 2	853 (629)	-	-
2 150	84	64 × 2	931 (687)	-	-
2 300	90	68 × 2 1/4	1048 (773)	-	-

Screw tightening torques for AS 2129, Table E

Nominal diameter	Screws	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm]				
[mm]	[mm]	Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE		
350	12 × M24	203	-	-		
400	12 × M24	226	_	_		
450	16 × M24	226	_	_		
500	16 × M24	271	_	_		
600	16 × M30	439	_	-		
700	20 × M30	355	_	_		
750	20 × M30	559	_	_		
800	20 × M30	631	_	_		
900	24 × M30	627	_	-		
1000	24 × M30	634	-	-		
1200	32 × M30	727	-	-		

Screw tightening torques for AS 4087, PN 16

Nominal diameter	Screws	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm]		
[mm]	[mm]	Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE
350	12 × M24	203	-	-
375	12 × M24	137	-	-
400	12 × M24	226	-	_
450	12 × M24	301	-	-
500	16 × M24	271	-	-
600	16 × M27	393	-	_
700	20 × M27	330	-	_
750	20 × M30	529	-	-
800	20 × M33	631	-	-
900	24 × M33	627	-	-
1000	24 × M33	595	-	-
1200	32 × M33	703	-	-

### 6.2.4 Mounting the transmitter of the remote version

### **A** CAUTION

### Ambient temperature too high!

- Danger of electronics overheating and housing deformation.

  ▶ Do not exceed the permitted maximum ambient temperature .
- ▶ If operating outdoors: Avoid direct sunlight and exposure to weathering, particularly in warm climatic regions.

### **A** CAUTION

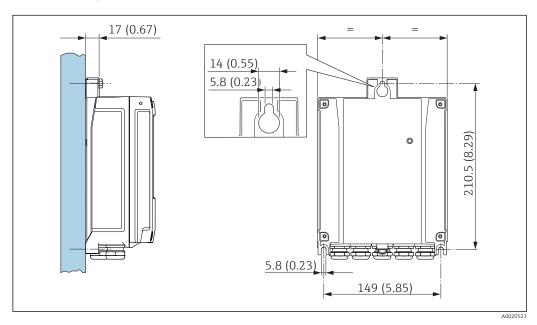
### Excessive force can damage the housing!

► Avoid excessive mechanical stress.

The transmitter of the remote version can be mounted in the following ways:

- Wall mounting
- Pipe mounting

### Wall mounting



**■** 10 Engineering unit mm (in)

- 1. Drill the holes.
- 2. Insert wall plugs into the drilled holes.
- 3. Screw in the securing screws slightly at first.
- 4. Fit the transmitter housing over the securing screws and mount in place.
- 5. Tighten the securing screws.

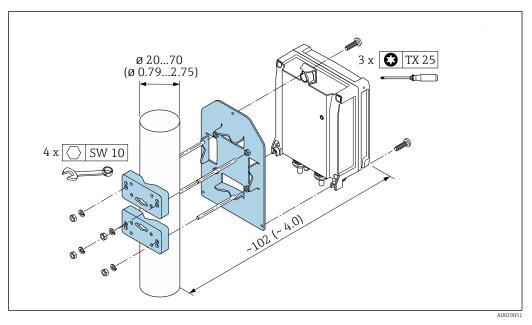
### Post mounting

### **A** WARNING

## Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws!

Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.

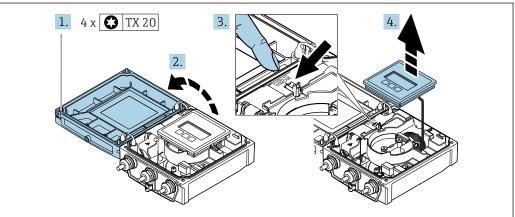
► Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque:



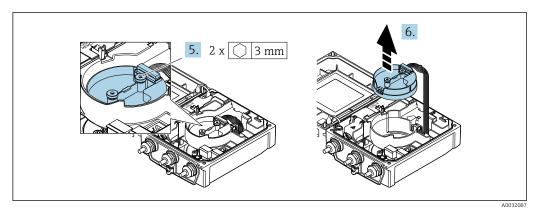
■ 11 Engineering unit mm (in)

# 6.2.5 Turning the transmitter housing

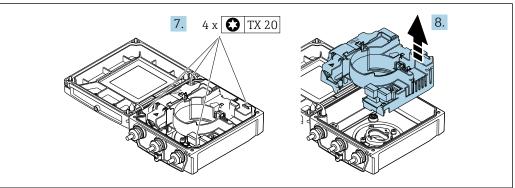
To provide easier access to the connection compartment or display module, the transmitter housing can be turned.



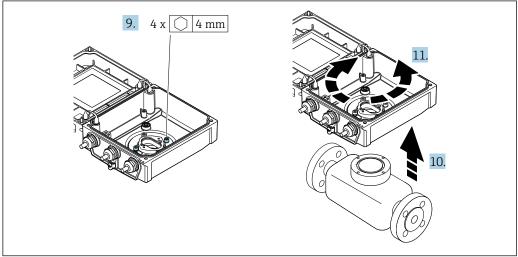
- A0032086
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Unlock the display module.
- 4. Remove the display module.



- 5. Loosen the fixing screws of the smart sensor electronics module (when reassembling, pay attention to the tightening torque  $\rightarrow \triangleq 36$ ).
- 6. Remove the smart sensor electronics module (when reassembling, pay attention to



- 7. Loosen the fixing screws of the main electronics module (when reassembling, pay attention to the tightening torque  $\rightarrow \triangleq 36$ ).
- 8. Remove the main electronics module.



- 9. Loosen the fixing screws of the transmitter housing (when reassembling, pay attention to the tightening torque  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 36$ ).
- 10. Lift the transmitter housing.
- 11. Turn the housing to the desired position in increments of 90°.

### Reassembling the transmitter housing

### **A** WARNING

### Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws!

Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.

► Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque:

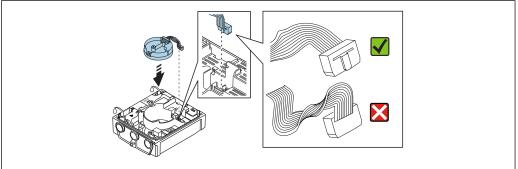
Step	Fixing screw	Tightening torques for housing made of:		
→ 🖺 34		Aluminum	Plastic	
1	Housing cover	2.5 Nm (1.8 lbf ft)	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)	
5	Smart sensor electronics module	0.6 Nm (0.4 lbf ft)		
7	Main electronics module	1.5 Nm (1.1 lbf ft)		
9/10	Transmitter housing	5.5 Nm (4.1 lbf ft)		

### **NOTICE**

### Plug of the smart sensor electronics module connected incorrectly!

No measuring signal is output.

▶ Plug in the plug of the smart sensor electronics module as per the coding.

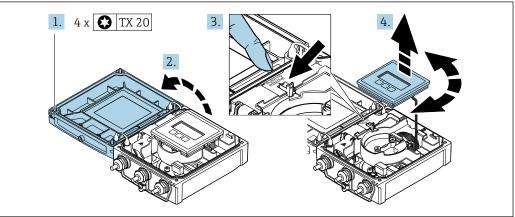


A002158

▶ Reverse the procedure to reassemble the measuring device.

# 6.2.6 Turning the display module

The display module can be turned to optimize display readability and operability.



A003209

- 1. Loosen the fixing screws of the housing cover (when reassembling, pay attention to the tightening torque  $\rightarrow \triangleq 37$ ).
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Unlock the display module.

4. Pull out the display module and turn it to the desired position in increments of 90°.

## Reassembling the transmitter housing

# **A** WARNING

## Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws!

Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.

► Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque:

Step	Fixing screw	Tightening torque for housing made of:		
(see graphic)		Aluminum	Plastic	
1	Housing cover	2.5 Nm (1.8 lbf ft)	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)	

▶ Reverse the procedure to reassemble the measuring device.

# 6.3 Post-installation check

Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	
Does the measuring device conform to the measuring point specifications?  For example:  Process temperature  Process pressure (refer to the section on "Pressure-temperature ratings" in the "Technical Information" document)  Ambient temperature  Measuring range	
Has the correct orientation for the sensor been selected?  According to sensor type  According to medium temperature  According to medium properties (outgassing, with entrained solids)	
Does the arrow on the sensor nameplate match the direction of flow of the fluid through the piping ?	
Are the measuring point identification and labeling correct (visual inspection)?	
Is the device adequately protected from precipitation and direct sunlight?	
Have the fixing screws been tightened with the correct tightening torque?	

#### 7 **Electrical connection**

### NOTICE

The measuring device does not have an internal circuit breaker.

- ▶ For this reason, assign the measuring device a switch or power-circuit breaker so that the power supply line can be easily disconnected from the mains.
- ▶ Although the measuring device is equipped with a fuse, additional overcurrent protection (maximum 16 A) should be integrated into the system installation.

#### 7.1 Connection conditions

#### 7.1.1 Requirements for connecting cable

The connecting cables provided by the customer must fulfill the following requirements.

### **Electrical safety**

In accordance with applicable federal/national regulations.

### Permitted temperature range

- The installation quidelines that apply in the country of installation must be observed.
- The cables must be suitable for the minimum and maximum temperatures to be expected.

### Power supply cable

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

### Signal cable

EtherNet/IP

The standard ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B.2 Annex specifies CAT 5 as the minimum category for a cable used for EtherNet/IP. CAT 5e and CAT 6 are recommended.



For more information on planning and installing EtherNet/IP networks, please refer to the "Media Planning and Installation Manual. EtherNet/IP" of ODVA Organization

### Connecting cable for remote version

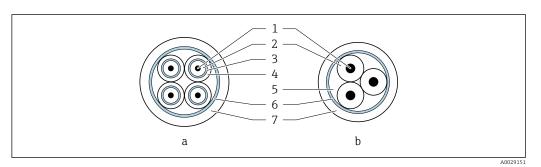
Electrode cable

Standard cable	3 ×0.38 mm <sup>2</sup> (20 AWG) with common, braided copper shield ( $\phi$ ~9.5 mm (0.37 in)) and individual shielded cores
Cable for empty pipe detection (EPD)	4 ×0.38 mm <sup>2</sup> (20 AWG) with common, braided copper shield ( $\phi$ ~9.5 mm (0.37 in)) and individual shielded cores
Conductor resistance	≤50 Ω/km (0.015 Ω/ft)
Capacitance: core/shield	<420 pF/m (128 pF/ft)
Operating temperature	−20 to +80 °C (−68 to +176 °F)

### Coil current cable

Standard cable	3 ×0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> (18 AWG) with common, braided copper shield ( $\phi \sim 9$ mm (0.35 in))
Conductor resistance	$\leq$ 37 $\Omega$ /km (0.011 $\Omega$ /ft)

Capacitance: core/core, shield grounded	≤120 pF/m (37 pF/ft)
Operating temperature	−20 to +80 °C (−68 to +176 °F)
Test voltage for cable insulation	≤ AC 1433 V r.m.s. 50/60 Hz or ≥ DC 2026 V



■ 12 Cable cross-section

- a Electrode cable
- b Coil current cable
- 1 Core
- 2 Core insulation
- 3 Core shield
- 4 Core jacket
- 5 Core reinforcement
- 6 Cable shield
- 7 Outer jacket

### Reinforced connecting cables

Reinforced connecting cables with an additional, reinforcing metal braid should be used for:

- When laying the cable directly in the ground
- Where there is a risk of damage from rodents

Operation in zones of severe electrical interference

Grounding is by means of the ground terminal provided for the purpose inside the connection housing. The stripped and twisted lengths of cable shield to the ground terminal must be as short as possible.

### Cable diameter

- Cable glands supplied:
  - For standard cable: M20 × 1.5 with cable  $\phi$ 6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)
  - For reinforced cable: M20 × 1.5 with cable  $\phi$ 9.5 to 16 mm (0.37 to 0.63 in)
- (Plug-in) spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG)

# 7.1.2 Required tools

- Torque wrench
- For cable entries: Use corresponding tools
- Wire stripper
- When using stranded cables: Crimper for wire end ferrule

# 7.1.3 Terminal assignment

### Transmitter

The sensor can be ordered with terminals or a device plug.

Connection methods available		Descible entires for order code		
Outputs	Power supply	Possible options for order code "Electrical connection"		
terminals	terminals	<ul> <li>Option A: coupling M20x1</li> <li>Option B: thread M20x1</li> <li>Option C: thread G ½"</li> <li>Option D: thread NPT ½"</li> </ul>		
Device plug	terminals	<ul> <li>Option L: plug M12x1 + thread NPT ½"</li> <li>Option N: plug M12x1 + coupling M20</li> <li>Option P: plug M12x1 + thread G ½"</li> <li>Option U: plug M12x1 + thread M20</li> </ul>		

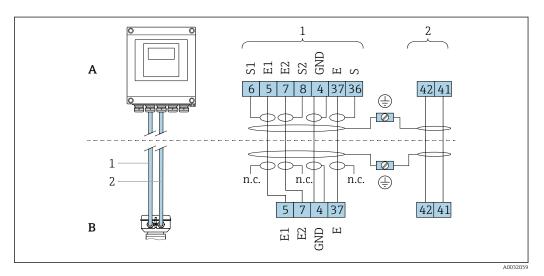
## Supply voltage

Order code "Power supply"	Terminal numbers	terminal voltage		Frequency range
		DC 24 V	±25%	_
Option <b>L</b> (wide range power unit)	1 (L+/L), 2 (L-/N)	AC 24 V	±25%	50/60 Hz, ±4 Hz
, and an analy		AC 100 to 240 V	-15 to +10%	50/60 Hz, ±4 Hz

## EtherNet/IP signal transmission

Order code for "Output"	Connection via
Option <b>N</b>	EtherNet/IP connector

### Remote version



■ 13 Remote version terminal assignment

- A Transmitter wall-mount housing
- B Sensor connection housing
- 1 Electrode cable
- 2 Coil current cable
- n.c. Not connected, insulated cable shields

Terminal No. and cable colors: 6/5 = brown; 7/8 = white; 4 = green; 36/37 = yellow

## 7.1.4 Pin assignment, device plug

Order codes for the M12x1 connectors, see the "Order code for electrical connection" column:

EtherNet/IP → 🖺 40

### EtherNet/IP

Device plug for signal transmission (device side)

2	Pin		Assignment	Coding	Plug/socket
	1	+	Tx	D	Socket
1 3	2	+	Rx		
	3	-	Tx		
	4	-	Rx		
4 A0032047					

## 7.1.5 Shielding and grounding

## 7.1.6 Requirements for the supply unit

### Supply voltage

**Transmitter** 

Order code for "Power supply"	terminal voltage		Frequency range
	DC 24 V	±25%	_
Option <b>L</b>	AC 24 V	±25%	50/60 Hz, ±4 Hz
	AC 100 to 240 V	-15 to +10%	50/60 Hz, ±4 Hz

## 7.1.7 Preparing the measuring device

Carry out the steps in the following order:

- 1. Mount the sensor and transmitter.
- 2. Connection housing, sensor: Connect connecting cable.
- 3. Transmitter: Connect connecting cable.
- 4. Transmitter: Connect signal cable and cable for supply voltage.

### **NOTICE**

### Insufficient sealing of the housing!

Operational reliability of the measuring device could be compromised.

- ▶ Use suitable cable glands corresponding to the degree of protection.
- 1. Remove dummy plug if present.
- 2. If the measuring device is supplied without cable glands:
  Provide suitable cable gland for corresponding connecting cable.
- 3. If the measuring device is supplied with cable glands:

  Observe requirements for connecting cables → 

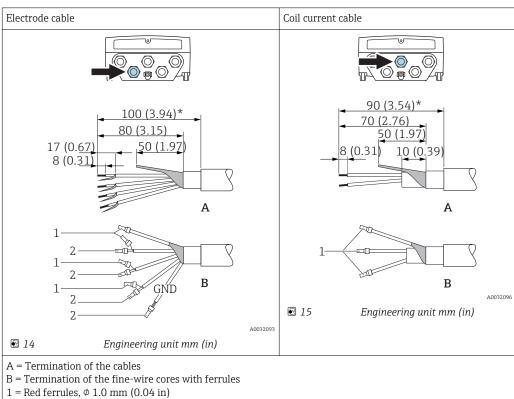
  38.

#### 7.1.8 Preparing the connecting cable for the remote version

When terminating the connecting cable, pay attention to the following points:

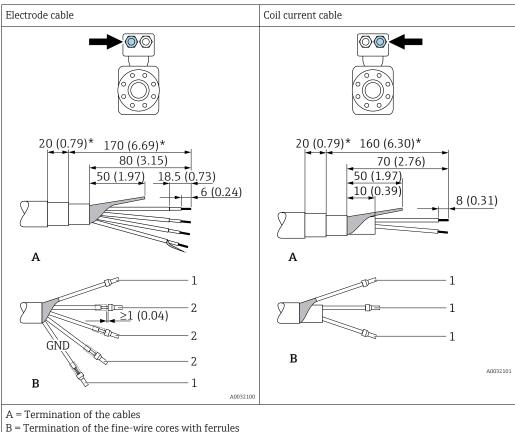
- 1. In the case of the electrode cable: Make sure that the ferrules do not touch the core shields on the sensor side. Minimum distance = 1 mm (exception: green "GND" cable)
- 2. In the case of the coil current cable: Insulate one core of the three-core cable at the level of the core reinforcement. You only require two cores for the connection.
- 3. For cables with fine-wire cores (stranded cables): Fit the cores with ferrules.

### **Transmitter**



- 2 = White ferrules,  $\phi$  0.5 mm (0.02 in) \* = Stripping only for reinforced cables

### Sensor



- B = Termination of the fine-wire cores with ferrules
- $1 = \text{Red ferrules}, \phi 1.0 \text{ mm } (0.04 \text{ in})$
- $2 = \text{White ferrules}, \phi 0.5 \text{ mm } (0.02 \text{ in})$
- \* = Stripping only for reinforced cables

### 7.2 Connecting the measuring device

### **▲** WARNING

### Risk of electric shock! Components carry dangerous voltages!

- ▶ Have electrical connection work carried out by correspondingly trained specialists only.
- Observe applicable federal/national installation codes and regulations.
- Comply with local workplace safety regulations.
- Observe grounding concept of the plant.
- Never mount or wire the measuring device while it is connected to the supply voltage.
- Before the supply voltage is applied, connect the protective ground to the measuring device.

#### 7.2.1 Connecting the remote version

### **A** WARNING

### Risk of damaging the electronic components!

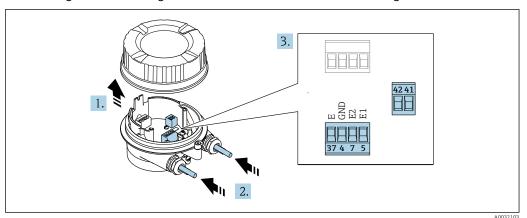
- Connect the sensor and transmitter to the same potential equalization.
- Only connect the sensor to a transmitter with the same serial number.
- Ground the connection housing of the sensor via the external screw terminal.

The following procedure (in the action sequence given) is recommended for the remote version:

- 1. Mount the sensor and transmitter.
- 2. Connect the connecting cable for the remote version.

3. Connect the transmitter.

### Connecting the connecting cable to the sensor connection housing



■ 16 Sensor: connection module

- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the housing cover.
- 2. Unscrew and lift off the housing cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 5. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment  $\rightarrow \triangleq 40$ .
- 6. Firmly tighten the cable glands.

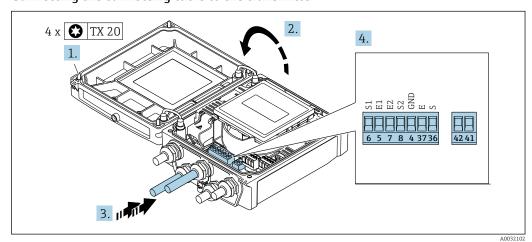
## 7. **WARNING**

# Housing degree of protection may be voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

► Screw in the screw without using any lubricant. The threads on the cover are coated with a dry lubricant.

Reverse the procedure to reassemble the sensor.

### Connecting the connecting cable to the transmitter



■ 17 Transmitter: main electronics module with terminals

- 1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.

- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 5. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment  $\rightarrow \triangleq 40$ .
- 6. Firmly tighten the cable glands.

### 7. A WARNING

Housing degree of protection may be voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

► Screw in the screw without using any lubricant.

Reverse the removal procedure to reassemble the transmitter.

## 7.2.2 Connecting the transmitter

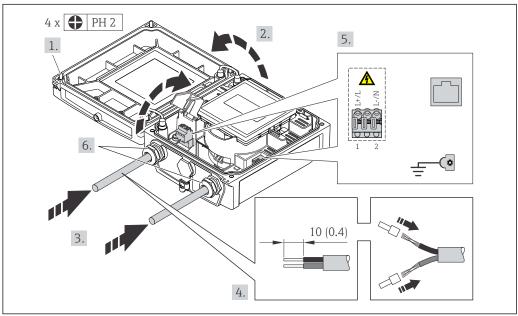
### **WARNING**

Housing degree of protection may be voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

► Screw in the screw without using any lubricant. The threads on the cover are coated with a dry lubricant.

Tightening torques for plastic housing

Housing cover fixing screw	1.3 Nm
Cable entry	4.5 to 5 Nm
Ground terminal	2.5 Nm



■ 18 Connecting the supply voltage and EtherNet/IP

- 1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, also fit ferrules.

Endress+Hauser 45

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- 5. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment → 🖺 40. For supply voltage: open the shock protection cover.
- 6. Firmly tighten the cable glands.

## 7. **AWARNING**

Housing degree of protection may be voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

► Screw in the screw without using any lubricant.

Reverse the removal procedure to reassemble the transmitter.

## 7.2.3 Ensure potential equalization

### Requirements

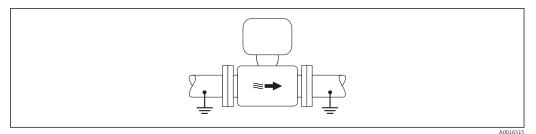
### **A** CAUTION

### Electrode damage can result in the complete failure of the device!

- ► Same electrical potential for the medium and sensor
- ▶ Remote version: same electrical potential for the sensor and transmitter
- ► Company-internal grounding concepts
- Pipe material and grounding

### Connection example, standard scenario

Metal, grounded pipe



■ 19 Potential equalization via measuring tube

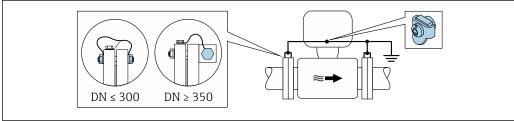
### Connection example in special situations

*Unlined* and ungrounded metal pipe

This connection method also applies in situations where:

- The customary potential equalization is not used
- Equalizing currents are present

Ground cable Copper wire, at least 6 mm<sup>2</sup> (0.0093 in<sup>2</sup>)



 $\blacksquare$  20 Potential equalization via ground terminal and pipe flanges

46 Endress+Hauser

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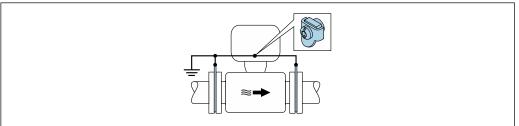
- 1. Connect both sensor flanges to the pipe flange via a ground cable and ground them.
- 2. If DN  $\leq$  300 (12"): Mount the ground cable directly on the conductive flange coating of the sensor with the flange screws.
- 3. If DN ≥ 350 (14"): Mount the ground cable directly on the metal transport bracket. Observe screw tightening torques: see the Sensor Brief Operating Instructions.
- 4. Connect the connection housing of the transmitter or sensor to ground potential by means of the ground terminal provided for the purpose.
- For remote device versions, the ground terminal in the example always refers to the sensor and **not** to the transmitter.

Plastic pipe or pipe with insulating liner

This connection method also applies in situations where:

- The customary potential equalization is not used
- Equalizing currents are present

Ground cable Copper wire, at least 6 mm<sup>2</sup> (0.0093 in<sup>2</sup>)



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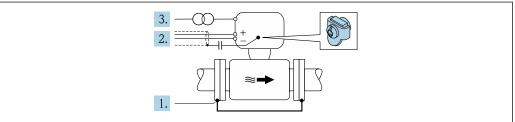
- $\blacksquare$  21 Potential equalization via ground terminal and ground disks
- 1. Connect the ground disks to the ground terminal via the ground cable.
- 2. Connect the ground disks to ground potential.
- For remote device versions, the ground terminal in the example always refers to the sensor and **not** to the transmitter.

Pipe with a cathodic protection unit

This connection method is only used if the following two conditions are met:

- Metal pipe without liner or pipe with electrically conductive liner
- Cathodic protection is integrated in the personal protection equipment

Ground cable Copper wire, at least 6 mm<sup>2</sup> (0.0093 in<sup>2</sup>)



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Prerequisite: The sensor is installed in the pipe in a way that provides electrical insulation.

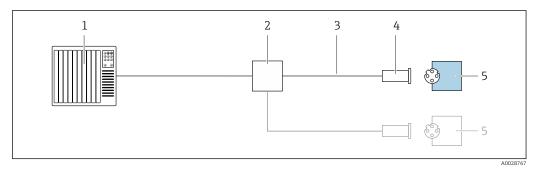
1. Connect the two flanges of the pipe to one another via a ground cable.

- 2. Guide the shield of the signal lines through a capacitor.
- 3. Connect the measuring device to the power supply such that it is floating in relation to the protective ground (isolation transformer).
- For remote device versions, the ground terminal in the example always refers to the sensor and **not** to the transmitter.

# 7.3 Special connection instructions

# 7.3.1 Connection examples

### EtherNet/IP



■ 22 Connection example for EtherNet/IP

- 1 Control system (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Ethernet switch
- 3 Observe cable specifications
- 4 Device plug
- 5 Transmitter

# 7.4 Hardware settings

# 7.4.1 Setting the device address

### EtherNet/IP

The IP address of the measuring device can be configured for the network via DIP switches.

Addressing data

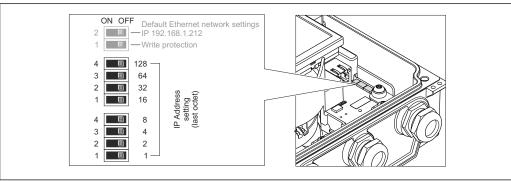
IP address and configuration options			
1st octet	2nd octet	3rd octet	4th octet
192.	168.	1.	XXX
	$\downarrow$		$\downarrow$
Can only be	configured via softwar	e addressing	Can be configured via software addressing and hardware addressing

IP address range	1 to 254 (4th octet)
IP address broadcast	255

Addressing mode ex works	Software addressing; all DIP switches for hardware addressing are set to OFF.
IP address ex works	DHCP server active

For device addressing via software

### Setting the address



- 1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Set the desired IP address using the corresponding DIP switches on the I/O electronics module.
  - ► Hardware addressing with the configured IP address is enabled after 10 s.
- 4. Reverse the removal procedure to reassemble the transmitter.

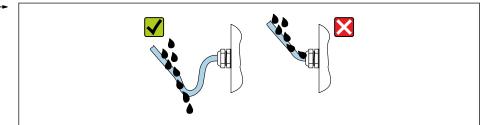
### 7.5 Ensuring the degree of protection

#### 7.5.1 Degree of protection IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure

The measuring device fulfills all the requirements for the IP66/67 degree of protection, Type 4X enclosure.

To guarantee IP66/67 degree of protection, Type 4X enclosure, carry out the following steps after the electrical connection:

- 1. Check that the housing seals are clean and fitted correctly. Dry, clean or replace the seals if necessary.
- 2. Tighten all housing screws and screw covers.
- 3. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
- 4. To ensure that moisture does not enter the cable entry, route the cable so that it loops down before the cable entry ("water trap").



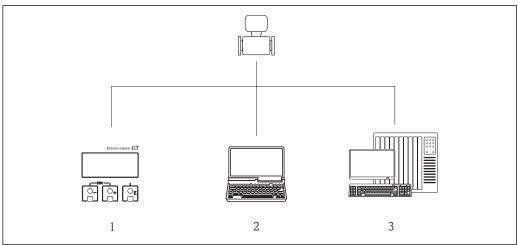
5. Insert dummy plugs into unused cable entries.

# 7.6 Post-connection check

Are cables or the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	
Do the cables used meet the requirements→ 🖺 38?	
Do the cables have adequate strain relief?	
Are all the cable glands installed, firmly tightened and leak-tight? Cable run with "water trap" $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	
Only for remote version: is the sensor connected to the right transmitter? Check the serial number on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter.	
Does the supply voltage match the specifications on the transmitter nameplate $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	
Is the terminal assignment correct $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	
If supply voltage is present, do values appear on the display module?	
Is the potential equalization established correctly ?	
Are all housing covers installed and the screws tightened with the correct tightening torque?	

# **8** Operation options

# 8.1 Overview of operation options



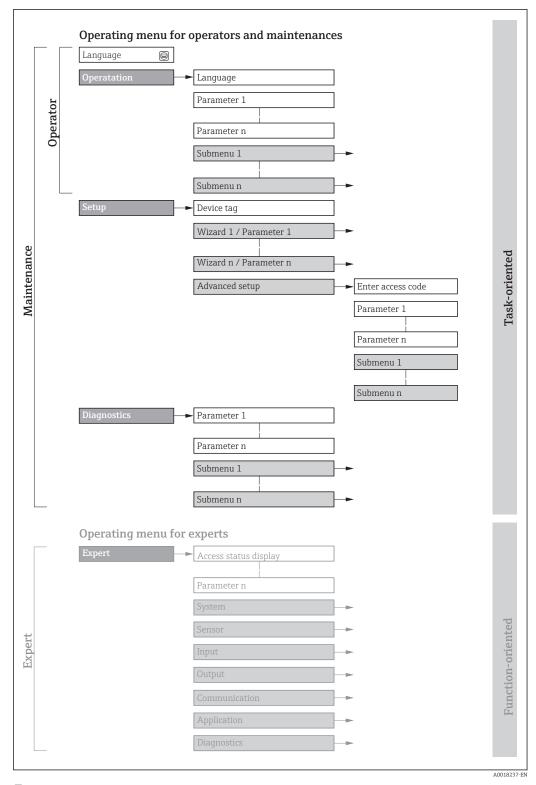
A0019091

- 1 Local operation via display module
- 2 Computer with Web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) or with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, AMS Device Manager, SIMATIC PDM)
- 3 Control system (e.g. PLC)

# 8.2 Structure and function of the operating menu

# 8.2.1 Structure of the operating menu

For an overview of the operating menu for experts: "Description of Device Parameters" document supplied with the device  $\rightarrow \implies 168$ 



 $\blacksquare$  23 Schematic structure of the operating menu

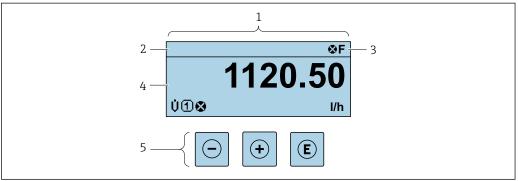
# 8.2.2 Operating philosophy

The individual parts of the operating menu are assigned to certain user roles (operator, maintenance etc.). Each user role contains typical tasks within the device lifecycle.

Menu/parameter		User role and tasks	Content/meaning
Language	task-oriented	Role "Operator", "Maintenance" Tasks during operation: Configuring the operational	<ul> <li>Defining the operating language</li> <li>Defining the Web server operating language</li> <li>Resetting and controlling totalizers</li> </ul>
Operation		display Reading measured values	<ul> <li>Configuring the operational display (e.g. display format, display contrast)</li> <li>Resetting and controlling totalizers</li> </ul>
Setup		"Maintenance" role Commissioning: Configuration of the measurement	Wizards for fast commissioning:  Set the system units  Set the input  Configure the outputs  Configuring the operational display  Define the output conditioning  Set the low flow cut off  Configure empty pipe detection  Advanced setup  For more customized configuration of the measurement (adaptation to special measuring conditions)  Configuration of totalizers  Configuration of electrode cleaning (optional)
Diagnostics		"Maintenance" role Fault elimination:  Diagnostics and elimination of process and device errors  Measured value simulation	<ul> <li>Administration (define access code, reset measuring device)</li> <li>Contains all parameters for error detection and analyzing process and device errors:</li> <li>Diagnostic list         <ul> <li>Contains up to 5 currently pending diagnostic messages.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Event logbook         <ul> <li>Contains event messages that have occurred.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Device information         <ul> <li>Contains information for identifying the device.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Measured values         <ul> <li>Contains all current measured values.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Data logging submenu with "Extended HistoROM" order option Storage and visualization of measured values</li> <li>Heartbeat         <ul> <li>The functionality of the device is checked on demand and the verification results are documented.</li> <li>Simulation</li></ul></li></ul>
Expert	function-oriented	Tasks that require detailed knowledge of the function of the device:  Commissioning measurements under difficult conditions  Optimal adaptation of the measurement to difficult conditions  Detailed configuration of the communication interface  Error diagnostics in difficult cases	Contains all the parameters of the device and makes it possible to access these parameters directly using an access code. The structure of this menu is based on the function blocks of the device:  System Contains all higher-order device parameters which do not concern the measurement or the communication interface.  Sensor Configuration of the measurement.  Input Configuring the status input.  Output Configuring of the analog current outputs as well as the pulse/frequency and switch output.  Communication Configuration of the digital communication interface and the Web server.  Application Configure the functions that go beyond the actual measurement (e.g. totalizer).  Diagnostics Error detection and analysis of process and device errors and for device simulation and Heartbeat Technology.

# 8.3 Access to the operating menu via the local display

# 8.3.1 Operational display



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- 1 Operational display
- 2 Device tag→ 🖺 85
- 3 Status area
- 4 Display area for measured values (4-line)
- 5 Operating elements → 🖺 59

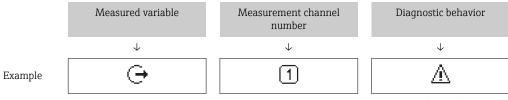
### Status area

The following symbols appear in the status area of the operational display at the top right:

- Status signals → 🗎 113
  - **F**: Failure
  - **C**: Function check
  - **S**: Out of specification
  - **M**: Maintenance required
- Diagnostic behavior → 🖺 114
  - 🐼: Alarm
  - $-\underline{\bar{\Lambda}}$ : Warning
- 🛱: Locking (the device is locked via the hardware )
- ←: Communication (communication via remote operation is active)

### Display area

In the display area, each measured value is prefaced by certain symbol types for further description:



Appears only if a diagnostics event is present for this measured variable.

### Measured values

Symbol	Meaning
Ü	Volume flow
G	Conductivity

ṁ	Mass flow
Σ	Totalizer  The measurement channel number indicates which of the three totalizers is displayed.
<b>(-)</b>	Output  The measurement channel number indicates which of the outputs is displayed.
€	Status input

### Measurement channel numbers

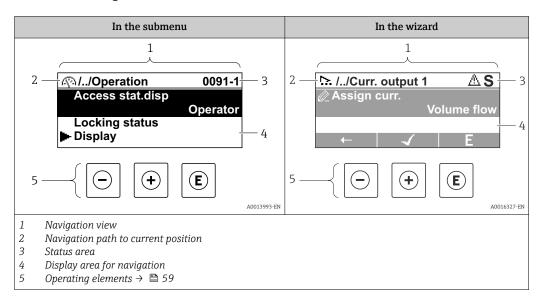
Symbol	Meaning
14	Measurement channel 1 to 4

The measurement channel number is displayed only if more than one channel is present for the same measured variable type (e.g. Totalizer 1 to 3).

### Diagnostic behavior

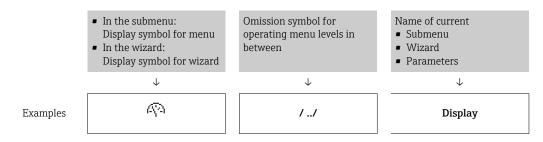
The number and display format of the measured values can be configured via the **Format display** parameter ( $\Rightarrow \triangleq 88$ ).

## 8.3.2 Navigation view



## Navigation path

The navigation path - displayed at the top left in the navigation view - consists of the following elements:



/ ../ Display

For more information about the icons in the menu, refer to the "Display area" section  $\Rightarrow \triangleq 56$ 

### Status area

The following appears in the status area of the navigation view in the top right corner:

- In the submenu
  - The direct access code for the parameter you are navigating to (e.g. 0022-1)
  - If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal
- In the wizard

If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal

- i
  - $\bullet$  For information on the diagnostic behavior and status signal  $\rightarrow~ riangleq 113$
  - For information on the function and entry of the direct access code  $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{ riangle}{=}$  61

### Display area

### Menus

Symbol	Meaning
P	Operation Appears: In the menu next to the "Operation" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Operation menu
۶	Setup Appears: In the menu next to the "Setup" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Setup menu
પ્.	Diagnostics Appears: In the menu next to the "Diagnostics" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Diagnostics menu
3,4€	Expert Appears: In the menu next to the "Expert" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Expert menu

### Submenus, wizards, parameters

Symbol	Meaning
•	Submenu
75.	Wizard
Ø.	Parameters within a wizard  No display symbol exists for parameters in submenus.

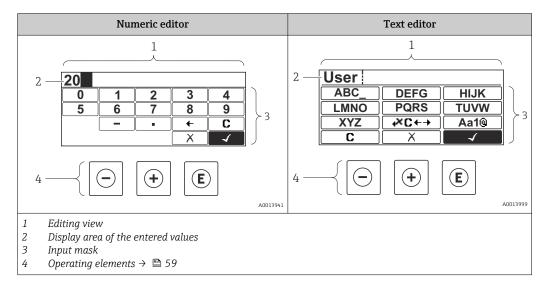
### Locking

Symbol	Meaning
û	Parameter locked When displayed in front of a parameter name, indicates that the parameter is locked.  By a user-specific access code  By the hardware write protection switch

# Wizard operation

Symbol	Meaning
<b>—</b>	Switches to the previous parameter.
<b>√</b>	Confirms the parameter value and switches to the next parameter.
E	Opens the editing view of the parameter.

# 8.3.3 Editing view



## Input mask

The following input symbols are available in the input mask of the numeric and text editor:

### Numeric editor

Symbol	Meaning
9	Selection of numbers from 0 to 9.
·	Inserts decimal separator at the input position.
_	Inserts minus sign at the input position.
4	Confirms selection.
+	Moves the input position one position to the left.
X	Exits the input without applying the changes.
С	Clears all entered characters.

### Text editor

Symbol	Meaning
(Aa1@)	Toggle  Between upper-case and lower-case letters For entering numbers For entering special characters
ABC_  XYZ	Selection of letters from A to Z.
abc _  xyz	Selection of letters from a to z.
····^ ~&	Selection of special characters.
<b>√</b>	Confirms selection.
€×C←→	Switches to the selection of the correction tools.
X	Exits the input without applying the changes.
C	Clears all entered characters.

# Correction symbols under $\nearrow c \leftrightarrow$

Symbol	Meaning
C	Clears all entered characters.
$\rightarrow$	Moves the input position one position to the right.
€	Moves the input position one position to the left.
**	Deletes one character immediately to the left of the input position.

# 8.3.4 Operating elements

Operating key(s)	Meaning
Θ	Minus key In a menu, submenu Moves the selection bar upwards in a choose list. With a Wizard Confirms the parameter value and goes to the previous parameter. With a text and numeric editor In the input screen, moves the selection bar to the left (backwards).
<b>⊕</b>	Plus key In a menu, submenu Moves the selection bar downwards in a choose list. With a Wizard Confirms the parameter value and goes to the next parameter. With a text and numeric editor Moves the selection bar to the right (forwards) in an input screen.
E	Enter key  For operational display  Pressing the key briefly opens the operating menu.  Pressing the key for 2 s opens the context menu including the option for activating the keypad lock.  In a menu, submenu  Pressing the key briefly: Opens the selected menu, submenu or parameter. Starts the wizard. If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter. Pressing the key for 2 s for parameter: If present, opens the help text for the function of the parameter.  With a Wizard Opens the editing view of the parameter.  With a text and numeric editor  Pressing the key briefly: Opens the selected group. Carries out the selected action. Pressing the key for 2 s confirms the edited parameter value.
(a)+(+)	Escape key combination (press keys simultaneously)  In a menu, submenu  Pressing the key briefly: Exits the current menu level and takes you to the next higher level. If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter. Pressing the key for 2 s returns you to the operational display ("home position").  With a Wizard Exits the wizard and takes you to the next higher level.  With a text and numeric editor Closes the text or numeric editor without applying changes.
-+E	Minus/Enter key combination (press the keys simultaneously)  Press the key for 3 s: deactivate the keypad lock.  Minus/Plus/Enter key combination (press the keys simultaneously)
-+++E	For operational display Enables or disables the keypad lock (only SD02 display module).

# 8.3.5 Opening the context menu

Using the context menu, the user can call up the following menus quickly and directly from the operational display:  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

- Setup
- Simulation

## Calling up and closing the context menu

The user is in the operational display.

- 1. Press E for 2 s.
  - ► The context menu opens.



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- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - The context menu is closed and the operational display appears.

### Calling up the menu via the context menu

- 1. Open the context menu.
- 2. Press 🛨 to navigate to the desired menu.
- 3. Press **E** to confirm the selection.
  - ► The selected menu opens.

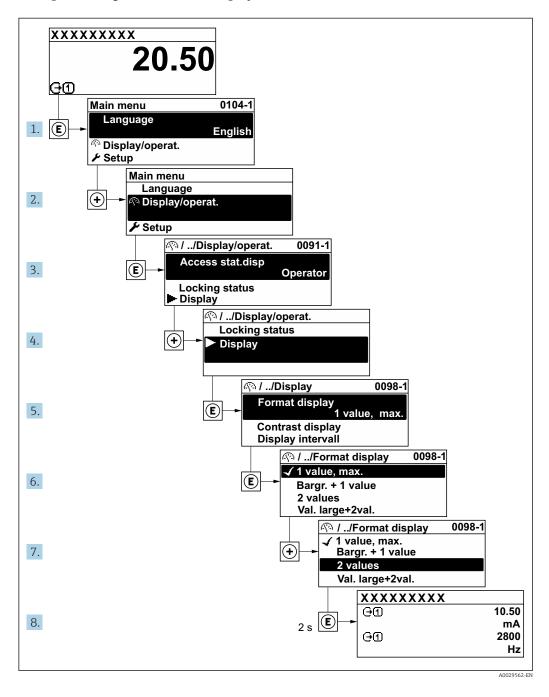
60

# 8.3.6 Navigating and selecting from list

Different operating elements are used to navigate through the operating menu. The navigation path is displayed on the left in the header. Icons are displayed in front of the individual menus. These icons are also shown in the header during navigation.

For an explanation of the navigation view with symbols and operating elements  $\Rightarrow \triangleq 55$ 

Example: Setting the number of displayed measured values to "2 values"



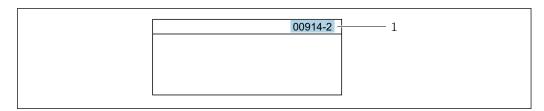
# 8.3.7 Calling the parameter directly

A parameter number is assigned to every parameter to be able to access a parameter directly via the onsite display. Entering this access code in the **Direct access** parameter calls up the desired parameter directly.

# Navigation path

Expert → Direct access

The direct access code consists of a 5-digit number (at maximum) and the channel number, which identifies the channel of a process variable: e.g. 00914-2. In the navigation view, this appears on the right-hand side in the header of the selected parameter.



1 Direct access code

Note the following when entering the direct access code:

- The leading zeros in the direct access code do not have to be entered. Example: Enter "914" instead of "00914"
- If no channel number is entered, channel 1 is accessed automatically.
   Example: Enter 00914 → Assign process variable parameter
- If a different channel is accessed: Enter the direct access code with the corresponding channel number.

Example: Enter **00914-2** → **Assign process variable** parameter

For the direct access codes of the individual parameters, see the "Description of Device Parameters" document for the device

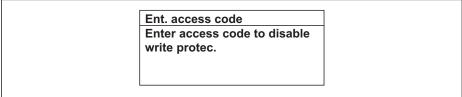
# 8.3.8 Calling up help text

Help text is available for some parameters and can be called up from the navigation view. The help text provides a brief explanation of the parameter function and thereby supports swift and safe commissioning.

### Calling up and closing the help text

The user is in the navigation view and the selection bar is on a parameter.

- 1. Press E for 2 s.
  - ► The help text for the selected parameter opens.



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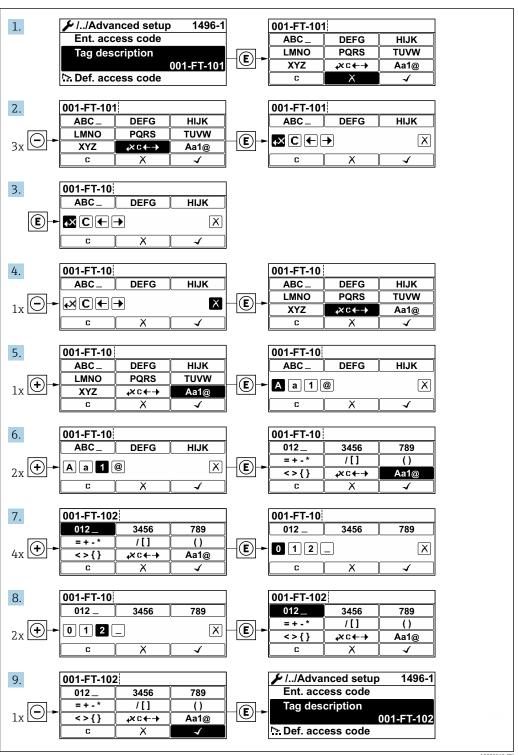
- Example: Help text for parameter "Enter access code"
- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ► The help text is closed.

62

# 8.3.9 Changing the parameters

For a description of the editing view - consisting of the text editor and numeric editor - with symbols  $\rightarrow \implies 57$ , for a description of the operating elements  $\rightarrow \implies 59$ 

**Example:** Changing the tag name in the "Tag description" parameter from 001-FT-101 to 001-FT-102



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A message is displayed if the value entered is outside the permitted value range.

Ent. access code
Invalid or out of range input
value
Min:0
Max:9999

A0014049-E

### 8.3.10 User roles and related access authorization

The two user roles "Operator" and "Maintenance" have different write access to the parameters if the customer defines a user-specific access code. This protects the device configuration via the local display from unauthorized access  $\rightarrow \implies 100$ .

### Defining access authorization for user roles

An access code is not yet defined when the device is delivered from the factory. Access authorization (read and write access) to the device is not restricted and corresponds to the "Maintenance" user role.

- ▶ Define the access code.
  - The "Operator" user role is redefined in addition to the "Maintenance" user role. Access authorization differs for the two user roles.

Access authorization to parameters: "Maintenance" user role

Access code status	Read access	Write access
An access code has not yet been defined (factory setting).	V	V
After an access code has been defined.	V	✓ <sup>1)</sup>

1) The user only has write access after entering the access code.

Access authorization to parameters: "Operator" user role

Access code status	Read access	Write access
After an access code has been defined.	V	1)

- Despite the defined access code, certain parameters can always be modified and thus are excepted from the write protection, as they do not affect the measurement. Refer to the "Write protection via access code" section
- The user role with which the user is currently logged on is indicated by the **Access** status display parameter. Navigation path: Operation  $\rightarrow$  Access status display

### 8.3.11 Disabling write protection via access code

If the  $\widehat{\boxtimes}$ -symbol appears on the local display in front of a parameter, the parameter is write-protected by a user-specific access code and its value cannot be changed at the moment using local operation  $\rightarrow \cong 100$ .

Parameter write protection via local operation can be disabled by entering the user-specific access code in the **Enter access code** parameter via the respective access option.

- 1. After you press ©, the input prompt for the access code appears.
- 2. Enter the access code.
  - ► The 🗈-symbol in front of the parameters disappears; all previously write-protected parameters are now re-enabled.

## 8.3.12 Enabling and disabling the keypad lock

The keypad lock makes it possible to block access to the entire operating menu via local operation. As a result, it is no longer possible to navigate through the operating menu or change the values of individual parameters. Users can only read the measured values on the operational display.

The keypad lock is switched on and off via the context menu.

### Switching on the keypad lock

- The keypad lock is switched on automatically:
  - If the device has not been operated via the display for > 1 minute.
  - Each time the device is restarted.

### To activate the keylock manually:

- 1. The device is in the measured value display.
  - Press E for at least 2 seconds.
  - ► A context menu appears.
- 2. In the context menu select the **Keylock on** option.
  - ► The keypad lock is switched on.
- If the user attempts to access the operating menu while the keypad lock is active, the **Keylock on** message appears.

### Switching off the keypad lock

- 1. The keypad lock is switched on. Press © for at least 2 seconds.
  - ► A context menu appears.
- 2. In the context menu select the **Keylock off** option.
  - ► The keypad lock is switched off.

# 8.4 Access to the operating menu via the Web browser

### 8.4.1 Function range

Thanks to the integrated Web server, the device can be operated and configured via a Web browser and via a service interface (CDI-RJ45) . The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the local display. In addition to the measured values, status information on the device is also displayed and allows the user to monitor the status of the device. Furthermore the device data can be managed and the network parameters can be configured.

# 8.4.2 Prerequisites

# Computer hardware

Hardware	Interface		
	CDI-RJ45	WLAN	
Interface	The computer must have an RJ45 interface.	The operating unit must have a WLAN interface.	
Connection	Standard Ethernet cable with RJ45 connector.	Connection via Wireless LAN.	
Screen	Recommended size: ≥12" (depends on the screen resolution)		

# Computer software

Software	Interface	
	CDI-RJ45	WLAN
Recommended operating systems	<ul> <li>Microsoft Windows 7 or higher.</li> <li>Mobile operating systems:         <ul> <li>iOS</li> <li>Android</li> </ul> </li> <li>Microsoft Windows XP is supported</li> </ul>	
Web browsers supported	<ul> <li>Microsoft Internet Explorer 8 or higher</li> <li>Microsoft Edge</li> <li>Mozilla Firefox</li> <li>Google Chrome</li> <li>Safari</li> </ul>	

# Computer settings

Settings	Interface	
	CDI-RJ45	WLAN
User rights	Appropriate user rights (e.g. administrator rights) for TCP/IP and proxy server settings are necessary (for adjusting the IP address, subnet mask etc.).	
Proxy server settings of the Web browser	The Web browser setting <i>Use a Proxy Server for Your LAN</i> must be <b>deselected</b> .	
JavaScript	JavaScript must be enabled.	
	*	c.html in the address line of the Web nplified version of the operating menu er.
	When installing a new firmware version: To enable correct data display, clear the temporary memory (cache) of the Web browser under <b>Internet options</b> .	
Network connections	Only the active network connections to the measuring device should be used.	
	Switch off all other network connections such as WLAN.	Switch off all other network connections.

 $\blacksquare$  In the event of connection problems:  $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  111

# Measuring device: Via CDI-RJ45 service interface

Device	CDI-RJ45 service interface	
Measuring device	The measuring device has an RJ45 interface.	
Web server	Web server must be enabled; factory setting: ON	
IP address	If the IP address of the device is not known:  ■ The IP address can be read out via local operation: Diagnostics → Device information → IP address  ■ Communication with the Web server can be established via the default IP address 192.168.1.212.  The DHCP function is enabled in the device at the factory, i.e. the device expects an IP address to be assigned by the network. This function can be disabled and the device can be set to the default IP address 192.168.1.212: set DIP switch No. 2 from OFF → ON.	
	Once the DIP switch has been activated, the device must be restarted before the device uses the default IP address.  If the default IP address is used (top DIP switch No. 2 = ON), there is no connection to the EtherNet/IP network.	

# Measuring device: via WLAN interface

Device	WLAN interface
Measuring device	The measuring device has a WLAN antenna: Transmitter with integrated WLAN antenna
Web server	Web server and WLAN must be enabled; factory setting: ON  For information on enabling the Web server →   72
IP address	If the IP address of the device is not known:  ■ The IP address can be read out via local operation: Diagnostics → Device information → IP address  ■ Communication with the Web server can be established via the default IP address 192.168.1.212.  The DHCP function is enabled in the device at the factory, i.e. the device expects an IP address to be assigned by the network. This function can be disabled and the device can be set to the default IP address 192.168.1.212: set DIP switch No. 2 from OFF → ON.  ■ Once the DIP switch has been activated, the device must be restarted
	<ul> <li>before the device uses the default IP address.</li> <li>If the default IP address is used (top DIP switch No. 2 = ON), there is no connection to the EtherNet/IP network.</li> </ul>

### 8.4.3 Establishing a connection

### Via service interface (CDI-RJ45)

Preparing the measuring device

*Configuring the Internet protocol of the computer* 

The IP address can be assigned to the measuring device in a variety of ways:

- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), factory setting:
   The IP address is automatically assigned to the measuring device by the automation system (DHCP server).
- Hardware addressing:

The IP address is set via DIP switches.

- Software addressing:
  - The IP address is entered via the **IP address** parameter ( $\Rightarrow \triangleq 87$ ).
- DIP switch for "Default IP address":

To establish the network connection via the service interface (CDI-RJ45): the fixed IP address 192.168.1.212 is used .

The measuring device works with the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), on leaving the factory, i.e. the IP address of the measuring device is automatically assigned by the automation system (DHCP server).

To establish a network connection via the service interface (CDI-RJ45): the "Default IP address" DIP switch must be set to **ON**. The measuring device then has the fixed IP address: 192.168.1.212. This address can now be used to establish the network connection.

- 1. Via DIP switch 2, activate the default IP address 192.168.1.212: .
- 2. Switch on the measuring device.
- 3. Connect to the computer using a cable.
- 4. If a 2nd network card is not used, close all the applications on the notebook.
  - Applications requiring Internet or a network, such as e-mail, SAP applications, Internet or Windows Explorer.
- 5. Close any open Internet browsers.
- 6. Configure the properties of the Internet protocol (TCP/IP) as defined in the table:

IP address	192.168.1.XXX; for XXX all numerical sequences except: 0, 212 and 255 $\rightarrow$ e.g. 192.168.1.213
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	192.168.1.212 or leave cells empty

### Via WLAN interface

Configuring the Internet protocol of the mobile terminal

### NOTICE

If the WLAN connection is lost during the configuration, settings made may be lost.

▶ Make sure that the WLAN connection is not disconnected while configuring the device.

### NOTICE

In principle, avoid simultaneous access to the measuring device via the service interface (CDI-RJ45) and the WLAN interface from the same mobile terminal. This could cause a network conflict.

- ▶ Only activate one service interface (CDI-RJ45 service interface or WLAN interface).
- ► If simultaneous communication is necessary: configure different IP address ranges, e.g. 192.168.0.1 (WLAN interface) and 192.168.1.212 (CDI-RJ45 service interface).

# Preparing the mobile terminal

► Enable WLAN reception on the mobile terminal.

Establishing a connection from the mobile terminal to the measuring device

- 1. In the WLAN settings of the mobile terminal: Select the measuring device using the SSID (e.g. EH\_Promag\_\_A802000).
- 2. If necessary, select the WPA2 encryption method.
- 3. Enter the password: serial number of the measuring device ex-works (e.g. L100A802000).
  - LED on display module flashes: it is now possible to operate the measuring device with the Web browser, FieldCare or DeviceCare.
- The serial number can be found on the nameplate.
- To ensure the safe and swift assignment of the WLAN network to the measuring point, it is advisable to change the SSID name. It should be possible to clearly assign the new SSID name to the measuring point (e.g. tag name) because it is displayed as the WLAN network.

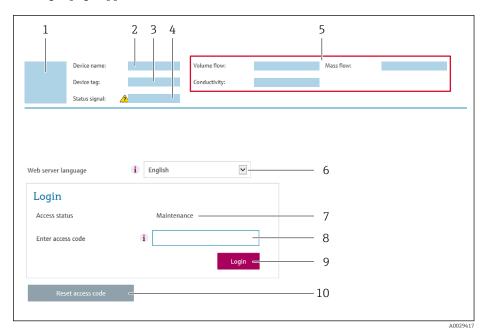
### Disconnecting

► After configuring the device: Terminate the WLAN connection between the operating unit and measuring device.

### Starting the Web browser

1. Start the Web browser on the computer.

- 2. Enter the IP address of the Web server in the address line of the Web browser: 192.168.1.212
  - ► The login page appears.



- Picture of device
- 2 Device name
- 3 Device tag
- 4 Status signal
- 5 Current measured values
- 6 Operating language
- 7 User role
- 8 Access code
- 9 Login
- 10 Reset access code

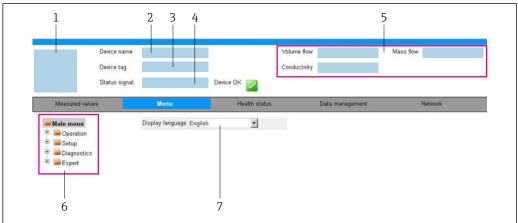
## 8.4.4 Logging on

- 1. Select the preferred operating language for the Web browser.
- 2. Enter the user-specific access code.
- 3. Press **OK** to confirm your entry.

Access code 0000 (factory setting); can be changed by customer

If no action is performed for 10 minutes, the Web browser automatically returns to the login page.

## 8.4.5 User interface



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- 1 Picture of device
- 2 Device name
- 3 Device tag
- 4 Status signal
- 5 Current measured values
- 6 Navigation area
- 7 Local display language

### Header

The following information appears in the header:

- Device tag
- Current measured values

## **Function** row

Functions	Meaning
Measured values	Displays the measured values of the measuring device
Menu	<ul> <li>Access to the operating menu from the measuring device</li> <li>The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the local display</li> <li>For detailed information on the structure of the operating menu, see the Operating Instructions for the measuring device</li> </ul>
Device status	Displays the diagnostic messages currently pending, listed in order of priority
Data management	Data exchange between PC and measuring device:  Device configuration:  Load settings from the device (XML format, save configuration)  Save settings to the device (XML format, restore configuration)  Logbook - Export Event logbook (.csv file)  Documents - Export documents:  Export backup data record (.csv file, create documentation of the measuring point configuration)  Verification report (PDF file, only available with the "Heartbeat Verification" application package)  File for system integration - If using fieldbuses, upload device drivers for system integration from the measuring device: EtherNet/IP: EDS file
Network configuration	Configuration and checking of all the parameters required for establishing the connection to the measuring device:  Network settings (e.g. IP address, MAC address)  Device information (e.g. serial number, firmware version)
Logout	End the operation and call up the login page

### Navigation area

If a function is selected in the function bar, the submenus of the function open in the navigation area. The user can now navigate through the menu structure.

### Working area

Depending on the selected function and the related submenus, various actions can be performed in this area:

- Configuring parameters
- Reading measured values
- Calling up help text
- Starting an upload/download

### 8.4.6 Disabling the Web server

The Web server of the measuring device can be switched on and off as required using the **Web server functionality** parameter.

### **Navigation**

"Expert" menu  $\rightarrow$  Communication  $\rightarrow$  Web server

### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Web server functionality	Switch the Web server on and off.	■ Off ■ On	On

### Function scope of the "Web server functionality" parameter

Option	Description
Off	<ul><li>The web server is completely disabled.</li><li>Port 80 is locked.</li></ul>
On	<ul> <li>The complete functionality of the web server is available.</li> <li>JavaScript is used.</li> <li>The password is transferred in an encrypted state.</li> <li>Any change to the password is also transferred in an encrypted state.</li> </ul>

### Enabling the Web server

If the Web server is disabled it can only be re-enabled with the **Web server functionality** parameter via the following operating options:

- Via local display
- Via Bedientool "FieldCare"
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool

### 8.4.7 Logging out

- Before logging out, perform a data backup via the **Data management** function (upload configuration from device) if necessary.
- 1. Select the **Logout** entry in the function row.
  - ► The home page with the Login box appears.
- 2. Close the Web browser.

- 3. If no longer needed: Reset modified properties of the Internet protocol (TCP/IP)  $\rightarrow$   $\bigcirc$  68.
- If communication with the Web server was established via the default IP address 192.168.1.212, DIP switch No. 10 must be reset (from **ON**  $\rightarrow$  **OFF**). Afterwards, the IP address of the device is active again for network communication.

#### 8.5 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

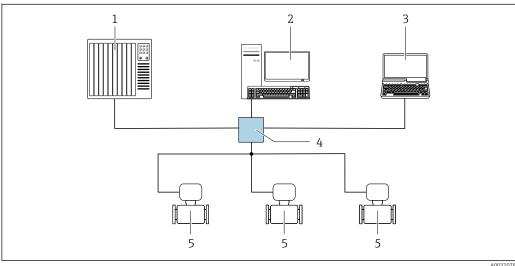
The structure of the operating menu in the operating tools is the same as for operation via the local display.

#### 8.5.1 Connecting the operating tool

#### Via EtherNet/IP network

This communication interface is available in device versions with EtherNet/IP.

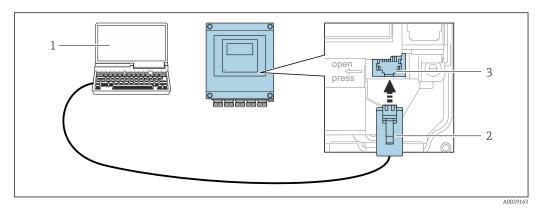
Star topology



₹ 25 Options for remote operation via EtherNet/IP network: star topology

- Automation system, e.g. "RSLogix" (Rockwell Automation)
- Workstation for measuring device operation: with Custom Add-On Profile for "RSLogix 5000" (Rockwell 2 Automation) or with Electronic Data Sheet (EDS)
- Computer with Web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) for accessing the integrated device Web server or computer with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP"
- Ethernet switch
- Measuring device

### Via service interface (CDI-RJ45)

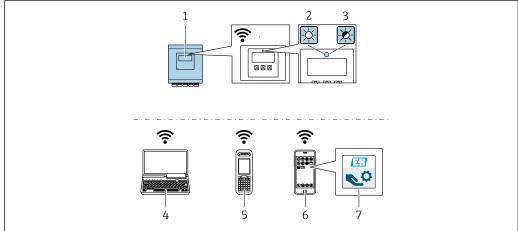


■ 26 Connection via service interface (CDI-RJ45)

- 1 Computer with Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated device Web server or with "FieldCare", "DeviceCare" operating tool with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP"
- 2 Standard Ethernet connecting cable with RJ45 plug
- 3 Service interface (CDI-RJ45) of the measuring device with access to the integrated Web server

### Via WLAN interface

The optional WLAN interface is available on the following device version: Order code for "Display", option **W1** "WLAN display": 4-line, illuminated, graphic display; touch control + WLAN



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- 1 Transmitter with integrated WLAN antenna
- 2 LED lit constantly: WLAN reception is enabled on measuring device
- 3 LED flashing: WLAN connection established between operating unit and measuring device
- 4 Computer with WLAN interface and Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated device Web server or with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare)
- Mobile handheld terminal with WLAN interface and Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated device Web server or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare)
- 6 Smartphone or tablet
- 7 SmartBlue App

Function	WLAN: IEEE 802.11 b/g (2.4 GHz)  ■ Access point with DHCP server (default setting)  ■ Network
Encryption	WPA2-PSK/AES 128 bit
Configurable WLAN channels	1 to 11
Degree of protection	IP67

Available antennas	<ul> <li>Internal antenna</li> <li>External antenna (optional)         In the event of poor transmission/reception conditions at the place of installation.     </li> <li>Only one antenna active in each case!</li> </ul>
Max. range	50 m (164 ft)
Materials: External WLAN antenna	<ul> <li>Antenna: ASA plastic (acrylic ester-styrene-acrylonitrile) and nickel-plated brass</li> <li>Adapter: Stainless steel and nickel-plated brass</li> <li>Cable: Polyethylene</li> <li>Connector: Nickel-plated brass</li> <li>Angle bracket: Stainless steel</li> </ul>

Configuring the Internet protocol of the mobile terminal

### NOTICE

If the WLAN connection is lost during the configuration, settings made may be lost.

▶ Make sure that the WLAN connection is not disconnected while configuring the device.

### **NOTICE**

In principle, avoid simultaneous access to the measuring device via the service interface (CDI-RJ45) and the WLAN interface from the same mobile terminal. This could cause a network conflict.

- ▶ Only activate one service interface (CDI-RJ45 service interface or WLAN interface).
- ▶ If simultaneous communication is necessary: configure different IP address ranges, e.g. 192.168.0.1 (WLAN interface) and 192.168.1.212 (CDI-RJ45 service interface).

Preparing the mobile terminal

► Enable WLAN reception on the mobile terminal.

Establishing a connection from the mobile terminal to the measuring device

- In the WLAN settings of the mobile terminal:
   Select the measuring device using the SSID (e.g. EH\_Promag\_\_A802000).
- 2. If necessary, select the WPA2 encryption method.
- 3. Enter the password: serial number of the measuring device ex-works (e.g. L100A802000).
  - LED on display module flashes: it is now possible to operate the measuring device with the Web browser, FieldCare or DeviceCare.
- The serial number can be found on the nameplate.
- To ensure the safe and swift assignment of the WLAN network to the measuring point, it is advisable to change the SSID name. It should be possible to clearly assign the new SSID name to the measuring point (e.g. tag name) because it is displayed as the WLAN network.

### Disconnecting

► After configuring the device: Terminate the WLAN connection between the operating unit and measuring device.

### 8.5.2 FieldCare

#### Function scope

FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field devices in a system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.

#### Access is via:

CDI-RJ45 service interface

#### Typical functions:

- Configuring parameters of transmitters
- Loading and saving device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of the measuring point
- Visualization of the measured value memory (line recorder) and event logbook
- For additional information about FieldCare, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S

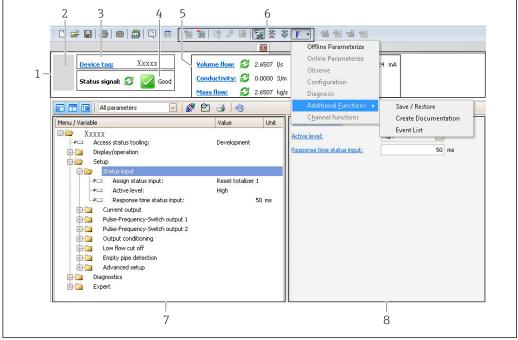
### Source for device description files

See information  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 78$ 

### Establishing a connection

- 1. Start FieldCare and launch the project.
- 2. In the network: Add a device.
  - ► The **Add device** window opens.
- 3. Select the **CDI Communication TCP/IP** option from the list and press **OK** to confirm.
- 4. Right-click **CDI Communication TCP/IP** and select the **Add device** option in the context menu that opens.
- 5. Select the desired device from the list and press **OK** to confirm.
  - → The **CDI Communication TCP/IP (Configuration)** window opens.
- 6. Enter the device address in the **IP address** field: 192.168.1.212 and press **Enter** to confirm.
- 7. Establish the online connection to the device.
- For additional information, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S

#### User interface



- 1 Header
- 2 Picture of device
- 3 Tag name
- *4* Status area with status signal → 🖺 116
- 6 Display area for current measured values
- 5 Edit toolbar with additional functions such as save/restore, event list and create documentation
- 7 Navigation area with operating menu structure
- 8 Working area

### 8.5.3 DeviceCare

### **Function scope**

Tool to connect and configure Endress+Hauser field devices.

The fastest way to configure Endress+Hauser field devices is with the dedicated "DeviceCare" tool. Together with the device type managers (DTMs) it presents a convenient, comprehensive solution.



For details, see Innovation Brochure INO1047S

### Source for device description files

See information  $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  78

# 9 System integration

# 9.1 Overview of device description files

### 9.1.1 Current version data for the device

Firmware version	01.01.zz	<ul> <li>On the title page of the Operating instructions</li> <li>On the transmitter nameplate</li> <li>Firmware version         Diagnostics → Device information → Firmware version     </li> </ul>	
Release date of firmware version	05.2014		
Manufacturer ID	0x49E	Manufacturer ID Diagnostics → Device information → Manufacturer ID	
Device type ID	0x1047	Device type Diagnostics → Device information → Device type	
Device revision	<ul><li>Major revision</li><li>2</li><li>Minor</li><li>revision 1</li></ul>	<ul> <li>On the transmitter nameplate</li> <li>Device revision         Diagnostics → Device information → Device revision     </li> </ul>	
Device profile	Generic device (product type: 0x2B)		

For an overview of the different firmware versions for the device

### 9.1.2 Operating tools

The suitable device description file for the individual operating tools is listed in the table below, along with information on where the file can be acquired.

Operating tool via Service interface (CDI)	Sources for obtaining device descriptions
FieldCare	<ul> <li>www.endress.com → Download Area</li> <li>CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> <li>DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> </ul>
DeviceCare	<ul> <li>www.endress.com → Download Area</li> <li>CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> <li>DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> </ul>

# 9.2 Overview of system files

System files	Version	Description	How to acquire
Electronic Data Sheet (EDS system file)	2.1	Certified in accordance with the following ODVA guidelines:  Conformance test Performance test PlugFest Embedded EDS Support (File Object 0x37)	<ul> <li>www.endress.com ⇒ Download Area</li> <li>EDS system file integrated in the device: can be downloaded via the Web browser</li> </ul>
Add-on Profile Level 3	<ul><li>Major revision</li><li>2</li><li>Minor</li><li>revision 1</li></ul>	System file for "RSLogix 5000" software (Rockwell Automation)	www.endress.com → Download Area

#### 9.3 Integrating the measuring device in the system



A detailed description of how to integrate the device into an automation system (e.g. from Rockwell Automation) is available as a separate document: www.endress.com → Select country  $\rightarrow$  Automation  $\rightarrow$  Digital Communication  $\rightarrow$  Feldbus device integration → EtherNet/IP

For information on the protocol-specific data of EtherNet/IP

#### Cyclic data transmission 9.4

Cyclic data transmission when using the device master file (GSD).

#### 9.4.1 Block model

The block model shows which input and output data the measuring device makes available for implicit messaging. Cyclical data exchange is performed using an EtherNet/IP scanner, e.g. a distributed control system etc.

Measuring device					Control system
	Input Assembly Fix (Assem100) 44 Byte	→ 🖺 80	Permanently assigned input group	<b>→</b>	
Transducer Block	Output Assembly Fix (Assem102) 64 Byte	→ 🖺 81	Permanently assigned output group	+	EtherNet/IP
	Input Assembly Configurable (Assem101) 88 Byte	→ 🖺 81	Configurable input group	<b>→</b>	

#### 9.4.2 Input and output groups

### Possible configurations

Configuration 1: Exclusive Owner Multicast

Input Assembly Fix		Instance	Size [byte]	Min. RPI (ms)
Input Assembly Configurable	Configuration	0 x 64	398	-
Output Assembly Fix	O → T Configuration	0 x 66	64	5
Input Assembly Fix	T → O Configuration	0 x 64	44	5

### Configuration 2: Input Only Multicast

Input Assembly Fix		Instance	Size [byte]	Min. RPI (ms)
Input Assembly Configurable	Configuration	0 x 68	398	-
Output Assembly Fix	O → T Configuration	0 x C7	-	-
Input Assembly Fix	$T \rightarrow O$ Configuration	0 x 64	44	5

### Configuration 3: Exclusive Owner Multicast

Input Assembly Configurable		Instance	Size [byte]	Min. RPI (ms)
Input Assembly Configurable	Configuration	0 x 68	398	_
Output Assembly Fix	O → T Configuration	0 x 66	64	5
Input Assembly Fix	$T \rightarrow O$ Configuration	0 x 65	88	5

### Configuration 4: Input Only Multicast

Input Assembly Configurable		Instance	Size [byte]	Min. RPI (ms)
Input Assembly Configurable	Configuration	0 x 68	398	_
Output Assembly Fix	O → T Configuration	0 x C7	-	_
Input Assembly Fix	$T \rightarrow O$ Configuration	0 x 64	88	5

### Configuration 5: Exclusive Owner Multicast

Input Assembly Fix		Instance	Size [byte]	Min. RPI (ms)
Input Assembly Configurable	Configuration	0 x 69	-	_
Output Assembly Fix	O → T Configuration	0 x 66	64	5
Input Assembly Fix	$T \rightarrow O$ Configuration	0 x 64	44	5

### Configuration 6: Input Only Multicast

Input Assembly Fix		Instance	Size [byte]	Min. RPI (ms)
Input Assembly Configurable	Configuration	0 x 69	-	_
Output Assembly Fix	O → T Configuration	0 x C7	-	_
Input Assembly Fix	$T \rightarrow O$ Configuration	0 x 65	44	5

### Configuration 7: Exclusive Owner Multicast

Input Assembly Configurable		Instance	Size [byte]	Min. RPI (ms)
Input Assembly Configurable	Configuration	0 x 69	-	_
Output Assembly Fix	O → T Configuration	0 x 66	64	5
Input Assembly Fix	$T \rightarrow O$ Configuration	0 x 64	88	5

### Configuration 8: Input Only Multicast

Input Assembly Configurable		Instance	Size [byte]	Min. RPI (ms)
Input Assembly Configurable	Configuration	0 x 69	-	_
Output Assembly Fix	O → T Configuration	0 x C7	-	_
Input Assembly Fix	$T \rightarrow O$ Configuration	0 x 65	88	5

### Permanently assigned input group

Input Assembly Fix (Assem100) 44 Byte

Designation	Description	Byte
Input Assembly Fix	1. File header (not visible)	1-4
	2. Current diagnosis <sup>1)</sup>	5-8
	3. Mass flow	9-12
	4. Volume flow	13-16
	5. Corrected volume flow	17-20
	6. Temperature	21-24
	7. Density	25-28
	8. Reference density	29-32
	9. Totalizer 1	33-36

Designation	Description	Byte
	10. Totalizer 2	37-40
	11. Totalizer 3	41-44

1) Structure: Code, number, description (e.g.: 16777265 F882 input signal)

Detailed description:

- Diagnostic information  $\rightarrow$  🖺 119
- Information events  $\rightarrow$  🗎 129

### Configurable input group

Input Assembly Configurable (Assem101) 88 byte

Designation	Description	Format
Input Assembly Configurable	1 10. Input values 1 to 10	Real
	11 20. Input values 11 to 20	Double integer

### Possible input values

Possible input values 1 to 10:		
<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Target mass flow 1)</li> <li>Carrier mass flow 1)</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Concentration 1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Electronic temperature</li> <li>Oscillation frequency 0</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 0</li> <li>Oscillation frequency 0</li> <li>Oscillation damping 0</li> <li>Signal shift</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tube damping fluctuation 0</li> <li>Exciter current 0</li> <li>Monitoring of exciter current 0</li> <li>Totalizer 1</li> <li>Totalizer 2</li> <li>Totalizer 3</li> </ul>

1) Only available with the Concentration application package

Possible input values 11 to 20:		
<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Current diagnosis</li> <li>Previous diagnosis</li> <li>Mass flow unit</li> <li>Volume flow unit</li> <li>Corrected volume flow unit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Temperature unit</li> <li>Density unit</li> <li>Reference density unit</li> <li>Concentration unit</li> <li>Current unit</li> <li>Verification status</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Totalizer 1 unit</li><li>Totalizer 2 unit</li><li>Totalizer 3 unit</li><li>Verification result</li></ul>

### Permanently assigned output group

Output Assembly Fix (Assem102) 64 byte

Designation	Description (format)	Byte	Bit	Value
Output	1. Totalizer 1	1	1	
Assembly Fix	2. Totalizer 2		2	
	3. Totalizer 3		3	
	4. Pressure compensation		4	0: Enable     1: Disable
	5. Reference density compensation		5	
	6. Temperature compensation		6	
	7. Verification		7	
	8. Not used		8	-

Designation	Description (format)	Byte	Bit	Value
	9. Not used	2-4	0-8	-
	10. Control totalizer 1 (integer)	5-6	0-8	<ul> <li>32226: Add</li> <li>32490: Reset and stop</li> <li>32228: Default value and stop</li> <li>198: Reset and add</li> <li>199: Default value and add</li> </ul>
	11. Not used	7-8	0-8	-
	12. Control totalizer 2 (integer)	9-10	0-8	See totalizer 1
	13. Not used	11-12	0-8	-
	14. Control totalizer 3 (integer)	13-14	0-8	See totalizer 1
	15. Not used	15-16	0-8	-
	16. External pressure (real)	17-20	0-8	Data format: Byte 1 to 4: External pressure Floating-point number (IEEE754)
	17. External pressure unit (integer)	21-22	0-8	<ul> <li>2165: Pa a</li> <li>2116: kPa a</li> <li>2137: MPa a</li> <li>4871: bar a</li> <li>2166: Pa g</li> <li>2117: kPa a</li> <li>2138: MPa a</li> <li>2053: bar g</li> <li>2182: Psi a</li> <li>2183: Psi g</li> <li>2244: Customer-specific</li> </ul>
	18. Not used	23-24	0-8	-
	19. External reference density (real)	25-28	0-8	Data format: Byte 1 to 4: External ref. density Floating-point number (IEEE754)
	20. External reference density unit (integer)	29-30	0-8	<ul> <li>2112: kg/Nm³</li> <li>2113: kg/Nl</li> <li>2092: g/Scm³</li> <li>2114: kg/Scm³</li> <li>2181: lb/Sft³</li> </ul>
	21. Not used	31-32	0-8	_
	22. External temperature (real)	33-36	0-8	Data format: Byte 1 to 4: External temperature Floating-point number (IEEE754)
	23. External temperature unit (integer)	37-38	0-8	■ 4608: °C ■ 4609: °F ■ 4610: K ■ 4611: °R
	24. Not used	39-40	0-8	-
	25. Start verification (integer)	41-42	0-8	<ul><li>32378: Start</li><li>32713: Cancel</li></ul>
	26. Not used	43-64	0-8	-

# 10 Commissioning

### 10.1 Function check

Before commissioning the measuring device:

- ▶ Make sure that the post-installation and post-connection checks have been performed.
- "Post-installation check" checklist → 🗎 37
- "Post-connection check" checklist  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 50$

### 10.2 Switching on the measuring device

- ▶ After a successful function check, switch on the measuring device.
  - After a successful startup, the local display switches automatically from the startup display to the operational display.

### 10.3 Configuring the device address via software

In the **"Communication" submenu** the device address can be set.

#### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Communication  $\rightarrow$  Device address

### 10.3.1 Ethernet network and Web server

When delivered, the measuring device has the following factory settings:

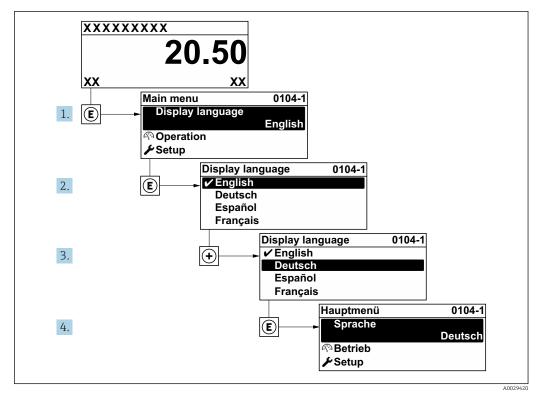
IP address	192.168.1.212
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	192.168.1.212



- If hardware addressing is active, software addressing is disabled.
- If a switch is made to hardware addressing, the address configured via software addressing is retained for the first 9 places (the first three octets).
- If the IP address of the device is not known, the device address currently configured can be read out → \bigsim 103.

# 10.4 Setting the operating language

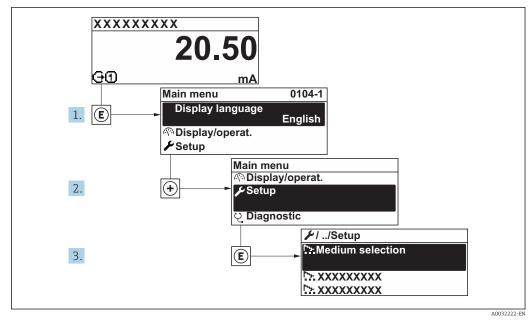
Factory setting: English or ordered local language



■ 27 Taking the example of the local display

10.5 Configuring the measuring device

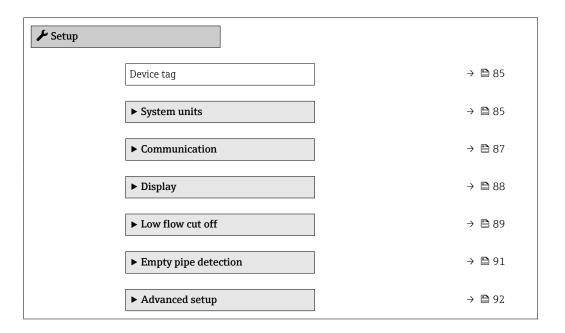
- The Setup menu with its guided wizards contains all the parameters needed for standard operation.
- Navigation to the **Setup** menu



■ 28 Taking the example of the local display

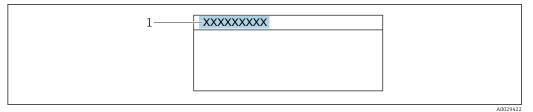
### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu



### 10.5.1 Defining the tag name

To enable fast identification of the measuring point within the system, you can enter a unique designation using the **Device tag** parameter and thus change the factory setting.



■ 29 Header of the operational display with tag name

1 Tag name

Enter the tag name in the "FieldCare" operating tool  $\rightarrow \triangleq 77$ 

### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Device tag

### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User entry	Factory setting
Device tag	Enter the name for the measuring point.	Max. 32 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /).	Promag 400

### 10.5.2 Setting the system units

In the **System units** submenu the units of all the measured values can be set.

Depending on the device version, not all submenus and parameters are available in every device. The selection can vary depending on the order code.

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Navigation} \\ \text{"Setup" menu} \rightarrow \text{System units} \end{array}$ 

► System units	
Volume flow unit	→ 🖺 86
Volume unit	→ 🖺 86
Conductivity unit	→ 🖺 86
Temperature unit	→ 🖺 86
Mass flow unit	→ 🖺 86
Mass unit	→ 🖺 87
Density unit	→ 🖺 87

### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Volume flow unit	-	Select volume flow unit.  Result  The selected unit applies for:  Output  Low flow cut off Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  l/h gal/min (us)
Volume unit	-	Select volume unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  m³ gal (us)
Conductivity unit	The <b>On</b> option is selected in the <b>Conductivity measurement</b> parameter parameter.	Select conductivity unit.  Effect  The selected unit applies for: Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	μS/cm
Temperature unit	-	Select temperature unit.  Result  The selected unit applies for:  Maximum value parameter  Minimum value parameter	Unit choose list	Country-specific:
Mass flow unit	-	Select mass flow unit.  Result  The selected unit applies for:  Output  Low flow cut off Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific:     kg/h     lb/min

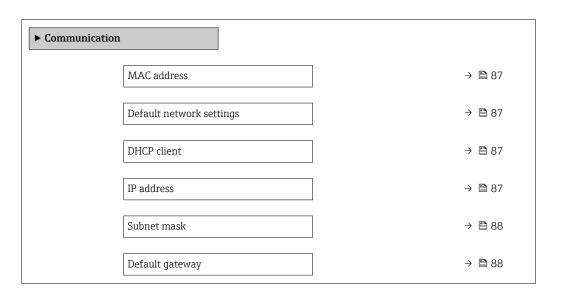
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Mass unit	_	Select mass unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • kg • lb
Density unit	-	Select density unit.  Result  The selected unit applies for:  Output  Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • kg/l  • lb/ft <sup>3</sup>

### 10.5.3 Configuring the communication interface

The **Communication** submenu guides you systematically through all the parameters that have to be configured for selecting and setting the communication interface.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Communication



### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
MAC address	Displays the MAC address of the measuring device.  MAC = Media Access Control	Unique 12-digit character string comprising letters and numbers, e.g.: 00:07:05:10:01:5F	Each measuring device is given an individual address.
Default network settings	Select whether to restore network settings.	Off On	Off
DHCP client	Select to activate/deactivate DHCP client functionality.	Off On	Off
	Result If the DHCP client functionality of the Web server is activated, the IP address, Subnet mask and Default gateway are set automatically.		
	Identification is via the MAC address of the measuring device.		
IP address	Displays the IP address of the Web server of the measuring device.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	192.168.1.212

Parameter	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Subnet mask	Displays the subnet mask.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	Displays the default gateway.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	0.0.0.0

### 10.5.4 Configuring the local display

The **Display** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that can configured for configuring the local display.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Display



### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Format display	A local display is provided.	Select how measured values are shown on the display.	<ul> <li>1 value, max. size</li> <li>1 bargraph + 1 value</li> <li>2 values</li> <li>1 value large + 2 values</li> <li>4 values</li> </ul>	1 value, max. size
Value 1 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Conductivity</li> <li>Electronic temperature</li> <li>Totalizer 1</li> <li>Totalizer 2</li> <li>Totalizer 3</li> </ul>	Volume flow

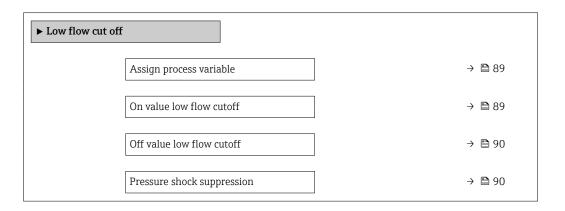
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
0% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  0 1/h 0 gal/min (us)
100% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Value 2 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the <b>Value 1 display</b> parameter	None
Value 3 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the <b>Value 1 display</b> parameter (→ 🖺 88)	None
0% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  • 0 l/h  • 0 gal/min (us)
100% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	0
Value 4 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the <b>Value 1 display</b> parameter (→ 🖺 88)	None

# 10.5.5 Configuring the low flow cut off

The **Low flow cut off** wizard systematically guides the user through all the parameters that must be set to configure low flow cut off.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Low flow cut off



### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for low flow cut off.	<ul><li> Off</li><li> Volume flow</li><li> Mass flow</li></ul>	Volume flow
On value low flow cutoff	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 89):  • Volume flow  • Mass flow	Enter on value for low flow cut off.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter

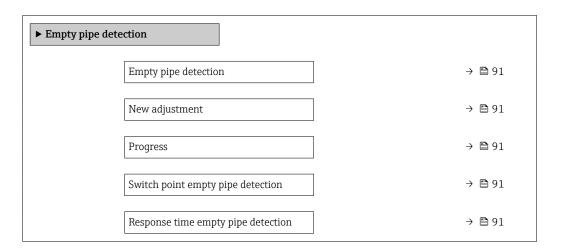
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Off value low flow cutoff	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 89):  Volume flow  Mass flow		0 to 100.0 %	50 %
Pressure shock suppression	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 89):  Volume flow  Mass flow	Enter time frame for signal suppression (= active pressure shock suppression).	0 to 100 s	0 s

### 10.5.6 Configuring empty pipe detection

The **Empty pipe detection** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring empty pipe detection.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Empty pipe detection



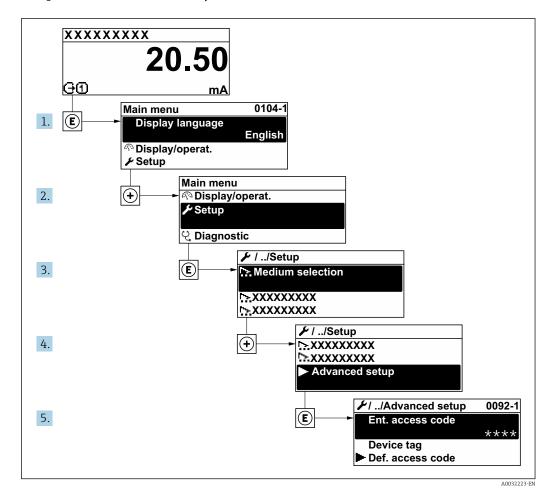
### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Empty pipe detection	-	Switch empty pipe detection on and off.	Off On	Off
New adjustment	The <b>On</b> option is selected in the <b>Empty pipe detection</b> parameter.	Select type of adjustment.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>Empty pipe adjust</li><li>Full pipe adjust</li></ul>	Cancel
Progress	The <b>On</b> option is selected in the <b>Empty pipe detection</b> parameter.	Shows the progress.	<ul><li>Ok</li><li>Busy</li><li>Not ok</li></ul>	-
Switch point empty pipe detection	The <b>On</b> option is selected in the <b>Empty pipe detection</b> parameter.	Enter hysteresis in %, below this value the measuring tube will detected as empty.	0 to 100 %	50 %
Response time empty pipe detection	In the <b>Empty pipe detection</b> parameter (→ 🖺 91), the <b>On</b> option is selected.	Enter the time before diagnostic message S862 'Pipe empty' is displayed for empty pipe detection.	0 to 100 s	1s

# 10.6 Advanced settings

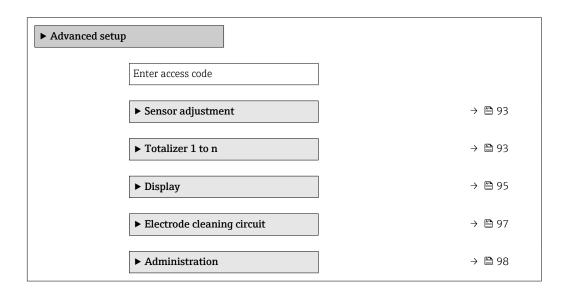
The **Advanced setup** submenu together with its submenus contains parameters for specific settings.

Navigation to the "Advanced setup" submenu



### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup

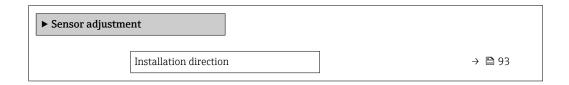


### 10.6.1 Carrying out a sensor adjustment

The **Sensor adjustment** submenu contains parameters that pertain to the functionality of the sensor.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Sensor adjustment



### Parameter overview with brief description

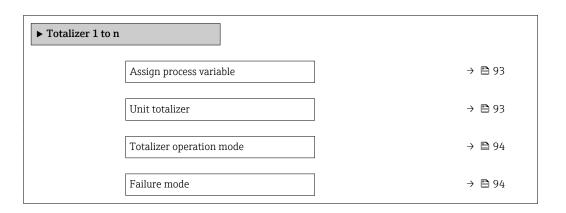
Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Installation direction	Set sign of flow direction to match the direction of the arrow on the sensor.	<ul><li>Flow in arrow direction</li><li>Flow against arrow direction</li></ul>	Flow in arrow direction

### 10.6.2 Configuring the totalizer

In the "Totalizer 1 to n" submenu the individual totalizer can be configured.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Totalizer 1 to n



### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for totalizer.	<ul><li> Off</li><li> Volume flow</li><li> Mass flow</li></ul>	Volume flow
Unit totalizer	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 93) of the <b>Totalizer 1 to n</b> submenu:  Volume flow  Mass flow	Select process variable totalizer unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  l gal (us)

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Totalizer operation mode	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🖺 93) of the Totalizer 1 to n submenu:  Volume flow Mass flow	Select totalizer calculation mode.	<ul> <li>Net flow total</li> <li>Forward flow total</li> <li>Reverse flow total</li> </ul>	Net flow total
Failure mode	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🖺 93) of the Totalizer 1 to n submenu:  Volume flow Mass flow	Define totalizer behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Stop</li><li>Actual value</li><li>Last valid value</li></ul>	Stop

# 10.6.3 Carrying out additional display configurations

In the **Display** submenu you can set all the parameters associated with the configuration of the local display.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Display

Format display  Value 1 display  → □ 96  0% bargraph value 1  → □ 96  100% bargraph value 1  → □ 96  Decimal places 1  Value 2 display  → □ 96  Value 3 display  → □ 96
Value 1 display $\rightarrow \                                   $
Decimal places 1 $\rightarrow \ \  \  \  \Rightarrow \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \ $
Decimal places 2 $\rightarrow \ \  \   \Rightarrow \  \   96$ Value 3 display $\rightarrow \  \   \   \Rightarrow \  \   96$
Value 3 display → 🗎 96
0% bargraph value 3 → 🖺 96
100% bargraph value 3 → 🗎 96
Decimal places 3 → 🗎 96
Value 4 display → 🗎 96
Decimal places 4 → 🖺 96
Display language → 🖺 97
Display interval → 🖺 97
Display damping → 🖺 97
Header → 🖺 97
Header text → 🖺 97
Separator → 🖺 97
Backlight → 🖺 97

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Format display	A local display is provided.	Select how measured values are shown on the display.	<ul> <li>1 value, max. size</li> <li>1 bargraph + 1 value</li> <li>2 values</li> <li>1 value large + 2 values</li> <li>4 values</li> </ul>	1 value, max. size
Value 1 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Conductivity</li> <li>Electronic temperature</li> <li>Totalizer 1</li> <li>Totalizer 2</li> <li>Totalizer 3</li> </ul>	Volume flow
0% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  Ol/h Ogal/min (us)
100% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Decimal places 1	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 1 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	X     X.X     X.XX     X.XXX     X.XXXX	x.xx
Value 2 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the <b>Value 1 display</b> parameter	None
Decimal places 2	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 2 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	X     X.X     X.XX     X.XXX     X.XXX	x.xx
Value 3 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the <b>Value 1 display</b> parameter (→ 🖺 88)	None
0% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  0 l/h 0 gal/min (us)
100% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	0
Decimal places 3	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	X     X.X     X.XX     X.XXX     X.XXXX	x.xx
Value 4 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the <b>Value 1 display</b> parameter (→ 🖺 88)	None
Decimal places 4	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 4 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	X     X.X     X.XX     X.XXX     X.XXXX	x.xx

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Display language	A local display is provided.	Set display language.	<ul> <li>English</li> <li>Deutsch*</li> <li>Français*</li> <li>Español*</li> <li>Italiano*</li> <li>Nederlands*</li> <li>Portuguesa*</li> <li>Polski*</li> <li>pусский язык (Russian)*</li> <li>Svenska*</li> <li>Türkçe*</li> <li>中文 (Chinese)*</li> <li>日本語 (Japanese)*</li> <li>한국어 (Korean)*</li> <li>武山 (Arabic)*</li> <li>Bahasa Indonesia*</li> <li>ภาษาไทย (Thai)*</li> <li>tiếng Việt (Vietnamese)*</li> <li>čeština (Czech)*</li> </ul>	English (alternatively, the ordered language is preset in the device)
Display interval	A local display is provided.	Set time measured values are shown on display if display alternates between values.	1 to 10 s	5 s
Display damping	A local display is provided.	Set display reaction time to fluctuations in the measured value.	0.0 to 999.9 s	0.0 s
Header	A local display is provided.	Select header contents on local display.	<ul><li>Device tag</li><li>Free text</li></ul>	Device tag
Header text	In the <b>Header</b> parameter, the <b>Free text</b> option is selected.	Enter display header text.	Max. 12 characters such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /)	
Separator	A local display is provided.	Select decimal separator for displaying numerical values.	<ul><li>. (point)</li><li>, (comma)</li></ul>	. (point)
Backlight	A local display is provided.	Switch the local display backlight on and off.	<ul><li>Disable</li><li>Enable</li></ul>	Enable

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

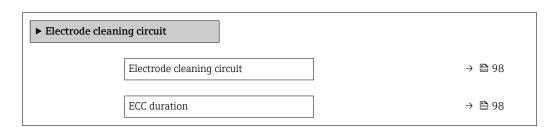
# 10.6.4 Performing electrode cleaning

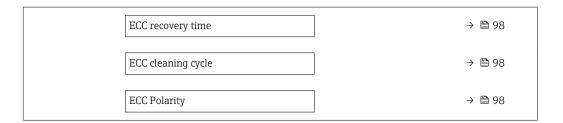
The **Electrode cleaning circuit** wizard guides the user systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring electrode cleaning.



### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Electrode cleaning circuit





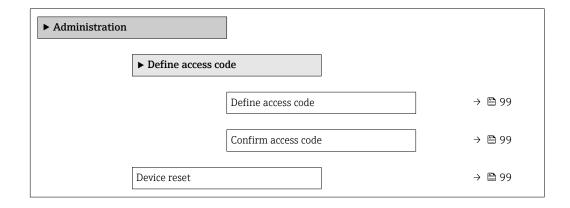
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Electrode cleaning circuit	For the following order code: "Application package", option EC "ECC electrode cleaning"	Enable the cyclic electrode cleaning circuit.	Off On	Off
ECC duration	For the following order code: "Application package", option EC "ECC electrode cleaning"	Enter the duration of electrode cleaning in seconds.	0.01 to 30 s	2 s
ECC recovery time	For the following order code: "Application package", option EC "ECC electrode cleaning"	Define recovery time after electrode cleaning. During this time the current output values will be held at last valid value.	Positive floating- point number	5 s
ECC cleaning cycle	For the following order code: "Application package", option EC "ECC electrode cleaning"	Enter the pause duration between electrode cleaning cycles.	0.5 to 168 h	0.66 h
ECC Polarity	For the following order code: "Application package", option EC "ECC electrode cleaning"	Select the polarity of the electrode cleaning circuit.	<ul><li>Positive</li><li>Negative</li></ul>	Depends on the electrode material: • Platinum: Negative option • Tantalum, Alloy C22, stainless steel: Positive option

### 10.6.5 Using parameters for device administration

The **Administration** submenu systematically guides the user through all the parameters that can be used for device administration purposes.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Administration



Parameter	Description	User entry / Selection	Factory setting
Define access code	Restrict write-access to parameters to protect the configuration of the device against unintentional changes via the local display.	0 to 9 999	0
Confirm access code	Confirm the entered access code.	0 to 9 999	0
Device reset	Reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state.	<ul> <li>Cancel</li> <li>To delivery settings</li> <li>Restart device</li> <li>Delete powerfail storage</li> <li>Delete T-DAT</li> </ul>	Cancel

#### 10.7 Simulation

The **Simulation** submenu enables you to simulate, without a real flow situation, various process variables in the process and the device alarm mode and to verify downstream signal chains (switching valves or closed-control loops).

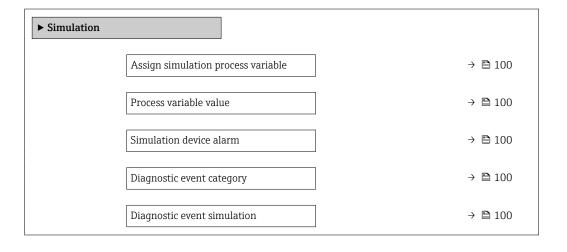


The parameters displayed depend on:

- The selected device order
- The set operating mode of the pulse/frequency/switch outputs

### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Simulation



Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign simulation process variable	-	Select a process variable for the simulation process that is activated.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Conductivity*</li> </ul>	Off
Process variable value	One of the following options is selected in the Assign simulation process variable parameter (→ 🖹 100):  Volume flow  Mass flow  Corrected volume flow  Flow velocity  Conductivity*  Corrected conductivity*  Temperature	Enter the simulation value for the selected process variable.	Depends on the process variable selected	0
Simulation device alarm	-	Switch the device alarm on and off.	Off On	Off
Diagnostic event category	-	Select a diagnostic event category.	<ul><li>Sensor</li><li>Electronics</li><li>Configuration</li><li>Process</li></ul>	Process
Diagnostic event simulation	-	Select a diagnostic event to simulate this event.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Diagnostic event picklist (depends on the category selected)</li> </ul>	Off

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

### 10.8 Protecting settings from unauthorized access

The following options exist for protecting the configuration of the measuring device from unintentional modification after commissioning:

- Write protection via access code for the local display and Web browser
- Write protection via write protection switch
- Write protection via keypad lock

### 10.8.1 Write protection via access code

The effects of the user-specific access code are as follows:

- Via local operation, the parameters for the measuring device configuration are write-protected and their values can no longer be changed.
- Device access is protected via the Web browser, as are the parameters for the measuring device configuration.

### Defining the access code via local display

- 1. Navigate to the **Define access code** parameter.
- 2. Define a max. 16-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters as the access code.
- 3. Enter the access code again in the to confirm the code.
  - ► The 🗈-symbol appears in front of all write-protected parameters.

The device automatically locks the write-protected parameters again if a key is not pressed for 10 minutes in the navigation and editing view. The device locks the write-protected

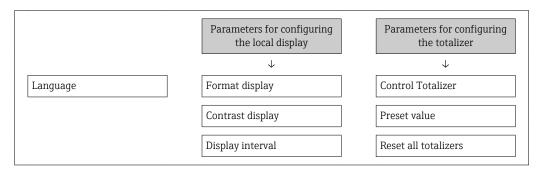
parameters automatically after 60 s if the user skips back to the operational display mode from the navigation and editing view.



- The user role with which the user is currently logged on via the local display is indicated by the → \( \begin{align\*} \ext{64 Access status display} \) parameter. Navigation path: Operation \( \to \) Access status display

### Parameters which can always be modified via the local display

Certain parameters that do not affect the measurement are excepted from parameter write protection via the local display. Despite the user-specific access code, they can always be modified, even if the other parameters are locked.



#### Defining the access code via the Web browser

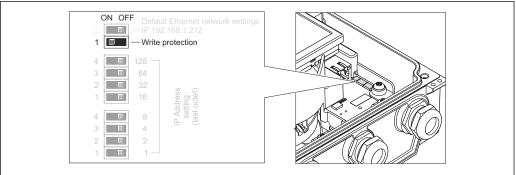
- 1. Navigate to the **Define access code** parameter.
- 2. Define a max. 16-digit numeric code as an access code.
- 3. Enter the access code again in the to confirm the code.
  - → The Web browser switches to the login page.
- If no action is performed for 10 minutes, the Web browser automatically returns to the login page.
- If parameter write protection is activated via an access code, it can also only be deactivated via this access code → 🖺 64.
  - The user role with which the user is currently logged on via Web browser is indicated by the **Access status tooling** parameter. Navigation path: Operation → Access status tooling

### 10.8.2 Write protection via write protection switch

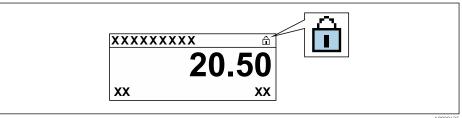
Unlike parameter write protection via a user-specific access code, this allows write access to the entire operating menu - except for the **"Contrast display" parameter** - to be locked.

The parameter values are now read only and cannot be edited any more (exception "Contrast display" parameter):

- Via local display
- Via EtherNet/IP protocol



- 1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover and open the housing cover.
- 2. Setting the write protection switch (WP) on the main electronics module to the **ON** position enables the hardware write protection. Setting the write protection switch (WP) on the main electronics module to the **OFF** position (factory setting) disables the hardware write protection.
  - └ If the hardware write protection is enabled: The **Hardware locked** option is displayed in the **Locking status** parameter . In addition, on the local display the 🖻 -symbol appears in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.



If the hardware write protection is disabled: No option is displayed in the **Locking status** parameter . On the local display, the 🗟-symbol disappears from in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.

### 3. **A WARNING**

Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws! Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.

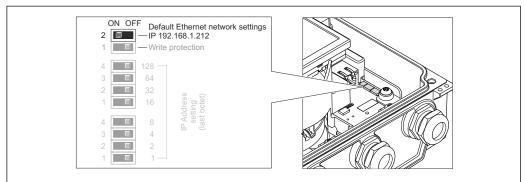
► Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque .

Reverse the removal procedure to reassemble the transmitter.

# 11 Operation

### 11.1 Read out and modify current Ethernet settings

If the Ethernet settings such as the IP address of the measuring device are unknown, they can be read out and modified as explained in the following example for an IP address.



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#### **Prerequisite**

- Software addressing is enabled: All the DIP switches for hardware addressing are set to OFF.
- Measuring device is switched on.
- 1. Set the DIP switch for "Default Ethernet network settings, IP 192.168.1.212" from **OFF**  $\rightarrow$  **ON**.
- 2. Restart the device.
  - The device's Ethernet settings are reset to their factory settings: IP address: 192.168.1.212; Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0; Default gateway: 192.168.1.212
- 3. Enter the default setting for the IP address in the address line of the Web browser.
- 4. Navigate to IP address parameter in the operating menu: Setup → Communication → IP address
  - ► The parameter displays the configured IP address.
- 5. Change the IP address of the device if necessary.
- 6. Set the DIP switch for "Default Ethernet network settings, IP 192.168.1.212" from **ON**  $\rightarrow$  **OFF**
- 7. Restart the device.
  - The modified IP address of the device is now enabled.

# 11.2 Reading the device locking status

Device active write protection: Locking status parameter

Operation  $\rightarrow$  Locking status

Function scope of the "Locking status" parameter

Options	Description
None	The access status displayed in the <b>Access status display</b> parameter applies → 🖺 64. Only appears on local display.
Hardware locked	The DIP switch for hardware locking is activated on the main electronics module. This locks write access to the parameters (e.g. via local display or operating tool) .
Temporarily locked	Write access to the parameters is temporarily locked on account of internal processes running in the device (e.g. data upload/download, reset etc.). Once the internal processing has been completed, the parameters can be changed once again.

#### Adjusting the operating language 11.3



Petailed information:

- To configure the operating language → 83
- For information on the operating languages supported by the measuring device → 🖺 162

#### Configuring the display 11.4

Detailed information:

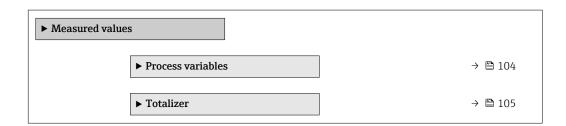
- On the advanced settings for the local display  $\rightarrow = 95$

#### 11.5 Reading measured values

With the **Measured values** submenu, it is possible to read all the measured values.

#### **Navigation**

"Diagnostics" menu → Measured values → Output values



#### **Process variables** 11.5.1

The **Process variables** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for each process variable.

### **Navigation**

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Process variables



Mass flow	→ 🖺 105
Conductivity	→ 🖺 105

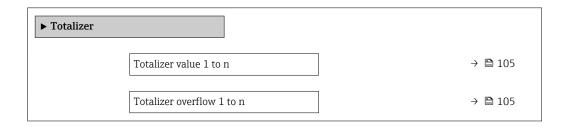
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Volume flow	-	Displays the volume flow currently measured.	Signed floating-point number
		Dependency The unit is taken from the <b>Volume flow</b> unit parameter (→ 🖺 86).	
Mass flow	-	Displays the mass flow currently calculated.	Signed floating-point number
		Dependency The unit is taken from the Mass flow unit parameter $(\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	
Conductivity	The <b>On</b> option is selected in the <b>Conductivity measurement</b> parameter.	Displays the conductivity currently measured.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Conductivity	Signed floating-point number
		unit parameter (→ 🖺 86).	

### 11.5.2 "Totalizer" submenu

The **Totalizer** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every totalizer.

### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Totalizer



### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Totalizer value 1 to n	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 93) of the <b>Totalizer</b> 1 to n submenu:  Volume flow Mass flow	Displays the current totalizer counter value.	Signed floating-point number
Totalizer overflow 1 to n	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 93) of the <b>Totalizer</b> 1 to n submenu:  Volume flow Mass flow	Displays the current totalizer overflow.	Integer with sign

# 11.6 Adapting the measuring device to the process conditions

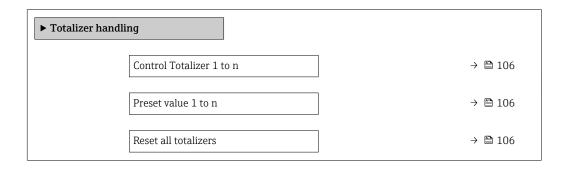
The following are available for this purpose:

- Basic settings using the **Setup** menu (→ 🖺 84)
- Advanced settings using the Advanced setup submenu (→ 🗎 92)

# 11.7 Performing a totalizer reset

### Navigation

"Operation" menu → Totalizer handling



### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Control Totalizer 1 to n	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 93) of the <b>Totalizer 1 to n</b> submenu:  Volume flow  Mass flow	Control totalizer value.	<ul> <li>Totalize</li> <li>Reset + hold</li> <li>Preset + hold</li> <li>Reset + totalize</li> <li>Preset + totalize</li> <li>Hold</li> </ul>	Totalize
Preset value 1 to n	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🗎 93) of the <b>Totalizer 1 to n</b> submenu:  Volume flow  Mass flow	Specify start value for totalizer.  Dependency  The unit of the selected process variable is specified for the totalizer in the Unit totalizer parameter (→ ● 93).	Signed floating-point number	01
Reset all totalizers	_	Reset all totalizers to 0 and start.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>Reset + totalize</li></ul>	Cancel

### 11.7.1 Function scope of the "Control Totalizer" parameter

Options	Description
Totalize	The totalizer is started or continues running.
Reset + hold	The totaling process is stopped and the totalizer is reset to 0.
Preset + hold	The totaling process is stopped and the totalizer is set to its defined start value from the <b>Preset value</b> parameter.
Reset + totalize	The totalizer is reset to 0 and the totaling process is restarted.

Options	Description	
Preset + totalize	The totalizer is set to the defined start value from the <b>Preset value</b> parameter and the totaling process is restarted.	
Hold	Totalizing is stopped.	

### 11.7.2 Function scope of the "Reset all totalizers" parameter

Options	Description	
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.	
Reset + totalize	Resets all totalizers to 0 and restarts the totaling process. This deletes all the flow values previously totalized.	

# 11.8 Showing data logging

The **Extended HistoROM** application package must be enabled in the device (order option) for the **Data logging** submenu to appear. This contains all the parameters for the measured value history.

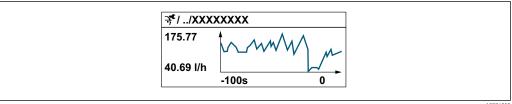


Data logging is also available via:

- Plant Asset Management Tool FieldCare → 🖺 76.
- Web browser

#### **Function** range

- A total of 1000 measured values can be stored
- 4 logging channels
- Adjustable logging interval for data logging
- Display of the measured value trend for each logging channel in the form of a chart

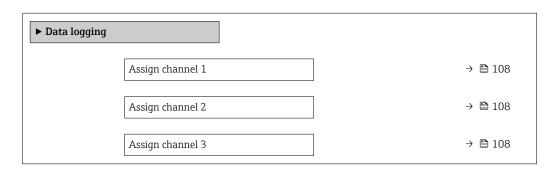


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- x-axis: depending on the number of channels selected displays 250 to 1000 measured values of a process variable.
- y-axis: displays the approximate measured value span and constantly adapts this to the ongoing measurement.
- If the length of the logging interval or the assignment of the process variables to the channels is changed, the content of the data logging is deleted.

#### **Navigation**

"Diagnostics" menu → Data logging



Assign channel 4	→ 🖺 108
Logging interval	→ 🖺 109
Clear logging data	→ 🖺 109
▶ Display channel 1	
▶ Display channel 2	
▶ Display channel 3	
▶ Display channel 4	

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign channel 1	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign a process variable to logging channel.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Conductivity</li> <li>Electronic temperature</li> </ul>	Off
Assign channel 2	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign process variable to logging channel.	Picklist, see <b>Assign channel 1</b> parameter (→ 🖺 108)	Off
Assign channel 3	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign process variable to logging channel.	Picklist, see <b>Assign channel 1</b> parameter (→ 🖺 108)	Off
Assign channel 4	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign process variable to logging channel.	Picklist, see <b>Assign channel 1</b> parameter (→ 🖺 108)	Off

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Logging interval	The <b>Extended HistoROM</b> application package is available.	Define the logging interval for data logging. This value defines the time interval between the individual data points in the memory.	1.0 to 3 600.0 s	10.0 s
Clear logging data	The <b>Extended HistoROM</b> application package is available.	Clear the entire logging data.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>Clear data</li></ul>	Cancel

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 12 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

# 12.1 General troubleshooting

For local display

Error	Possible causes	Solution
Local display dark and no output signals	Supply voltage does not match the value indicated on the nameplate.	Apply the correct supply voltage  → 🖺 45→ 🖺 45.
Local display dark and no output signals	No contact between connecting cables and terminals.	Check the connection of the cables and correct if necessary.
Local display dark and no output signals	Terminals are not plugged into the main electronics module correctly.	Check terminals.
Local display dark and no output signals	Main electronics module is defective.	Order spare part → 🖺 134.
Local display dark and no output signals	The connector between the main electronics module and display module is not plugged in correctly.	Check the connection and correct if necessary.
Local display dark and no output signals	The connecting cable is not plugged in correctly.	Check the connection of the electrode cable and correct if necessary.     Check the connection of the coil current cable and correct if necessary.
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	Display is set too bright or too dark.	<ul> <li>Set the display brighter by simultaneously pressing ⊕ + €.</li> <li>Set the display darker by simultaneously pressing ⊕ + €.</li> </ul>
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	Display module is defective.	Order spare part → 🖺 134.
Backlighting of local display is red	Diagnostic event with "Alarm" diagnostic behavior has occurred.	Take remedial measures
Text on local display appears in a foreign language and cannot be understood.	Incorrect operating language is configured.	1. Press = + + + + for 2 s ("home position"). 2. Press ■. 3. Set the desired language in the <b>Display language</b> parameter (→ ■ 97).
Message on local display: "Communication Error" "Check Electronics"	Communication between the display module and the electronics is interrupted.	<ul> <li>Check the cable and the connector between the main electronics module and display module.</li> <li>Order spare part →   134.</li> </ul>

### For output signals

Error	Possible causes	Solution
Signal output outside the valid range	Main electronics module is defective.	Order spare part → 🖺 134.
Device shows correct value on local display, but signal output is incorrect, though in the valid range.	Configuration error	Check and correct the parameter configuration.
Device measures incorrectly.	Configuration error or device is operated outside the application.	Check and correct parameter configuration.     Observe limit values specified in the "Technical Data".

#### For access

Error	Possible causes	Solution
No write access to parameters	Hardware write protection enabled	Set the write protection switch on main electronics module to the <b>OFF</b> position $\rightarrow \blacksquare$ 101.
No write access to parameters	Current user role has limited access authorization	1. Check user role → 🗎 64. 2. Enter correct customer-specific access code → 🗎 64.
No connection via EtherNet/IP	Device plug connected incorrectly	Check the pin assignment of the device plug .
Not connecting to Web server	Web server disabled	Using the "FieldCare" or "DeviceCare" operating tool, check whether the Web server of the measuring device is enabled, and enable it if necessary → 🖺 72.
	Incorrect setting for the Ethernet interface of the computer	1. Check the properties of the Internet protocol (TCP/IP) → 🗎 68. 2. Check the network settings with the IT manager.
Not connecting to Web server	■ Incorrect IP address ■ IP address is not known	1. If addressing via hardware: open the transmitter and check the IP address configured (last octet). 2. Check the IP address of the measuring device with the network manager. 3. If the IP address is not known, set DIP switch no. 10 to ON, restart the device and enter the factory IP address 192.168.1.212.
		is interrupted by enabling the DIP switch.
	Web browser setting "Use a Proxy Server for Your LAN" is enabled	Disable the use of the proxy server in the Web browser settings of the computer. Using the example of MS Internet Explorer: 1. Under Control Panel open Internet options. 2. Select the Connections tab and then double-click LAN settings. 3. In the LAN settings disable the use of the proxy server and select OK to confirm.
	Apart from the active network connection to the measuring device, other network connections are also being used.	<ul> <li>Make sure that no other network connections are established by the computer (also no WLAN) and close other programs with network access to the computer.</li> <li>If using a docking station for notebooks, make sure that a network connection to another network is not active.</li> </ul>
Web browser frozen and operation no longer possible	Data transfer active	Wait until data transfer or current action is finished.
	Connection lost	Check cable connection and power supply.     Refresh the Web browser and restart if necessary.

Error	Possible causes	Solution
Content of Web browser incomplete or difficult to read	Not using optimum version of Web server.	Use the correct Web browser version .     Clear the Web browser cache and restart the Web browser.
	Unsuitable view settings.	Change the font size/display ratio of the Web browser.
No or incomplete display of contents in the Web browser	<ul><li> JavaScript not enabled</li><li> JavaScript cannot be enabled</li></ul>	1. Enable JavaScript. 2. Enter http://192.168.1.212/basic.html as the IP address.
Operation with FieldCare or DeviceCare via CDI-RJ45 service interface (port 8000)	Firewall of computer or network is preventing communication	Depending on the settings of the firewall used on the computer or in the network, the firewall must be adapted or disabled to allow FieldCare/DeviceCare access.
Flashing of firmware with FieldCare or DeviceCare via CDI-RJ45 service interface (via port 8000 or TFTP ports)	Firewall of computer or network is preventing communication	Depending on the settings of the firewall used on the computer or in the network, the firewall must be adapted or disabled to allow FieldCare/DeviceCare access.

# 12.2 Diagnostic information via light emitting diodes

## 12.2.1 Transmitter

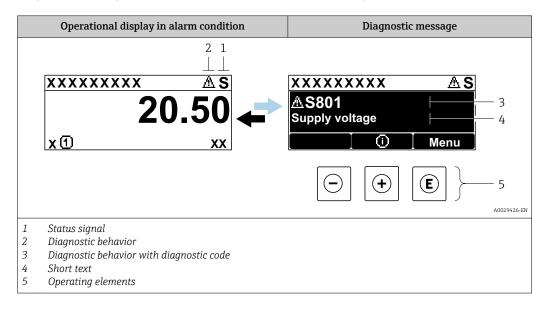
Different LEDs in the transmitter provide information on the device status.

LED	Color	Meaning
Supply voltage	Off	Supply voltage is off or too low
	Green	Supply voltage is ok
Device status	Green	Device status is ok
	Flashing red	A device error of diagnostic behavior "Warning" has occurred
	Red	A device error of diagnostic behavior "Alarm" has occurred
	Alternately flashing red/ green	Boot loader is active
Network status	Off	Device has no EtherNet/IP address
	Green	Device's EtherNet/IP connection is active
	Flashing green	Device has EtherNet/IP address but no EtherNet/IP connection
	Red	EtherNet/IP address of the device has been assigned twice
	Flashing red	Device's EtherNet/IP connection is in timeout mode
Link/Activity	Orange	Link available but no activity
	Flashing orange	Activity present
Alarm	Green	Measuring device is ok
	Flashing green	Measuring device not configured
	Off	Firmware error
	Red	Main error
	Flashing red	Error
	Flashing red/green	Start measuring device

# 12.3 Diagnostic information on local display

### 12.3.1 Diagnostic message

Faults detected by the self-monitoring system of the measuring device are displayed as a diagnostic message in alternation with the operational display.



If two or more diagnostic events are pending simultaneously, only the message of the diagnostic event with the highest priority is shown.

- Other diagnostic events that have occurred can be displayed in the **Diagnostics** menu:
  - Via parameter
  - Via submenus  $\rightarrow$  🗎 128

#### Status signals

The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

The status signals are categorized according to VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107: F = Failure, C = Function Check, S = Out of Specification, M = Maintenance Required

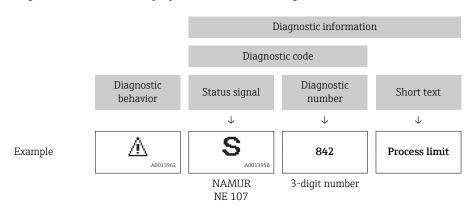
Symbol	Meaning
F	Failure A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
С	Function check The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
S	Out of specification The device is operated: Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)
М	Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value remains valid.

### Diagnostic behavior

Symbol	Meaning
8	<ul> <li>Alarm</li> <li>Measurement is interrupted.</li> <li>Signal outputs and totalizers assume the defined alarm condition.</li> <li>A diagnostic message is generated.</li> <li>The background lighting changes to red.</li> </ul>
Δ	Warning Measurement is resumed. The signal outputs and totalizers are not affected. A diagnostic message is generated.

### Diagnostic information

The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the corresponding symbol for the diagnostic behavior is displayed in front of the diagnostic information on the local display.



### Operating elements

Key	Meaning
( <del>+</del> )	Plus key In a menu, submenu
	Opens the message about remedy information.
	Enter key
(E)	In a menu, submenu Opens the operating menu.

#### XXXXXXXX AS XXXXXXXX **AS801** Supply voltage x ① 1. $(\mathbf{+})$ Diagnostic list $\triangle$ S Diagnostics 1 <u>A</u> S801 Supply voltage Diagnostics 2 **Diagnostics 3** 2. Œ Supply voltage (ID:203) △ S801 0d00h02m25s **—** 5 Increase supply voltage (a) + (b) 3.

### 12.3.2 Calling up remedial measures

A0029431-EN

- 30 Message about remedial measures
- 1 Diagnostic information
- 2 Short text
- 3 Service ID
- 4 Diagnostic behavior with diagnostic code
- 5 Operation time of occurrence
- 6 Remedial measures
- 1. The user is in the diagnostic message.

Press ± (① symbol).

- The **Diagnostic list** submenu opens.
- 2. Select the desired diagnostic event with  $\pm$  or  $\Box$  and press  $\Box$ .
  - ► The message about the remedial measures opens.
- 3. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ► The message about the remedial measures closes.

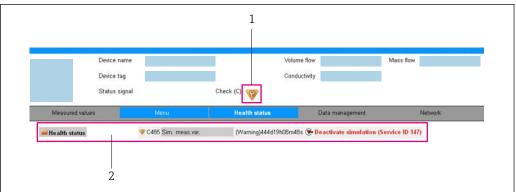
The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu at an entry for a diagnostics event, e.g. in the **Diagnostic list** submenu or **Previous diagnostics** parameter.

- 1. Press E.
  - ► The message for the remedial measures for the selected diagnostic event opens.
- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ► The message for the remedial measures closes.

## 12.4 Diagnostic information in the Web browser

#### 12.4.1 Diagnostic options

Any faults detected by the measuring device are displayed in the Web browser on the home page once the user has logged on.



A0032880

- 1 Status area with status signal
- In addition, diagnostic events which have occurred can be shown in the **Diagnostics** menu:
  - Via parameter
  - Via submenu → 🗎 128

#### Status signals

The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

Symbol	Meaning
8	Failure A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
<b>W</b>	Function check The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
<u>^</u>	Out of specification The device is operated: Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)
<b>&amp;</b>	Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value is still valid.

The status signals are categorized in accordance with VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107.

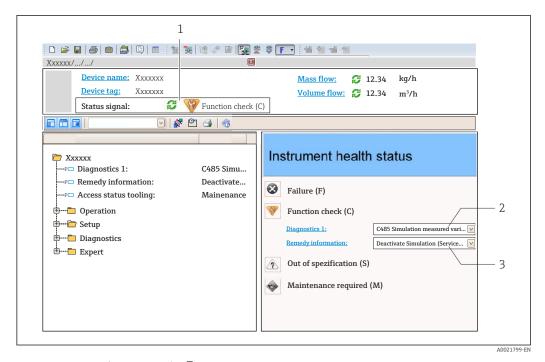
### 12.4.2 Calling up remedy information

Remedy information is provided for every diagnostic event to ensure that problems can be rectified quickly. These measures are displayed in red along with the diagnostic event and the related diagnostic information.

# 12.5 Diagnostic information in DeviceCare or FieldCare

#### 12.5.1 Diagnostic options

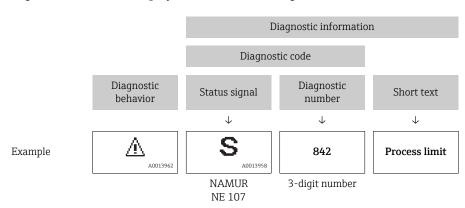
Any faults detected by the measuring device are displayed on the home page of the operating tool once the connection has been established.



- 1 Status area with status signal→ 🖺 113
- 2 Diagnostic information → 🖺 114
- 3 Remedy information with Service ID
- In addition, diagnostic events which have occurred can be shown in the **Diagnostics** menu:
  - Via parameter
  - Via submenu → 🗎 128

#### **Diagnostic information**

The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the corresponding symbol for the diagnostic behavior is displayed in front of the diagnostic information on the local display.



### 12.5.2 Calling up remedy information

Remedy information is provided for every diagnostic event to ensure that problems can be rectified quickly:

- On the home page Remedy information is displayed in a separate field below the diagnostics information.
- In the **Diagnostics** menu
   Remedy information can be called up in the working area of the user interface.

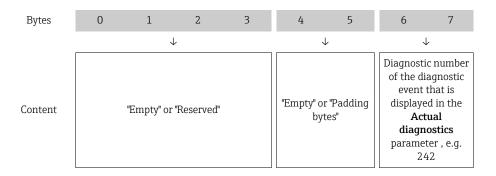
The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu.

- 1. Call up the desired parameter.
- 2. On the right in the working area, mouse over the parameter.
  - ► A tool tip with remedy information for the diagnostic event appears.

## 12.6 Diagnostic information via communication interface

### 12.6.1 Reading out diagnostic information

The current diagnostic event and associated diagnostic information can be read out via the input assembly (fix assembly):



For the content of bytes 8 to  $16 \rightarrow 2$ 

# 12.7 Adapting the diagnostic information

### 12.7.1 Adapting the diagnostic behavior

Each item of diagnostic information is assigned a specific diagnostic behavior at the factory. The user can change this assignment for specific diagnostic information in the **Diagnostic behavior** submenu.

Expert → System → Diagnostic handling → Diagnostic behavior

You can assign the following options to the diagnostic number as the diagnostic behavior:

Options	Description
Alarm	The device stops measurement. The totalizers assume the defined alarm condition. A diagnostic message is generated. The background lighting changes to red.
Warning	The device continues to measure. The totalizers are not affected. A diagnostic message is generated.
Logbook entry only	The device continues to measure. The diagnostic message is displayed only in the <b>Event logbook</b> submenu ( <b>Event list</b> submenu) and is not displayed in alternation with the operational display.
Off	The diagnostic event is ignored, and no diagnostic message is generated or entered.

# 12.8 Overview of diagnostic information

- The amount of diagnostic information and the number of measured variables affected increase if the measuring device has one or more application packages.

## 12.8.1 Diagnostic of sensor

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
004	Sensor		Change sensor     Contact service	-
			2. Contact service	
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	SI	hort text		variables
022	Sensor temperature		Change main electronic module     Change sensor	-
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
043	Sensor short circuit		Check sensor and cable     Change sensor or cable	_
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	SI	hort text		variables
062	Sensor connection		Check sensor connections     Contact service	_
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	2	Short text		variables
082	Data storage		Check module connections     Contact service	-
			2. Contact service	
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	S	hort text		variables
083	Memory content		Restart device     Contact service	_
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	SI	hort text		variables
190	Special event 1		Contact service	_
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

# 12.8.2 Diagnostic of electronic

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	S	hort text		variables
201	Device failure		1. Restart device	-
			2. Contact service	
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information  No. Short text		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables	
222	Electronic drift		Change main electronic module	-
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	S	hort text		variables
242	Software incompatible		1. Check software	-
			2. Flash or change main electronics	
	Status signal	F	module	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	<b>Diagnostic</b> i	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	SI	hort text		variables
252	Modules incompatible		Check electronic modules     Change electronic modules	-
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	SI	hort text		variables
262	Module connection		Check module connections     Change main electronics	_
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Si	hort text		variables
270	Main electronic failure		Change main electronic module	_
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	SI	hort text		
271	Main electronic failure		Restart device     Change main electronic module	-
	Status signal	F	3	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
272	Main electronic failure		1. Restart device	_
			2. Contact service	
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Si	hort text		variables
273	Main electronic failure		Change electronic	_
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
281	Electronic initialization		Firmware update active, please wait!	-
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
283	Memory content		Reset device     Contact service	_
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

No.	Diagnostic information  No. Short text		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
302	Device verification active	HOLL COAL	Device verification active, please wait.	_
302	Device verification active		Device verification active, please wait.	
	Status signal	С		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

No.	Diagnostic information  No. Short text		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
311	Electronic failure		1. Reset device	_
			2. Contact service	
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
311	Electronic failure		1. Do not reset device	_
			2. Contact service	
	Status signal	M		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Si	hort text		variables
322	Electronic drift		Perform verification manually     Change electronic	-
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
382	Data storage		1. Insert DAT module	-
			2. Change DAT module	
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	SI	nort text		variables
383	Memory content		Restart device     Check or change DAT module 3. Contact	_
	Status signal	F	service	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
390	Special event 2		Contact service	_
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

# 12.8.3 Diagnostic of configuration

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
410	0 Data transfer		1. Check connection	-
			2. Retry data transfer	
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information  No. Short text		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.				variables
411	11 Up-/download active		Up-/download active, please wait	_
	Status signal	С		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
437	Configuration incompatible		1. Restart device	_
			2. Contact service	
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
438	Dataset Dataset		Check data set file     Check device configuration	-
	Status signal	M	3. Up- and download new configuration	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
453	Flow override		Deactivate flow override	_
	Status signal	С		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
484	Simulation failure mode		Deactivate simulation	-
	Status signal	С		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

No.	Diagnostic information  No. Short text		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
485	Simulation measured variable		Deactivate simulation	-
	Status signal	С		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
495	Diagnostic event simulation		Deactivate simulation	-
	Status signal	С		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

No.	Diagnostic information  No. Short text		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
500	Electrode 1 potential exceeded		Check process cond.     Increase system pressure	-
			2. mcrease system pressure	
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

No.	Diagnostic information  No. Short text		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
140.	31	HOIT TEXT		
500	Electrode difference voltage too high		1. Check process cond.	_
			2. Increase system pressure	
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
530	Electrode cleaning is running		Check process cond.     Increase system pressure	_
	Status signal	С		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	SI	hort text		variables
531	Empty pipe detection		Execute EPD adjustment	_
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	nort text		variables
537	J		Check IP addresses in network     Change IP address	-
	Status signal	F	-	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	SI	hort text		variables
590	Special event 3		Contact service	_
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

# 12.8.4 Diagnostic of process

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
832	Electronic temperature too high		Reduce ambient temperature	-
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
833	Electronic temperature too low		Increase ambient temperature	-
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
834	Process temperature too high		Reduce process temperature	_
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	SI	hort text		variables
835	Process temperature too low		Increase process temperature	_
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

No.	ı	information hort text	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
842	2 Process limit		Low flow cut off active!  1. Check low flow cut off configuration	-
	Status signal	S	3	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	SI	hort text		Variables
862	Empty pipe		Check for gas in process     Adjust empty pipe detection	-
	Status signal	S	2. ragast empty pipe actecion	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
882	Input signal		Check input configuration     Check external device or process	-
	Status signal	F	conditions	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
937	EMC interference		Change main electronic module	-
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic i	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			variables
938	EMC interference		Check ambient conditions regarding     EMC influence	-
	Status signal	F	2. Change main electronic module	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	SI	hort text		variables
990	Special event 4		Contact service	-
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

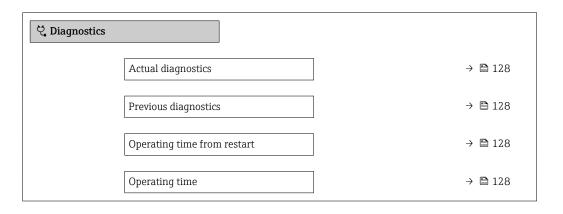
# 12.9 Pending diagnostic events

The **Diagnostics** menu allows the user to view the current diagnostic event and the previous diagnostic event separately.

- To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:
  - Via local display → 
    115
    - Via Web browser → 🗎 116
    - Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🗎 117
    - Via "DeviceCare" operating tool  $\rightarrow$  🗎 117
- Other pending diagnostic events can be displayed in the **Diagnostic list** submenu  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\cong}{=} 128$

### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu



#### Parameter overview with brief description

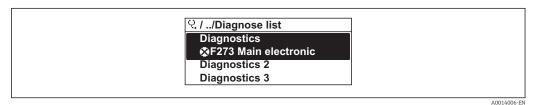
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Actual diagnostics	A diagnostic event has occurred.	Shows the current occured diagnostic event along with its diagnostic information.	Symbol for diagnostic behavior, diagnostic code and short message.
		If two or more messages occur simultaneously, the message with the highest priority is shown on the display.	
Previous diagnostics	Two diagnostic events have already occurred.	Shows the diagnostic event that occurred prior to the current diagnostic event along with its diagnostic information.	Symbol for diagnostic behavior, diagnostic code and short message.
Operating time from restart	-	Shows the time the device has been in operation since the last device restart.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)
Operating time	-	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)

# 12.10 Diagnostic list

Up to 5 currently pending diagnostic events can be displayed in the **Diagnostic list** submenu along with the associated diagnostic information. If more than 5 diagnostic events are pending, the events with the highest priority are shown on the display.

#### Navigation path

Diagnostics → Diagnostic list



■ 31 Taking the example of the local display

To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

- Via local display → 🖺 115
- Via Web browser  $\rightarrow = 116$
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🖺 117
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool → 🗎 117

# 12.11 Event logbook

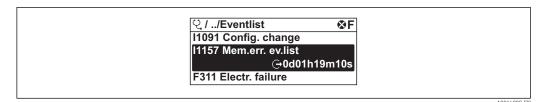
### 12.11.1 Reading out the event logbook

A chronological overview of the event messages that have occurred is provided in the **Events list** submenu.

#### Navigation path

**Diagnostics** menu → **Event logbook** submenu → Event list

128



■ 32 Taking the example of the local display

- A maximum of 20 event messages can be displayed in chronological order.
- If the **Extended HistoROM** application package (order option) is enabled in the device, the event list can contain up to 100 entries .

The event history includes entries for:

- Diagnostic events → 🖺 119
- Information events → 🖺 129

In addition to the operation time of its occurrence, each event is also assigned a symbol that indicates whether the event has occurred or is ended:

- Diagnostic event
  - €: Occurrence of the event
  - ⊕: End of the event
- Information event
  - €: Occurrence of the event
- To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:
- 💳 ∎ Via local display → 🖺 115
  - Via Web browser → 

    ☐ 116
  - Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🖺 117
  - Via "DeviceCare" operating tool → 🖺 117
- 🛐 For filtering the displayed event messages → 🗎 129

### 12.11.2 Filtering the event logbook

Using the **Filter options** parameter you can define which category of event message is displayed in the **Events list** submenu.

#### Navigation path

Diagnostics → Event logbook → Filter options

#### Filter categories

- All
- Failure (F)
- Function check (C)
- Out of specification (S)
- Maintenance required (M)
- Information (I)

#### 12.11.3 Overview of information events

Unlike a diagnostic event, an information event is displayed in the event logbook only and not in the diagnostic list.

Info number	Info name		
I1000	(Device ok)		
I1089	Power on		
I1090	Configuration reset		
I1091	Configuration changed		
I1092	Trend data deleted		

Info number	Info name
I1110	Write protection switch changed
I1137	Electronic changed
I1151	History reset
I1155	Reset electronic temperature
I1156	Memory error trend
I1157	Memory error event list
I1185	Display backup done
I1186	Restore via display done
I1187	Settings downloaded with display
I1188	Display data cleared
I1189	Backup compared
I1256	Display: access status changed
I1335	Firmware changed
I1351	Empty pipe detection adjustment failure
I1353	Empty pipe detection adjustment ok
I1361	Web server: login failed
I1397	Fieldbus: access status changed
I1398	CDI: access status changed
I1444	Device verification passed
I1445	Device verification failed
I1457	Failed:Measured error verification
I1459	Failed: I/O module verification
I1461	Failed: Sensor verification
I1462	Failed:Sensor electronic module verific.

# 12.12 Resetting the measuring device

Using the **Device reset** parameter ( $\rightarrow \implies$  99) it is possible to reset the entire device configuration or some of the configuration to a defined state.

## 12.12.1 Function scope of the "Device reset" parameter

Options	Description	
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.	
To delivery settings	Every parameter for which a customer-specific default setting was ordered is reset to this customer-specific value. All other parameters are reset to the factory setting.	
Restart device	The restart resets every parameter whose data are in the volatile memory (RAM) to the factory setting (e.g. measured value data). The device configuration remains unchanged.	

## 12.13 Device information

The **Device information** submenu contains all parameters that display different information for device identification.

### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Device information

► Device information	tion	
	Device tag	→ 🖺 131
	Serial number	→ 🖺 131
	Firmware version	→ 🖺 131
	Device name	
	Order code	→ 🖺 131
	Extended order code 1	→ 🖺 132
	Extended order code 2	→ 🖺 132
	Extended order code 3	→ 🖺 132
	ENP version	→ 🖺 132
	IP address	→ 🖺 132
	Subnet mask	→ 🖺 132
	Default gateway	→ 🖺 132

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Device tag	Shows name of measuring point.	Max. 32 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /).	Promag 400
Serial number	Shows the serial number of the measuring device.	A maximum of 11-digit character string comprising letters and numbers.	-
Firmware version	Shows the device firmware version installed.	Character string in the format xx.yy.zz	-
Device name	Shows the name of the transmitter.  The name can be found on the nameplate of the transmitter.	Promass300/500	_
Order code	Shows the device order code.  The order code can be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Order code" field.	Character string composed of letters, numbers and certain punctuation marks (e.g. /).	-

Parameter	Description	User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Extended order code 1	Shows the 1st part of the extended order code.	Character string	-
	The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.		
Extended order code 2	Shows the 2nd part of the extended order code.	Character string	-
	The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.		
Extended order code 3	Shows the 3rd part of the extended order code.	Character string	-
	The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.		
ENP version	Shows the version of the electronic nameplate (ENP).	Character string	2.02.00
IP address	Displays the IP address of the Web server of the measuring device.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	192.168.1.212
Subnet mask	Displays the subnet mask.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	Displays the default gateway.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	0.0.0.0

# 12.14 Firmware history

Release date	Firmwar e version	Order code for "Firmware version"	Firmware changes	Documentation type	Documentation
10.2013	01.00.00	Option <b>77</b>	Original firmware	Operating Instructions	BA01213D/06/EN/ 01.13
07.2014	01.01.zz	Option <b>74</b>	Update	Operating Instructions	BA01213D/06/EN/ 02.14

- It is possible to flash the firmware to the current version or the previous version using the service interface.
- For the compatibility of the firmware version with the previous version, the installed device description files and operating tools, observe the information about the device in the "Manufacturer's information" document.
- The manufacturer's information is available:
  - $\blacksquare$  In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser web site: www.endress.com  $\to$  Downloads
  - Specify the following details:
    - Text search: Manufacturer's information
    - Media type: Documentation Technical Documentation

### 13 Maintenance

### 13.1 Maintenance tasks

No special maintenance work is required.

### 13.1.1 Exterior cleaning

When cleaning the exterior of measuring devices, always use cleaning agents that do not attack the surface of the housing or the seals.

#### **A** WARNING

#### Cleaning agents can damage the plastic transmitter housing!

- ▶ Do not use high-pressure steam.
- ▶ Only use the permitted cleaning agents specified.

### Permitted cleaning agents for the plastic transmitter housing

- Commercially available household cleaners
- Methyl alcohol or isopropyl alcohol
- Mild soap solutions

### 13.1.2 Interior cleaning

No interior cleaning is planned for the device.

### 13.1.3 Replacing seals

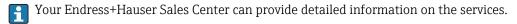
The sensor's seals (particularly aseptic molded seals) must be replaced periodically.

The interval between changes depends on the frequency of the cleaning cycles, the cleaning temperature and the medium temperature.

Replacement seals (accessory part)  $\rightarrow \triangleq 168$ 

# 13.2 Measuring and test equipment

Endress+Hauser offers a wide variety of measuring and test equipment, such as W@M or device tests.



List of some of the measuring and testing equipment:  $\rightarrow \implies 136$ 

### 13.3 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide variety of services for maintenance such as recalibration, maintenance service or device tests.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

# 14 Repairs

### 14.1 General notes

### 14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept

The Endress+Hauser repair and conversion concept provides for the following:

- The measuring devices have a modular design.
- Spare parts are grouped into logical kits with the associated Installation Instructions.
- Repairs are carried out by Endress+Hauser Service or by appropriately trained customers.
- Certified devices can only be converted to other certified devices by Endress+Hauser Service or at the factory.

### 14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion

For repair and modification of a measuring device, observe the following notes:

- ▶ Use only original Endress+Hauser spare parts.
- ► Carry out the repair according to the Installation Instructions.
- ► Observe the applicable standards, federal/national regulations, Ex documentation (XA) and certificates.
- ▶ Document every repair and each conversion and enter them into the *W@M* life cycle management database.

# 14.2 Spare parts

*W@M Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer):

All the spare parts for the measuring device, along with the order code, are listed here and can be ordered. If available, users can also download the associated Installation Instructions.

- i
  - Measuring device serial number:
  - Is located on the nameplate of the device.
  - Can be read out via the Serial number parameter (→ 

    131) in the Device information submenu.

#### 14.3 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide range of services.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

14.4 Return

The measuring device must be returned if it is need of repair or a factory calibration, or if the wrong measuring device has been delivered or ordered. Legal specifications require Endress+Hauser, as an ISO-certified company, to follow certain procedures when handling products that are in contact with the medium.

To ensure safe, swift and professional device returns, please refer to the procedure and conditions for returning devices provided on the Endress+Hauser website at <a href="http://www.endress.com/support/return-material">http://www.endress.com/support/return-material</a>

# 14.5 Disposal

### 14.5.1 Removing the measuring device

1. Switch off the device.

### **▲** WARNING

#### Danger to persons from process conditions.

- ► Beware of hazardous process conditions such as pressure in the measuring device, high temperatures or aggressive fluids.
- 2. Carry out the mounting and connection steps from the "Mounting the measuring device" and "Connecting the measuring device" sections in reverse order. Observe the safety instructions.

### 14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device

#### **A** WARNING

#### Danger to personnel and environment from fluids that are hazardous to health.

► Ensure that the measuring device and all cavities are free of fluid residues that are hazardous to health or the environment, e.g. substances that have permeated into crevices or diffused through plastic.

Observe the following notes during disposal:

- ▶ Observe valid federal/national regulations.
- ► Ensure proper separation and reuse of the device components.

# 15 Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress +Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

# 15.1 Device-specific accessories

### 15.1.1 For the transmitter

Accessories	Description	
Display protection	Is used to protect the display against impact or scoring from sand in desert areas.	
	For details, see Special Documentation SD00333F	
Connecting cable for remote version	Coil current and electrode cables, various lengths, reinforced cables available on request.	
Ground cable	Set, consisting of two ground cables for potential equalization.	
Post mounting kit	Post mounting kit for transmitter.	
Compact → Remote conversion kit	For converting a compact device version to a remote device version.	
Conversion kit Promag 50/53 → Promag 400	For converting a Promag with transmitter 50/53 to a Promag 400.	

#### 15.1.2 For the sensor

Accessories	Description
Ground disks	Are used to ground the medium in lined measuring tubes to ensure proper measurement.
	For details, see Installation Instructions EA00070D

# 15.2 Communication-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop.
	For details, see the "Technical Information" document TI405C/07
Field Xpert SFX350	Field Xpert SFX350 is a mobile computer for commissioning and maintenance. It enables efficient device configuration and diagnostics for and can be used in non-hazardous areas.  For details, see Operating Instructions BA01202S
Field Xpert SFX370	Field Xpert SFX370 is a mobile computer for commissioning and maintenance. It enables efficient device configuration and diagnostics for and can be used in the non-hazardous area and in the hazardous area.  For details, see Operating Instructions BA01202S

# 15.3 Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Applicator	Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices:  Choice of measuring devices for industrial requirements  Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum flowmeter: e.g. nominal diameter, pressure loss, flow velocity and accuracy.  Graphic illustration of the calculation results  Determination of the partial order code, administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project.
	Applicator is available:  • Via the Internet: https://wapps.endress.com/applicator  • As a downloadable DVD for local PC installation.
W@M	W@M Life Cycle Management Improved productivity with information at your fingertips. Data relevant to a plant and its components is generated from the first stages of planning and during the asset's complete life cycle.  W@M Life Cycle Management is an open and flexible information platform with online and on-site tools. Instant access for your staff to current, in-depth data shortens your plant's engineering time, speeds up procurement processes and increases plant uptime.  Combined with the right services, W@M Life Cycle Management boosts productivity in every phase. For more information, visit www.endress.com/lifecyclemanagement
FieldCare	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.  For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S
DeviceCare	Tool for connecting and configuring Endress+Hauser field devices.  For details, see Innovation brochure IN01047S

# 15.4 System components

Accessories	Description
Memograph M graphic data manager	The Memograph M graphic data manager provides information on all the relevant measured variables. Measured values are recorded correctly, limit values are monitored and measuring points analyzed. The data are stored in the 256 MB internal memory and also on a SD card or USB stick.  For details, see "Technical Information" TI00133R and Operating Instructions BA00247R

### 16 Technical data

## 16.1 Application

The measuring device is only suitable for flow measurement of liquids with a minimum conductivity of 5  $\mu$ S/cm.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring device can also measure potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

To ensure that the device remains in proper operating condition for its service life, use the measuring device only for media against which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.

# 16.2 Function and system design

#### Measuring principle

Electromagnetic flow measurement on the basis of Faraday's law of magnetic induction.

#### Measuring system

The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.

Two device versions are available:

- Compact version transmitter and sensor form a mechanical unit.
- Remote version transmitter and sensor are mounted in separate locations.

For information on the structure of the device

# **16.3** Input

#### Measured variable

#### Direct measured variables

- Volume flow (proportional to induced voltage)
- Electrical conductivity

#### Calculated measured variables

Mass flow

#### Measuring range

Typically v = 0.01 to 10 m/s (0.03 to 33 ft/s) with the specified accuracy

Electrical conductivity:  $\geq 5 \mu S/cm$  for liquids in general

Flow characteristic values in SI units

Nominal diameter		Recommended flow	Factory settings		
		min./max. full scale value (v ~ 0.3/10 m/s)	Full scale value current output (v ~ 2.5 m/s)	Pulse value (~ 2 pulse/s)	Low flow cut off (v ~ 0.04 m/s)
[mm]	[in]	[m³/h]	[m <sup>3</sup> /h]	[m³]	[m <sup>3</sup> /h]
25	1	9 to 300 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	75 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	0.5 dm <sup>3</sup>	1 dm <sup>3</sup> /min
32	-	15 to 500 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	125 dm³/min	1.0 dm <sup>3</sup>	2 dm³/min
40	1 ½	25 to 700 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	200 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	1.5 dm <sup>3</sup>	3 dm³/min
50	2	35 to 1100 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	300 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	2.5 dm <sup>3</sup>	5 dm <sup>3</sup> /min
65	-	60 to 2 000 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	500 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	5 dm <sup>3</sup>	8 dm <sup>3</sup> /min

Nominal diameter		Recommended flow	Factory settings		
outnut		Low flow cut off (v ~ 0.04 m/s)			
[mm]	[in]	[m³/h]	[m <sup>3</sup> /h]	[m <sup>3</sup> ]	[m <sup>3</sup> /h]
80	3	90 to 3000 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	750 dm³/min	5 dm <sup>3</sup>	12 dm <sup>3</sup> /min
100	4	145 to 4700 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	1200 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	10 dm <sup>3</sup>	20 dm <sup>3</sup> /min
125	-	220 to 7500 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	1850 dm <sup>3</sup> /min	15 dm <sup>3</sup>	30 dm <sup>3</sup> /min
150	6	20 to 600	150	0.025	2.5
200	8	35 to 1100	300	0.05	5
250	10	55 to 1700	500	0.05	7.5
300	12	80 to 2 400	750	0.1	10
350	14	110 to 3 300	1000	0.1	15
375	15	140 to 4200	1200	0.15	20
400	16	140 to 4200	1200	0.15	20
450	18	180 to 5 400	1500	0.25	25
500	20	220 to 6600	2 000	0.25	30
600	24	310 to 9600	2 500	0.3	40
700	28	420 to 13500	3 500	0.5	50
750	30	480 to 15 000	4000	0.5	60
800	32	550 to 18000	4500	0.75	75
900	36	690 to 22 500	6 000	0.75	100
1000	40	850 to 28000	7 000	1	125
-	42	950 to 30 000	8 000	1	125
1200	48	1 250 to 40 000	10000	1.5	150
-	54	1550 to 50000	13 000	1.5	200
1400	-	1700 to 55 000	14000	2	225
-	60	1950 to 60 000	16000	2	250
1600	-	2 200 to 70 000	18000	2.5	300
-	66	2 500 to 80 000	20500	2.5	325
1800	72	2 850 to 90 000	23 000	3	350
-	78	3 300 to 100 000	28500	3.5	450
2 000	-	3 400 to 110 000	28500	3.5	450
-	84	3 700 to 125 000	31000	4.5	500
2 200	-	4100 to 136000	34000	4.5	540
-	90	4300 to 143000	36000	5	570
2 400	-	4800 to 162 000	40000	5.5	650

Flow characteristic values in US units

Nominal diameter		Recommended flow	Factory settings		
		min./max. full scale value (v ~ 0.3/10 m/s)	Full scale value current output (v ~ 2.5 m/s)	Pulse value (~ 2 pulse/s)	Low flow cut off (v ~ 0.04 m/s)
[in]	[mm]	[gal/min]	[gal/min]	[gal]	[gal/min]
1	25	2.5 to 80	18	0.2	0.25
1 1/2	40	7 to 190	50	0.5	0.75
2	50	10 to 300	75	0.5	1.25
-	65	16 to 500	130	1	2
3	80	24 to 800	200	2	2.5
4	100	40 to 1250	300	2	4
8	200	155 to 4850	1200	10	15
10	250	250 to 7 500	1500	15	30
12	300	350 to 10600	2 400	25	45
14	350	500 to 15 000	3 600	30	60
15	375	600 to 19000	4800	50	60
16	400	600 to 19000	4800	50	60
18	450	800 to 24000	6 000	50	90
20	500	1000 to 30000	7 500	75	120
24	600	1400 to 44000	10500	100	180
28	700	1900 to 60000	13 500	125	210
30	750	2 150 to 67 000	16500	150	270
32	800	2 450 to 80 000	19500	200	300
36	900	3 100 to 100 000	24000	225	360
40	1000	3 800 to 125 000	30000	250	480
42	-	4200 to 135000	33 000	250	600
48	1200	5 500 to 175 000	42 000	400	600
54	-	9 to 300 Mgal/d	75 Mgal/d	0.0005 Mgal/d	1.3 Mgal/d
_	1400	10 to 340 Mgal/d	85 Mgal/d	0.0005 Mgal/d	1.3 Mgal/d
60	-	12 to 380 Mgal/d	95 Mgal/d	0.0005 Mgal/d	1.3 Mgal/d
_	1600	13 to 450 Mgal/d	110 Mgal/d	0.0008 Mgal/d	1.7 Mgal/d
66	-	14 to 500 Mgal/d	120 Mgal/d	0.0008 Mgal/d	2.2 Mgal/d
72	1800	16 to 570 Mgal/d	140 Mgal/d	0.0008 Mgal/d	2.6 Mgal/d
78	-	18 to 650 Mgal/d	175 Mgal/d	0.0010 Mgal/d	3.0 Mgal/d
-	2 000	20 to 700 Mgal/d	175 Mgal/d	0.0010 Mgal/d	2.9 Mgal/d
84	-	24 to 800 Mgal/d	190 Mgal/d	0.0011 Mgal/d	3.2 Mgal/d
-	2 200	26 to 870 Mgal/d	210 Mgal/d	0.0012 Mgal/d	3.4 Mgal/d
90	-	27 to 910 Mgal/d	220 Mgal/d	0.0013 Mgal/d	3.6 Mgal/d
-	2 400	31 to 1030 Mgal/d	245 Mgal/d	0.0014 Mgal/d	4.1 Mgal/d

# Recommended measuring range

"Flow limit" section  $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  149

#### Operable flow range

Over 1000:1

#### Input signal

#### External measured values



Various pressure transmitters and temperature measuring devices can be ordered from Endress+Hauser: see "Accessories" section → 🗎 137

It is recommended to read in external measured values to calculate the following measured variables:

Corrected volume flow

#### Digital communication

The measured values are written from the automation system to the measuring device via EtherNet/IP.

#### 16.4 Output

#### Output signal

#### EtherNet/IP

Standards	In accordance with IEEE 802.3
-----------	-------------------------------

#### Signal on alarm

Depending on the interface, failure information is displayed as follows:

#### EtherNet/IP

Device diagnostics	Device condition can be read out in Input Assembly
,	1 ,

#### Local display

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures
Backlight	Red backlighting indicates a device error.



Status signal as per NAMUR recommendation NE 107

#### Interface/protocol

- Via digital communication: EtherNet/IP
- Via service interface
  - CDI-RJ45 service interface
  - WLAN interface

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures
--------------------	---

#### Web server

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures
--------------------	---

### Light emitting diodes (LED)

Status information	Status indicated by various light emitting diodes
	The following information is displayed depending on the device version:  Supply voltage active  Data transmission active  Device alarm/error has occurred  EtherNet/IP network available  EtherNet/IP connection established
	Diagnostic information via light emitting diodes

Low flow cut off

The switch points for low flow cut off are user-selectable.

Galvanic isolation

The following connections are galvanically isolated from each other:

- Outputs
- Power supply

Protocol-specific data

#### EtherNet/IP

Protocol	<ul> <li>The CIP Networks Library Volume 1: Common Industrial Protocol</li> <li>The CIP Networks Library Volume 2: EtherNet/IP Adaptation of CIP</li> </ul>			
Communication type	■ 10Base-T ■ 100Base-TX			
Device profile	Generic device (product type: 0x2B)			
Manufacturer ID	0x49E			
Device type ID	0x1067			
Baud rates	Automatic <sup>10</sup> / <sub>100</sub> Mbit with half-duplex and full-duplex detection			
Polarity	Auto-polarity for automatic correction of crossed TxD and RxD pairs			
Supported CIP connections	Max. 3 connections			
Explicit connections	Max. 6 connections			
I/O connections	Max. 6 connections (scanner)			
Configuration options for measuring device	<ul> <li>DIP switches on the electronics module for IP addressing</li> <li>Manufacturer-specific software (FieldCare)</li> <li>Custom Add-on Profile for Rockwell Automation control systems</li> <li>Web browser</li> <li>Electronic Data Sheet (EDS) integrated in the measuring device</li> </ul>			
Configuration of the EtherNet interface	<ul> <li>Speed: 10 MBit, 100 MBit, auto (factory setting)</li> <li>Duplex: half-duplex, full-duplex, auto (factory setting)</li> </ul>			
Configuration of the device address	<ul> <li>DIP switches on the electronics module for IP addressing (last octet)</li> <li>DHCP</li> <li>Manufacturer-specific software (FieldCare)</li> <li>Custom Add-on Profile for Rockwell Automation control systems</li> <li>Web browser</li> <li>EtherNet/IP tools, e.g. RSLinx (Rockwell Automation)</li> </ul>			
Device Level Ring (DLR)	No			
Fix Input				
RPI	5 ms to 10 s (factory setting: 20 ms)			
Exclusive Owner Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]	
	Instance configuration:	0x68	398	
	O → T configuration:	0x66	56	
	$T \rightarrow O$ configuration:	0x64	32	

142

Exclusive Owner Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]		
	Instance configuration:	0x69	-		
	$O \rightarrow T$ configuration:	0x66	56		
	$T \rightarrow O$ configuration:	0x64	32		
Input only Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]		
	Instance configuration:	0x68	398		
	$O \rightarrow T$ configuration:	0xC7	-		
	$T \rightarrow O$ configuration:	0x64	32		
Input only Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]		
	Instance configuration:	0x69	-		
	$O \rightarrow T$ configuration:	0xC7	-		
	$T \rightarrow O$ configuration:	0x64	32		
	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Conductivity</li> <li>Totalizer 1</li> <li>Totalizer 2</li> <li>Totalizer 3</li> </ul>				
Configurable Input					
RPI	5 ms to 10 s (factory setting:	5 ms to 10 s (factory setting: 20 ms)			
Exclusive Owner Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]		
	Instance configuration:	0x68	398		
	$O \rightarrow T$ configuration:	0x66	56		
	$T \rightarrow O$ configuration:	0x65	88		
Exclusive Owner Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]		
	Instance configuration:	0x69	-		
	$O \rightarrow T$ configuration:	0x66	56		
	$T \rightarrow O$ configuration:	0x65	88		
Input only Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]		
	Instance configuration:	0x68	398		
	$O \rightarrow T$ configuration:	0xC7	-		
	$T \rightarrow 0$ configuration:	0x65	88		
Input only Multicast		Instance	Size [byte]		
	Instance configuration:	0x69	-		
	$O \rightarrow T$ configuration:	0xC7	-		
	$T \rightarrow O$ configuration:	0x65	88		

Configurable Input Assembly	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Electronic temperature</li> <li>Conductivity</li> <li>Totalizer 1 to 3</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Volume flow unit</li> <li>Mass flow unit</li> <li>Temperature unit</li> <li>Conductivity unit</li> <li>Unit totalizer 1-3</li> <li>Flow velocity unit</li> <li>Verification result</li> <li>Verification status</li> </ul>
	The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.
Fix Output	
Output Assembly	<ul> <li>Activation of reset totalizers 1-3</li> <li>Activation of reference density compensation</li> <li>Reset totalizers 1-3</li> <li>External density</li> <li>Density unit</li> <li>Activation verification</li> <li>Start verification</li> </ul>
Configuration	
Configuration Assembly	Only the most common configurations are listed below.  Software write protection  Mass flow unit  Mass unit  Volume flow unit  Density unit  Conductivity  Temperature unit  Totalizer 1-3:  Assignment  Unit  Operating mode  Failure mode  Alarm delay

## 16.5 Power supply

Terminal assignment  $\rightarrow \triangleq 40$ 

Pin assignment, device plug  $\rightarrow$   $\implies$  41

Supply voltage **Transmitter** 

Order code for "Power supply"	terminal voltage	terminal voltage	
	DC 24 V	±25%	_
Option L	AC 24 V	±25%	50/60 Hz, ±4 Hz
	AC 100 to 240 V	-15 to +10%	50/60 Hz, ±4 Hz

Power consumption
Order code for "Output"
Maximum power consumption
Option N: EtherNet/IP
30 VA/8 W

#### Current consumption

## Transmitter

Order code for "Power supply"	Maximum Current consumption	Maximum switch-on current
Option <b>L</b> : AC 100 to 240 V	145 mA	25 A (< 5 ms)
Option L: AC/DC 24 V	350 mA	27 A (< 5 ms)

#### Power supply failure

- Totalizers stop at the last value measured.
- Configuration is retained in the plug-in memory (HistoROM DAT).
- Error messages (incl. total operated hours) are stored.

#### Electrical connection

→ 🖺 43

#### Potential equalization

→ 🖺 46

#### terminals

#### Transmitter

- Supply voltage cable: plug-in spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG)
- Signal cable: plug-in spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG)
- Electrode cable: spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 14 AWG)
- Coil current cable: spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG)

#### Sensor connection housing

Spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG)

#### Cable entries

#### Cable entry thread

- M20 x 1.5
- Via adapter:
  - NPT ½"
  - G ½"

#### Cable gland

- For standard cable: M20  $\times$  1.5 with cable  $\phi$ 6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)
- For reinforced cable: M20  $\times$  1.5 with cable  $\phi$ 9.5 to 16 mm (0.37 to 0.63 in)



If metal cable entries are used, use a grounding plate.

## Cable specification

→ 🖺 38

## 16.6 Performance characteristics

# Reference operating conditions

- Error limits following DIN EN 29104, in future ISO 20456
- Water, typically +15 to +45 °C (+59 to +113 °F); 0.5 to 7 bar (73 to 101 psi)
- Data as indicated in the calibration protocol
- Accuracy based on accredited calibration rigs according to ISO 17025

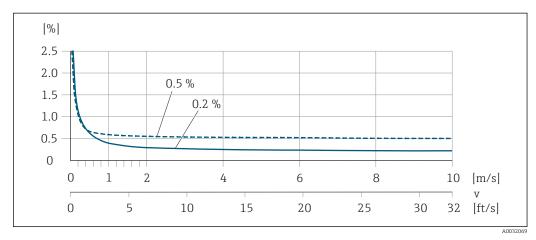
#### Maximum measured error

#### Error limits under reference operating conditions

o.r. = of reading

#### Volume flow

- $-\pm 0.5$  % o.r.  $\pm 1$  mm/s (0.04 in/s)
- Optional: ±0.2 % o.r. ± 2 mm/s (0.08 in/s)
- Fluctuations in the supply voltage do not have any effect within the specified range.



■ 33 Maximum measured error in % o.r.

#### **Electrical conductivity**

Max. measured error not specified.

Repeatability

o.r. = of reading

#### Volume flow

max.  $\pm 0.1$  % o.r.  $\pm$  0.5 mm/s (0.02 in/s)

## **Electrical conductivity**

Max. ±5 % o.r.

Influence of ambient temperature

#### **Current output**

o.r. = of reading

Temperature coefficient	Max. ±0.005 % o.r./°C
-------------------------	-----------------------

## Pulse/frequency output

Temperature coefficient	No additional effect. Included in accuracy.
-------------------------	---

## 16.7 Installation

"Mounting requirements"

## 16.8 Environment

Ambient temperature range

→ 🖺 23

#### Storage temperature

The storage temperature corresponds to the operating temperature range of the measuring transmitter and the appropriate measuring sensors.  $\rightarrow 23$ 

- Protect the measuring device against direct sunlight during storage in order to avoid unacceptably high surface temperatures.
- Select a storage location where moisture cannot collect in the measuring device as fungus or bacteria infestation can damage the liner.
- If protection caps or protective covers are mounted these should never be removed before installing the measuring device.

#### Atmosphere

If a plastic transmitter housing is permanently exposed to certain steam and air mixtures, this can damage the housing.



If you are unsure, please contact your Endress+Hauser Sales Center for clarification.

#### Degree of protection

#### Transmitter

- As standard: IP66/67, type 4X enclosure
- When housing is open: IP20, type 1 enclosure

#### Sensor

- As standard: IP66/67, type 4X enclosure
- Optionally available for remote version:
  - IP67, type 4X enclosure. Suitable for temporary immersion in water for up to 168 hours at depths  $\leq 3$  m (10 ft) or up to 48 hours at depths  $\leq 10$  m (30 ft).
  - IP68, type 6P enclosure (for DN  $\leq$  300 (12") only possible in conjunction with stainless steel flanges)

Not suitable for use in corrosive atmospheres/liquids or in buried applications if special precautions are not taken.

#### Vibration resistance

#### Compact version

- Vibration, sinusoidal according to IEC 60068-2-6
  - 2 to 8.4 Hz, 3.5 mm peak
  - 8.4 to 2000 Hz, 1 g peak
- Vibration broad-band random, according to IEC 60068-2-64
  - $-10 \text{ to } 200 \text{ Hz}, 0.003 \text{ g}^2/\text{Hz}$
  - -200 to 2000 Hz, 0.001  $q^2/Hz$
  - Total: 1.54 g rms

#### Remote version

- Vibration, sinusoidal according to IEC 60068-2-6
  - 2 to 8.4 Hz, 7.5 mm peak
  - 8.4 to 2000 Hz, 2 g peak
- Vibration broad-band random, according to IEC 60068-2-64
  - $-10 \text{ to } 200 \text{ Hz}, 0.01 \text{ q}^2/\text{Hz}$
  - -200 to 2000 Hz, 0.003  $q^2/Hz$
  - Total: 2.70 g rms

#### Shock resistance

Shock, half-sine according to IEC 60068-2-27 6 ms 50 q

#### Impact resistance

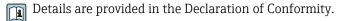
Rough handling shocks according to IEC 60068-2-31

#### Mechanical load

- Protect the transmitter housing against mechanical effects, such as shock or impact; the use of the remote version is sometimes preferable.
- Never use the transmitter housing as a ladder or climbing aid.

## Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

- As per IEC/EN 61326 and NAMUR Recommendation 21 (NE 21)
- Complies with emission limits for industry as per EN 55011 (Class A)



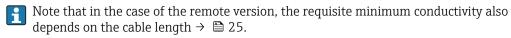
#### 16.9 **Process**

## Medium temperature range

- 0 to +80 °C (+32 to +176 °F) for hard rubber, DN 350 to 2400 (14 to 90")
- -20 to +50 °C (-4 to +122 °F) for polyurethane, DN 25 to 1200 (1 to 48")
- $-20 \text{ to } +90 ^{\circ}\text{C} (-4 \text{ to } +194 ^{\circ}\text{F}) \text{ for PTFE, DN 25 to } 300 (1 \text{ to } 12")$

#### Conductivity

 $\geq$  5 µS/cm for liquids in general. Stronger filter damping is required for very low conductivity values.



#### Pressure-temperature ratings



An overview of the pressure-temperature ratings for the process connections is provided in the "Technical Information" document

#### Pressure tightness

Liner: hard rubber, polyurethane

Nominal	diameter	Liner	Limit values for absolute pressure in [mbar] ([psi]) for fluid temperatures:		ar] ([psi]) for fluid
[mm]	[in]		+25 °C (+77 °F)	+50 °C (+122 °F)	+80 °C (+176 °F)
3502400	1490	Hard rubber	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
251200	148	Polyurethane	0 (0)	0 (0)	-

Liner: PTFE

Nominal	Nominal diameter Limit values for absolute pressure in		[mbar] ([psi]) for fluid temperatures:
[mm]	[in]	+25 °C (+77 °F)	+90 °C (+194 °F)
25	1	0 (0)	0 (0)
40	2	0 (0)	0 (0)
50	2	0 (0)	0 (0)
65	2 1/2	0 (0)	40 (0.58)
80	3	0 (0)	40 (0.58)
100	4	0 (0)	135 (2.0)
125	5	135 (2.0)	240 (3.5)
150	6	135 (2.0)	240 (3.5)
200	8	200 (2.9)	290 (4.2)
250	10	330 (4.8)	400 (5.8)
300	12	400 (5.8)	500 (7.3)

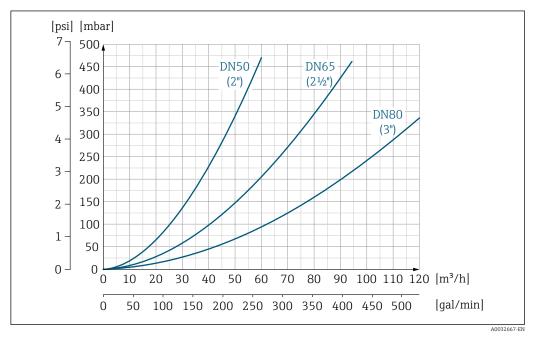
Flow limit

The diameter of the pipe and the flow rate determine the nominal diameter of the sensor. The optimum velocity of flow is between 2 to 3 m/s (6.56 to 9.84 ft/s). Also match the velocity of flow (v) to the physical properties of the fluid:

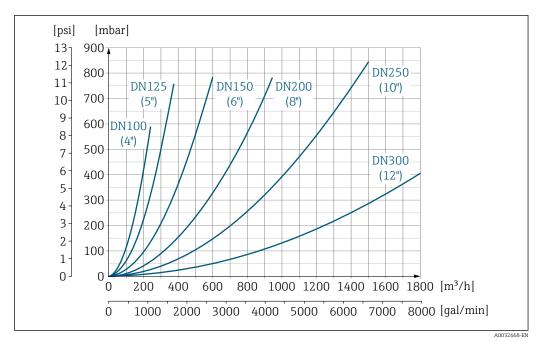
- v < 2 m/s (6.56 ft/s): for abrasive fluids (e.g. potter's clay, lime milk, ore slurry)
- v > 2 m/s (6.56 ft/s): for fluids producing buildup (e.g. wastewater sludge)
- A necessary increase in the flow velocity can be achieved by reducing the sensor nominal diameter.

Pressure loss

- No pressure loss occurs if the sensor is installed in a pipe with the same nominal diameter.
- Pressure losses for configurations incorporating adapters according to DIN EN 545
   → 
   △ 25



■ 34 Pressure loss DN 50 to 80 (2 to 3") in the case of order code for "Design", option C "Insertion length short ISO/DVGW to DN300, without inlet/outlet runs, constricted meas.tube"



■ 35 Pressure loss DN 100 to 300 (4 to 12") in the case of order code for "Design", option C "Insertion length short ISO/DVGW to DN300, without inlet/outlet runs, constricted meas.tube"

System pressure

→ 🖺 24

Vibrations

→ 🖺 24

## 16.10 Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section.

## Weight

#### **Compact version**

Weight data:

- Including the transmitter
  - Order code for "Housing", option M, Q: 1.3 kg (2.9 lb)
  - Order code for "Housing", option A, R: 2.0 kg (4.4 lb)
- Excluding packaging material

Weight in SI units

*Lap joint flange; fixed flange DN* ≥ 350

EN 1092-1 (DIN	EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501)			
DN [mm]	Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic <sup>1)</sup>			
		Weight [kg]		
	PN 6	PN 10	PN 16	
25	_	-	6.8	
32	-	-	7.5	
40	-	-	8.5	
50	_	_	9	

150

92-1 (DIN 25	01)		
DN [mm]	Oı	rder code for "Housing", option N Polycarbonate plastic <sup>1)</sup>	Л, Q
		Weight [kg]	
	PN 6	PN 10	PN 16
65	-	-	10
80	-	-	12
100	-	-	14
125	-	-	20
150	-	-	24
200	-	43	44.4
250	-	63	70.2
300	-	68	85.3
350	77	88	103
400	89	104	121
450	102	117	148
500	114	132	189
600	155	180	299
700	213	272	333
800	287	372	460
900	382	474	580
1000	491	613	793
1200	705	914	1312
1400	1124	1480	1904
1600	1519	2 195	2 6 9 6
1800	1999	2836	3 685
2 000	2775	3 506	4644
2200	3 0 6 3	4170	-
2 400	3 9 3 8	5033	_

AS 2129, Table E		
DN [mm]	Weight [kg]	
(mm)	Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic <sup>1)</sup>	
350	99	
400	120	
450	150	
500	182	
600	279	
700	348	
750	456	
800	516	
900	737	

AS 2129, Table E	
DN	Weight [kg]
[mm]	Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic <sup>1)</sup>
1000	854
1200	1366

AS 4087, PN 16	
DN	Weight [kg]
[mm]	Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic <sup>1)</sup>
350	99
375	105
400	122
450	140
500	189
600	281
700	384
750	468
800	567
900	737
1000	852
1200	1366

1) Values for aluminum transmitter, AlSi10Mg, coated: + 0.7 kg  $\,$ 

## Lap joint flange, stamped plate

EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501), PN 10		
DN [mm]	Weight [kg]	
	Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic <sup>1)</sup>	
25	5.3	
32	5.1	
40	5.8	
50	5	
65	6	
80	7	
100	9	
125	13	
150	17	
200	35	

EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501), PN 10	
DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
	Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic <sup>1)</sup>
250	54
300	55

## Weight in US units

Lap joint flange; fixed flange  $DN \ge 14$ "

ASME B16.5, Class 150		
DN [in]	Weight [lbs] Order code for "Housing", option M, Q	
	Polycarbonate plastic 1)	
1	11.6	
1 ½	12.8	
2	20	
3	26	
4	31	
6	53	
8	95	
10	139	
12	150	
14	302	
16	370	
18	421	
20	503	
24	721	

1) Values for aluminum transmitter, AlSi10Mg, coated: + 0.7 kg

AWWA C207, Class D	
DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
,	Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic <sup>1)</sup>
28	608
30	740
32	881
36	1093
40	1463
42	1696
48	2 2 7 8
54	3 166
60	3 930

AWWA C207, Class D	
DN [in]	Weight [lbs] Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic <sup>1)</sup>
66	5425
72	6295
78	7782
84	8556
90	10681

#### Transmitter remote version

Wall-mount housing

Depends on the material of the wall-mount housing:

- Polycarbonate plastic: 1.3 kg (2.9 lb)
- Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated: 2.0 kg (4.4 lb)

#### Sensor remote version

Weight data:

- Including sensor connection housing
- Excluding the connecting cable
- Excluding packaging material

Weight in SI units

Lap joint flange; fixed flange  $DN \ge 350$ 

EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501)			
DN	Weight [kg]		
[mm]	PN 6	PN 10	PN 16
25	-	-	6.8
32	-	-	7.5
40	-	-	8.5
50	-	-	6
65	-	-	7
80	-	-	9
100	-	-	11
125	-	-	16
150	-	-	20
200	-	40	44.4
250	-	60	70.2
300	-	65	85.3
350	73	84	101
400	85	100	119
450	98	113	144
500	110	128	185
600	151	176	295

EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501)			
DN	Weight [kg]		
[mm]	PN 6	PN 10	PN 16
700	209	268	329
800	283	368	456
900	378	470	576
1000	487	609	789
1200	701	910	1308
1400	1120	1376	1900
1600	1515	2 191	2 692
1800	1995	2 832	3 681
2 000	2771	3 502	4640
2 200	3 059	4166	-
2 400	3 934	5 0 2 9	-

AS 2129, Table E	
DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
350	95
400	116
450	146
500	178
600	275
700	344
750	452
800	512
900	733
1000	850
1200	1362

AS 4087, PN 16	
DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
350	95
375	101
400	118
450	136
500	185
600	277
700	380
750	464
800	563
900	733

AS 4087, PN 16	
DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
1000	848
1200	1362

Lap joint flange, stamped plate

EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501), PN 10		
DN [mm]	[kg]	
25	6.0	
32	5.8	
40	6.5	
50	3	
65	4	
80	5	
100	7	
125	11	
150	15	
200	33	
250	52	
300	53	

## Weight in US units

Lap joint flange; fixed flange  $DN \ge 14$ "

ASME B16.5, Class 150	
DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
1	13.2
1 1/2	14.3
2	13
3	20
4	24
6	44
8	88
10	132
12	143
14	296
15	-
16	364
18	415
20	497
24	715

AWWA C207, Class D	
DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
28	602
30	736
32	875
36	1087
40	1457
42	1690
48	2 272
54	3 160
60	3 924
66	5 4 1 9
72	6 2 8 9
78	7776
84	8 5 5 0
90	10675

Measuring tube specification

Nominal o	liameter	neter Pressure rating		Measuring tube internal diameter				r		
		EN (DIN)	ASME	AS 2129	Hard r	ubber	Polyure	thane	PTI	FE
			AWWA	AS 4087						
[mm]	[in]				[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
25	1	PN 10/16	Class 150	-	-	-	23.7	0.9	25.3	1.0
32	1 1/4	PN 10/16	Class 150	-	-	-	32.4	1.3	34.0	1.3
40	1 ½	PN 10/16	Class 150	-	-	-	38.3	1.5	39.9	1.6
50	2	PN 10/16	Class 150	-	-	-	50.3	2.0	51.7	2.0
65 <sup>1)</sup>	2 ½	PN 10/16	Class 150	-	-	-	66.1	2.6	67.7	2.7
80	3	PN 10/16	Class 150	-	-	-	78.9	3.1	79.9	3.1
100	4	PN 10/16	Class 150	-	-	-	104.3	4.1	103.8	4.1
125	5	PN 10/16	Class 150	-	-	-	129.7	5.1	129.1	5.1
150	6	PN 10/16	Class 150	-	-	-	158.3	6.2	156.3	6.2
200	8	PN 10/16	Class 150	-	-	-	206.7	8.1	202.1	8.0
250	10	PN 10/16	Class 150	-	-	-	260.6	10.3	256.2	10.1
300	12	PN 10/16	-	-	-	-	311.5	12.3	305.5	12.0
300	12	-	Class 150	-	-	-	309.9	12.2	303.9	12.0
350	14	PN 6	-	-	341	13.4	344	13.5	-	-
350	14	PN 10	-	-	341	13.4	344	13.5	-	-
350	14	-	-	Table E, PN 16	337	13.2	340	13.3	-	-
350	14	-	Class 150	-	339	13.3	342	13.4	-	_
375	15	PN 10	-	-	391	15.4	-	-	-	_
375	15	-	-	PN 16	389	15.3	392	15.4	-	-
400	16	PN 6	-	-	391	15.4	394	13.5	-	-
400	16	PN 10	-	-	391	15.4	394	13.5	-	-
400	16	-	-	Table E, PN 16	389	15.3	392	13.4	-	-

Nominal d	Nominal diameter Pressure rating		M	easurin	g tube in	ternal o	liamete	r		
		EN (DIN)	ASME	AS 2129	Hard r	ubber	bber   Polyurethane		PTI	Έ
			AWWA	AS 4087						
[mm]	[in]				[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
400	16	_	Class 150	_	387	15.2	390	13.3	_	-
450	18	PN 6	_	_	442	17.4	445	17.5	_	_
450	18	PN 10	-	_	442	17.4	445	17.5	_	_
450	18	_	-	Table E, PN 16	440	17.3	443	17.4	-	-
450	18	-	Class 150	_	436	17.1	439	17.2	-	-
500	20	PN 6	-	-	493	19.4	496	19.5	-	-
500	20	PN 10	-	-	493	19.4	496	19.5	-	-
500	20	-	-	Table E, PN 16	489	19.2	492	19.3	-	-
500	20	-	Class 150	-	487	19.1	490	19.3	-	-
600	24	PN 6	-	-	595	23.4	598	23.5	-	-
600	24	PN 10	-	-	590	23.2	596	23.4	-	-
600	24	-	-	Table E, PN 16	591	23.2	594	23.4	-	-
600	24	-	Class 150	-	585	23.0	588	23.1	-	-
700	28	PN 6	-	-	696	27.4	699	27.5	ı	-
700	28	PN 10	-	_	694	27.3	697	27.4	-	-
700	28	-	-	Table E, PN 16	690	27.2	693	27.3	-	-
700	28	-	Class D	_	694	27.3	697	27.4	-	-
750	30	-	-	Table E, PN 16	741	29.2	744	29.3	-	-
750	30	_	Class D	_	743	29.3	746	29.4	ı	ı
800	32	PN 6	_	_	796	31.3	799	31.5	ı	ı
800	32	PN 10	-	_	794	31.2	797	31.4	ı	ı
800	32	_	-	Table E, PN 16	788	31.0	791	31.1	-	-
800	32	_	Class D	-	794	31.3	797	31.4	-	-
900	36	PN 6	-	-	895	35.2	898	35.4	-	-
900	36	PN 10	-	-	893	35.1	896	35.2	-	-
900	36	-	-	Table E, PN 16	889	35.0	892	35.1	-	-
900	36	-	Class D	-	895	35.2	898	35.4	-	-
1000	40	PN 6	-	-	997	39.2	1000	39.3	-	-
1000	40	PN 10	-	-	995	39.1	998	39.3	-	-
1000	40	-	-	Table E, PN 16	991	39.0	994	39.1	-	-
1000	40	-	Class D	_	995	39.1	998	39.3	-	-
1050	42	PN 6	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
1050	42	PN 10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1050	42	_	-	Table E, PN 16	-	-	-	_	ı	ı
1050	42	-	Class D	-	1046	41.2	1049	41.3	ı	1
1200	48	PN 6	-	-	1201	47.3	1204	47.4	-	-
1200	48	PN 10	_	_	1199	47.2	1202	47.3	-	ı
1200	48	-	-	Table E, PN 16	1191	46.9	1194	47.0	-	-
1200	48	-	Class D	-	1195	47.0	1198	47.2	-	-
-	54	_	Class D	-	1345	53.8	-	-	-	-

Nominal d	Nominal diameter		Pressure ra	ting	M	leasurin	g tube in	ternal o	diamete	r
		EN (DIN)	ASME	AS 2129	Hard rubber		er   Polyurethane		PTFE	
			AWWA	AS 4087						
[mm]	[in]				[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
1400	-	PN 6	-	-	1401	55.1	-	-	-	-
1400	-	PN 10	-	-	1394	5 5 7 8	-	-	-	-
-	60	-	Class D	-	1498	59.9	-	-	-	-
1600	-	PN 6	-	-	1599	62.9	-	-	-	-
1600	-	PN 10	-	-	1590	63.6	-	-	-	-
-	66	-	Class D	-	1646	65.8	1650	64.9	-	-
1800	72	PN 6	-	-	1799	70.8	1802	70.9	-	-
1800	72	PN 10	-	-	1790	71.6	1794	70.6	-	-
1800	72	-	Class D	-	1790	71.6	1794	70.6	-	-
2 000	78	PN 6	-	-	1995	78.5	-	-	-	-
2 000	78	PN 10	-	-	1990	79.6	-	-	-	-
2 000	78	-	Class D	-	1986	79.4	-	-	-	-
-	84	-	Class D	-	2 0 9 9	84.0	-	-	-	-
2200	-	PN 6	-	-	2 194	87.8	-	-	-	-
2200	-	PN 10	-	-	2 186	87.4	-	-	-	-
-	90	-	Class D	-	2246	89.8	-	-	-	
2 400	-	PN 6	-	-	2391	94.1	-	-	-	-
2 400	-	PN 10	-	-	2386	95.4	-	-	-	-

1) Designed acc. to EN 1092-1 (not to DIN 2501)

## Materials

## Transmitter housing

Compact version, standard

- Order code for "Housing", option A "Compact, aluminum coated": Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- ullet Order code for "Housing", option  ${f M}$ : polycarbonate plastic
- Window material:
  - For order code for "Housing", option **A**: glass
  - For order code for "Housing", option **M**: plastic

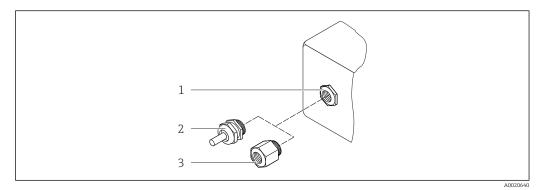
#### Compact version, inclined

- Order code for "Housing", option R "Compact, aluminum coated": Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- Order code for "Housing", option **Q**: polycarbonate plastic
- Window material:
  - For order code for "Housing", option **R**: glass
  - For order code for "Housing", option **Q**: plastic

#### Remote version (wall-mount housing)

- Order code for "Housing", option P "Compact, aluminum coated": Aluminum, AlSi10Mq, coated
- Order code for "Housing", option **N**: polycarbonate plastic
- Window material:
  - For order code for "Housing", option  ${f P}$ : glass
  - For order code for "Housing", option  ${\bf N}$ : plastic

## Cable entries/cable glands



■ 36 Possible cable entries/cable glands

- 1 Female thread M20  $\times$  1.5
- 2 Cable gland  $M20 \times 1.5$
- 3 Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½" or NPT ½"

#### Compact and remote versions and sensor connection housing

Cable entry/cable gland	Material
Cable gland M20 × 1.5	Plastic
Remote version: cable gland M20 × 1.5  Option CK "IP68, Type 6P, waterproof" Option of reinforced connecting cable	<ul> <li>Sensor connection housing:         Nickel-plated brass         Transmitter wall-mount housing:         Plastic     </li> </ul>
Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½" or NPT ½"	Nickel-plated brass

#### Device plug

Electrical connection	Material
Plug M12x1	<ul> <li>Socket: Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)</li> <li>Contact housing: Polyamide</li> <li>Contacts: Gold-plated brass</li> </ul>

#### Connecting cable for remote version

Electrode and coil current cable

- Standard cable: PVC cable with copper shield
- Reinforced cable: PVC cable with copper shield and additional steel wire braided jacket

#### Sensor housing

- DN 25 to 300 (1 to 12"): aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- DN 350 to 2400 (14 to 90"): carbon steel with protective varnish

## Sensor connection housing

- Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- Option for order code for "Sensor option", option CK:
   Polycarbonate for DN 350 to 2 400 mm (13.8 to 94.5 in) for option IP68

#### Measuring tubes

- DN 25 to 300 (1 to 12"): stainless steel, 1.4301/1.4306/304L
- DN 350 to 1200 (14 to 48"): stainless steel, 1.4301/1.4307/304
- DN 1350 to 2400 (54 to 90"): stainless steel, 1.4301/1.4307

#### Liner

- DN 25 to 300 (1 to 12"): PTFE
- DN 25 to 1200 (1 to 48"): polyurethane
- DN 350 to 2400 (14 to 90"): hard rubber

#### **Electrodes**

- Stainless steel, 1.4435 (316L)
- Alloy C22, 2.4602 (UNS N06022)

#### **Process connections**

EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501)

DN 25 to 300:

- Fixed flange:
  - Stainless steel, 1.4306/1.4404/1.4571/F316L
  - Carbon steel, A105/E250C/S235JRG2
- Lap joint flange, stamped plate:
  - Stainless steel, 1.4301 similar to 304
  - Carbon steel, S235JRG2 similar to 1.0038 (S235JR+AR)
- DN 350 to 2400:

Carbon steel, P245GH

- DN 350 to 600:
  - Stainless steel ,1.4571
- DN 700 to 1000:

Stainless steel ,1.4404

#### **ASME B16.5**

DN 25 to 300 (1 to 12"):

#### Fixed flange:

- Stainless steel, F316L similar to 1.4404
- Carbon steel, A105 similar to 1.0432

DN 350 to 600 (14 to 24"):

Carbon steel, A105

Stainless steel, F316/F316L

#### AWWA C207

■ DN 48":

Carbon steel, A105/A181/P265GH/A181 Class 70/IS 2062/E250C/P265GH/S275JR

■ DN 54 to 90":

Carbon steel, A105/A181/P265GH/A181 Class 70/IS 2062/E250C/S275JR

#### AS 2129

Carbon steel, A105/E250C/P235GH/P265GH/S235JRG2

#### AS 4087

Carbon steel, A105/P265GH/S275JRG2

#### Seals

As per DIN EN 1514-1, form IBC

#### Accessories

Display protection

Stainless steel, 1.4301 (304L)

#### Ground disks

- Stainless steel, 1.4435 (316L)
- Alloy C22, 2.4602 (UNS N06022)

#### Fitted electrodes

Measurement, reference and empty pipe detection electrodes available as standard with:

- 1.4435 (316L)
- Alloy C22, 2.4602 (UNS N06022)

#### Process connections

- EN 1092-1
  - DN  $\leq$  300: lap joint flange (PN 10/16), lap joint flange, stamped plate (PN 10) = form A
  - DN ≥ 350: fixed flange (PN 6/10/16) = flat face
- ASME B16.5
  - DN ≤ 300 (12"): lap joint flange (Class 150)
  - DN  $\geq$  350 (14"): fixed flange (Class 150)
- AWWA C207

DN 48 to 90": fixed flange (Class D)

- AS 2129
  - DN 350 to 1200: fixed flange (Table E)
- AS 4087

DN 350 to 1200: fixed flange (PN 16)

- All carbon steel lap joint flanges are supplied with a hot-dip galvanized finish.
- For information on the different materials used in the process connections  $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{ riangle}{=}$  161

## Surface roughness

Electrodes with 1.4435 (316L); Alloy C22, 2.4602 (UNS N06022):  $\leq$  0.3 to 0.5  $\mu$ m (11.8 to 19.7  $\mu$ in) (All data relate to parts in contact with fluid)

## 16.11 Operability

#### Languages

Can be operated in the following languages:

- Via local operation:
  - English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Turkish, Chinese, Japanese, Bahasa (Indonesian), Vietnamese, Czech, Swedish
- Via "FieldCare", "DeviceCare" operating tool:
  - English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Chinese, Japanese
- Via Web browser

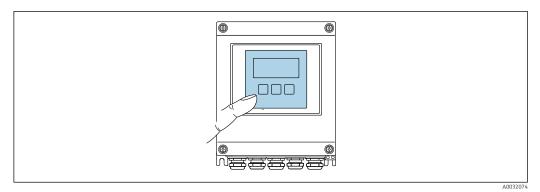
English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Turkish, Chinese, Japanese, Bahasa (Indonesian), Vietnamese, Czech, Swedish

## Local display

## Via display module

Two display modules are available:

- Standard:
  - 4-line, illuminated, graphic display; touch control
- Optionally via order code for "Display", option W1 "WLAN display":
   4-line, illuminated, graphic display; touch control + WLAN



■ 37 Operation with touch control

## Display elements

- 4-line, illuminated, graphic display
- White background lighting; switches to red in event of device errors
- Format for displaying measured variables and status variables can be individually configured
- Permitted ambient temperature for the display: -20 to +60 °C (-4 to +140 °F) The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.

## Operating elements

- External operation via touch control (3 optical keys) without opening the housing: ±,
- Operating elements also accessible in the various zones of the hazardous area

Remote operation	→ 🗎 73
Service interface	→ 🗎 74
Supported operating tools	Different operating tools can be used for local or remote access to the measuring device.  Depending on the operating tool used, access is possible with different operating units and via a variety of interfaces.

Supported operating tools	Operating unit	Interface	Additional information
Web browser	Notebook, PC or tablet with Web browser	<ul> <li>CDI-RJ45 service interface</li> <li>WLAN interface</li> <li>Ethernet-based fieldbus (EtherNet/IP)</li> </ul>	Special Documentation for device
DeviceCare SFE100	Notebook, PC or tablet with Microsoft Windows system	<ul><li>CDI-RJ45 service interface</li><li>WLAN interface</li><li>Fieldbus protocol</li></ul>	→ 🖺 137
FieldCare SFE500	Notebook, PC or tablet with Microsoft Windows system	<ul><li>CDI-RJ45 service interface</li><li>WLAN interface</li><li>Fieldbus protocol</li></ul>	→ 🖺 137

- Other operating tools based on FDT technology with a device driver such as DTM/iDTM or DD/EDD can be used for device operation. These operating tools are available from the individual manufacturers. Integration into the following operating tools, among others, is supported:
  - Field Device Manager (FDM) by Honeywell → www.honeywellprocess.com
  - FieldMate by Yokoqawa → www.yokoqawa.com
  - PACTWare → www.pactware.com

The associated device description files are available at: www.endress.com → Downloads

#### Web server

Thanks to the integrated Web server, the device can be operated and configured via a Web browser and via a service interface (CDI-RJ45) . The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the local display. In addition to the measured values, status information on the device is also displayed and allows the user to monitor the status of the device. Furthermore the device data can be managed and the network parameters can be configured.

## Supported functions

Data exchange between the operating unit (such as a notebook for example) and the measuring device:

- Upload the configuration from the measuring device (XML format, configuration backup)
- Save the configuration to the measuring device (XML format, restore configuration)
- Export event list (.csv file)
- Export parameter settings (.csv file or PDF file, document the measuring point configuration)
- Export the Heartbeat verification log (PDF file, only available with the "Heartbeat Verification" application package)
- Flash firmware version for device firmware upgrade, for instance
- Download driver for system integration

Webserver special documentation

HistoROM data management

The measuring device features HistoROM data management. HistoROM data management comprises both the storage and import/export of key device and process data, making operation and servicing far more reliable, secure and efficient.



When the device is delivered, the factory settings of the configuration data are stored as a backup in the device memory. This memory can be overwritten with an updated data record, for example after commissioning.

#### Additional information on the data storage concept

There are different types of data storage units in which device data are stored and used by the device:

	Device memory	T-DAT	S-DAT
Available data	<ul> <li>Device firmware package</li> <li>Driver for system integration e.g.: EDS for EtherNet/IP</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Event history, such as diagnostic events</li> <li>Measured value memory ("Extended HistoROM" order option)</li> <li>Current parameter data record (used by firmware at run time)</li> <li>Maximum indicators (min/max values)</li> <li>Totalizer values</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sensor data: diameter etc.</li> <li>Serial number</li> <li>User-specific access code (to use the "Maintenance" user role)</li> <li>Calibration data</li> <li>Device configuration (e.g. SW options, fixed I/O or multi I/O)</li> </ul>
Storage location	Fixed on the user interface board in the connection compartment	Can be plugged into the user interface board in the connection compartment	In the sensor plug in the transmitter neck part

#### Data backup

#### **Automatic**

- The most important device data (sensor and transmitter) are automatically saved in the DAT modules
- If the transmitter or measuring device is replaced: once the T-DAT containing the previous device data has been exchanged, the new measuring device is ready for operation again immediately without any errors
- If the sensor is replaced: once the sensor has been replaced, new sensor data are transferred from the S-DAT in the measuring device and the measuring device is ready for operation again immediately without any errors

#### Data transfer

#### Manual

- Transfer of a device configuration to another device using the export function of the specific operating tool, e.g. with FieldCare, DeviceCare or Web server: to duplicate the configuration or to store in an archive (e.g. for backup purposes)
- Transmission of the drivers for system integration via Web server, e.g.: EDS for EtherNet/IP

#### **Event list**

#### **Automatic**

- Chronological display of up to 20 event messages in the events list
- If the Extended HistoROM application package (order option) is enabled: up to 100
  event messages are displayed in the events list along with a time stamp, plain text
  description and remedial measures
- The events list can be exported and displayed via a variety of interfaces and operating tools e.g. DeviceCare, FieldCare or Web server

#### Data logging

#### Manual

If the **Extended HistoROM** application package (order option) is enabled:

- Record up to 1000 measured values via 1 to 4 channels
- User configurable recording interval
- Record up to 250 measured values via each of the 4 memory channels
- Export the measured value log via a variety of interfaces and operating tools e.g.
   FieldCare, DeviceCare or web server

## 16.12 Certificates and approvals

#### CE mark

The measuring system is in conformity with the statutory requirements of the applicable EU Directives. These are listed in the corresponding EU Declaration of Conformity along with the standards applied.

Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.

#### C-Tick symbol

The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".

#### Ex approval

The devices are certified for use in hazardous areas and the relevant safety instructions are provided in the separate "Control Drawing" document. Reference is made to this document on the nameplate.

## Drinking water approval

- ACS
- KTW/W270
- NSF 61
- WRAS BS 6920

#### EtherNet/IP certification

The measuring device is certified and registered by the ODVA (Open Device Vendor Association). The measuring system meets all the requirements of the following specifications:

- Certified in accordance with the ODVA Conformance Test
- EtherNet/IP Performance Test
- EtherNet/IP PlugFest compliance
- The device can also be operated with certified devices of other manufacturers (interoperability)

#### Radio approval

The measuring device has radio approval.



# Other standards and guidelines

■ EN 60529

Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code)

■ EN 61010-1

Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - general requirements

■ IEC/EN 61326

Emission in accordance with Class A requirements. Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements).

- ANSI/ISA-61010-1 (82.02.01): 2004 Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory
- Use Part 1 General Requirements
- CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-04
   Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory
   Use Part 1 General Requirements
- NAMUR NE 21
   Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment
- NAMUR NE 32
   Data retention in the event of a power failure in field and control instruments with microprocessors
- NAMUR NE 43
   Standardization of the signal level for the breakdown information of digital transmitters with analog output signal.
- NAMUR NE 53
   Software of field devices and signal-processing devices with digital electronics
- NAMUR NE 105
   Specifications for integrating fieldbus devices in engineering tools for field devices
- NAMUR NE 107
   Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices
- NAMUR NE 131
   Requirements for field devices for standard applications

## 16.13 Application packages

Many different application packages are available to enhance the functionality of the device. Such packages might be needed to address safety aspects or specific application requirements.

The application packages can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

Cleaning	Package	Description
	Electrode cleaning circuit (ECC)	The electrode cleaning circuit (ECC) function has been developed to have a solution for applications where magnetite ( $Fe_3O_4$ ) deposits frequently occur (e.g. hot water). Since magnetite is highly conductive this build up leads to measuring errors and ultimately to the loss of signal. The application package is designed to AVOID build up of highly conductive matter and thin layers (typical of magnetite).

Diagnostics functions	Package	Description
	Extended HistoROM	Comprises extended functions concerning the event log and the activation of the measured value memory.
		Event log: Memory volume is extended from 20 message entries (standard version) to up to 100 entries.
		<ul> <li>Data logging (line recorder):</li> <li>Memory capacity for up to 1000 measured values is activated.</li> <li>250 measured values can be output via each of the 4 memory channels. The recording interval can be defined and configured by the user.</li> <li>Measured value logs can be accessed via the local display or operating tool e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare or Web server.</li> </ul>

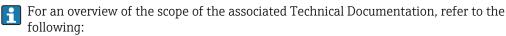
## Heartbeat Technology

Package	Description
Heartbeat Verification +Monitoring	Heartbeat Verification Meets the requirement for traceable verification to DIN ISO 9001:2008 Chapter 7.6 a) "Control of monitoring and measuring equipment".  Functional testing in the installed state without interrupting the process.  Traceable verification results on request, including a report.  Simple testing process via local operation or other operating interfaces.  Clear measuring point assessment (pass/fail) with high test coverage within the framework of manufacturer specifications.  Extension of calibration intervals according to operator's risk assessment.
	<ul> <li>Heartbeat Monitoring         Continuously supplies data, which are characteristic of the measuring principle, to an external condition monitoring system for the purpose of preventive maintenance or process analysis. These data enable the operator to:         <ul> <li>Draw conclusions - using these data and other information - about the impact process influences (such as corrosion, abrasion, buildup etc.) have on the measuring performance over time.</li> <li>Schedule servicing in time.</li> <li>Monitor the process or product quality, e.g. gas pockets.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## 16.14 Accessories



## Supplementary documentation



- The *W@M Device Viewer*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate.

#### Standard documentation

#### **Technical Information**

Measuring device	Documentation code
Promag L 400	TI01045D

## **Brief Operating Instructions**

Brief Operating Instructions for the sensor

Measuring device	Documentation code
Proline Promag L	KA01265D

Measuring device	Documentation code
Promag 400	KA?????D

#### Description of device parameters

Measuring device	Documentation code
Promag 400	GP01046D

Supplementary devicedependent documentation

## **Special Documentation**

Content	Documentation code
Web server	SD01814D
Heartbeat Technology	SD01847D
Display modules A309/A310	SD01793D

## **Installation Instructions**

Contents	Comment			
Installation instructions for spare part sets and accessories	<ul> <li>Access the overview of all the available spare part sets via W@M Device Viewer → 134</li> <li>Accessories available for order with Installation Instructions → 136</li> </ul>			

# Index

A	Device documentation
Access authorization to parameters	Supplementary documentation 8
Read access	Device locking, status
Write access	Device name
Access code	Sensor
Incorrect input	Transmitter
Adapters	Device repair
Adapting the diagnostic behavior	Device revision
Ambient temperature	Device type ID
Influence	DeviceCare
Ambient temperature range 23	Diagnostic behavior
Application	Explanation
Applicator	Symbols
Approvals	Diagnostic information
	Communication interface
C	Design, description
C-Tick symbol	DeviceCare
Cable entries	FieldCare
Technical data	Light emitting diodes
Cable entry	Onsite display
Degree of protection 49	Overview
CE mark	Remedial measures
Certificates	Web browser
Checklist	Diagnostic list
Post-connection check 50	Diagnostic message
Post-installation check	Diagnostics
Cleaning	Symbols
Exterior cleaning	DIP switch
Interior cleaning	see Write protection switch
Commissioning	Direct access 61
Advanced settings	Direct access code
Configuring the measuring device 84	Disabling write protection
Conductivity	Display
Connecting cable	see Local display
Connecting the measuring device 43	Display area
Connection	For operational display 54
see Electrical connection	In the navigation view
Connection examples, potential equalization 46	Display values
Connection preparations 41	For locking status
Connection tools	Disposal
Context menu	Document
Calling up	Function 6
Closing	Symbols used
Explanation	Document function
Current consumption	Down pipe
Cyclic data transmission	Drinking water approval
n	Е
Declaration of Conformity	
Declaration of Conformity	ECC
Define access code	Electrical connection
Degree of protection	Degree of protection
Design Magazina device	Measuring device
Measuring device	Operating tools
Designated use	Via Ethernet network
Device components	Via service interface (CDI-RJ45)
Device description files	Via WLAN interface

170

RSLogix 5000	Explanation
WLAN interface	I
Electromagnetic compatibility	I/O electronics module
Enabling write protection	Identifying the measuring device
Enabling/disabling the keypad lock 65	Immersion in water
Endress+Hauser services	Impact resistance
Maintenance	Incoming acceptance
Repair	Influence
Environment	Ambient temperature
Ambient temperature	Information on the document 6
Impact resistance	Inlet runs
Mechanical load	Input
Shock resistance	Input mask
Storage temperature	Inspection
Vibration resistance	Installation
Error messages	Received goods
see Diagnostic messages	Inspection check
EtherNet/IP	Connection
Diagnostic information	Installation
EtherNet/IP certification	Installation conditions
Event list	Adapters
Event logbook	Down pipe
Ex approval	Heavy sensors
Extended order code	Immersion in water
Sensor	Inlet and outlet runs
	Installation dimensions
Transmitter	Length of connecting cable
Exterior cleaning	Mounting location
F	Orientation
Field of application	Partially filled pipe
Residual risks	
FieldCare	System pressure
Device description file	Installation dimensions
Establishing a connection	Interior cleaning
	L
User interface	Languages, operation options
Filtering the event logbook	Length of connecting cable
Firmware	Line recorder
Release date	
Version	Local display
Firmware history	Editing view
Fitted electrodes	Navigation view
Fix assembly	see Operational display Low flow cut off
Flow direction	Low flow cut off
Flow limit	M
Function check	Main electronics module
Functions	
see Parameter	Maintenance tasks
C	Replacing seals
G	Manufacturer ID
Galvanic isolation	Manufacturing date
н	Materials
	Maximum measured error
Hardware write protection	Measured variables
Heavy sensors	Calculated
Help text	Measured
Calling up	see Process variables
Closing	Measuring and test equipment

Measuring device	Operational safety
Configuration	Order code
Conversion	Orientation (vertical, horizontal) 2
Design	Outlet runs
Disposal	Output
Integrating via communication protocol 78	Output signal
Mounting the sensor	P
Mounting the ground cable/ground disks 28	_
Mounting the seals 28	Packaging disposal
Screw tightening torques 28	Parameter
Preparing for electrical connection 41	Changing
Preparing for mounting 27	Entering a value 6
Removing	Parameter settings
Repairs	Administration (Submenu)
Switch-on	Communication (Submenu)
Measuring principle	Data logging (Submenu)
Measuring range	Device information (Submenu)
Measuring system	Diagnostics (Menu)
Measuring tube specification	Display (Submenu)
Mechanical load	Display (Wizard)
Medium temperature range	Electrode cleaning circuit (Submenu) 9
Menu	Empty pipe detection (Wizard)
Diagnostics	Low flow cut off (Wizard)
Setup	Process variables (Submenu)
Menus	Sensor adjustment (Submenu)
For measuring device configuration	Setup (Menu)
For specific settings	System units (Submenu)
Mounting dimensions	Totalizer (Submenu)
see Installation dimensions	Totalizer 1 to n (Submenu)
Mounting location	Totalizer handling (Submenu)
Mounting preparations	Web server (Submenu)
Mounting tools	Partially filled pipe
N	Performance characteristics
Nameplate	Post-connection check (checklist) 5
Sensor	Post-installation check
Transmitter	Post-installation check (checklist)
Navigation path (navigation view)	Potential equalization
Navigation view	Power consumption
In the submenu	Power supply failure
In the wizard	Pressure loss
Numeric editor	Pressure tightness
	Pressure-temperature ratings
0	Process conditions
Onsite display	Conductivity
see Diagnostic message	Flow limit
see In alarm condition	Medium temperature
Operable flow range	Pressure loss
Operating elements	Pressure tightness
Operating keys	Process connections
see Operating elements	Product safety
Operating menu	Protecting parameter settings 10
Menus, submenus	
Structure	R
Submenus and user roles 53	Radio approval
Operating philosophy	Read access
Operation	Reading measured values
Operation options	Reading out diagnostic information, EtherNet/IP 11
Operational display	Recalibration

172

Reference operating conditions	Structure
Registered trademarks	Operating menu
Remedial measures	Submenu
Calling up	Administration
Closing	Advanced setup
Remote operation	Communication
Remote version	Data logging
Connecting the signal cables 43	Device information
Repair of a device	Display
Repairs	Electrode cleaning circuit
Notes	Event list
Repeatability	Output values
Replacement	Overview
Device components	Process variables
Replacing seals	Sensor adjustment
Requirements for personnel	Simulation
Retuili	System units         85           Totalizer         105
S	Totalizer 1 to n
Safety	Totalizer handling
Screw tightening torques	Web server
Sensor	Supplementary documentation
Mounting	Supply unit
Serial number	Requirements
Setting the operating language 83	Supply voltage
Settings	Surface roughness
Adapting the measuring device to the process	Symbols
conditions	For communication
Administration	For correction
Advanced display configurations 95	For diagnostic behavior 54
Communication interface 87	For locking
Device reset	For measured variable 54
Device tag	For measurement channel number 54
Electrode cleaning circuit (ECC)	For menus
Empty pipe detection (EPD)	For parameters
Low flow cut off	For status signal
Onsite display	For submenu
Operating language	For wizard
Sensor adjustment	In the status area of the local display
Simulation	In the text and numeric editor
System units	Measuring system
Totalizer	see Measuring device design
Totalizer reset	System file
Shock resistance	Release date
Showing data logging	Source
Signal on alarm	Version
Software release	System integration
Spare part	System pressure
Spare parts	
Special connection instructions 48	T
Standards and guidelines	Technical data, overview
Status area	Temperature range
For operational display	Ambient temperature range for display 163
In the navigation view	Storage temperature
Status signals	Terminal assignment
Storage conditions	terminals
Storage temperature	Text editor
Storage temperature range	

Tool tip
see Help text
Tools
Electrical connection
For mounting
Transport
Totalizer
Configuration
Transmitter
Connecting the signal cables 45
Turning the display module
Turning the housing
Transporting the measuring device
Troubleshooting
General
Turning the display module
Turning the electronics housing
see Turning the transmitter housing
Turning the transmitter housing
U
Use of the measuring device
Borderline cases
Incorrect use
see Designated use User interface
Current diagnostic event
Previous diagnostic event
User roles
V
Version data for the device
Vibration resistance
Vibrations
7101410110
W
W@M 133, 134
W@M Device Viewer
Weight
Compact version
Sensor remote version
Transport (notes)
Wizard
Display
Empty pipe detection 91
Low flow cut off
Workplace safety
Write access
Write protection
Via access code
Via write protection switch 101
Write protection switch 101



